DOUBLE THE THREE.
There are three afternoon papers besides the Sun in Lowell. Take the combined circulation of these three papers, then double it and The Sun would still lead the lot in circulation. It is Lowell's greatest newspaper.

THE LOWELL SUN

CANNOT DO IT.
No man or newspaper can serve two masters. A paper that is controlled by stockholders, banks, syndicates or other corporate interests must stand by these interests first and the people last. The Sun being owned by one man is free to stand by the people against their enemies at all times. It is the people's paper.

22ND YEAR. LOWELL, MASS., MONDAY, AUGUST 14, 1899. 8 PAGES 1 CENT

THE ASSASSIN'S AID

Invoked by the Conspirators Against Dreyfus



MAITRE LABORI.

The Prisoner's Counsel, Maitre Labori Shot and Fatally Wounded—The Assassins Made Their Escape—Great Excitement in Today's Trial

By Associated Press to The Sun.

RENNES, Aug. 14. Two men ambushed Maitre Labori, counsel for Dreyfus, and one shot was fired, hitting Labori in the back. M. Labori fell in the roadway. He is still alive.

Maitre Labori left his house alone for the court about 6 o'clock this morning. His residence is situated in the suburb of the town about a quarter of an hour's walk from the Lycee, the route being along a solitary road beside the river Vilaine. He had reached a point half way on his journey when two men who had evidently been lying in wait for him rushed out of a narrow lane and one of them fired a single shot from a revolver.

The murderers were only a couple of yards behind their victim and the bullet struck Maitre Labori in the back. The wounded man uttered an agonized cry and fell flat on his face. The murderers immediately fled through the lane from which they emerged and both escaped. At 7.30 o'clock it was announced that the bullet had entered the stomach, that there was no outward bleeding, and that the physicians believe that M. Labori will die from the wound.

Only two or three laborers going to work saw the crime committed. The spot was well chosen, as the murderers could not be seen by Mr. Labori until they rushed out upon their victim, the entrance to the lane being hidden by bushes. Moreover, they were afforded an easy means of escape by passing back through the lane which led to the country.

One of the laborers named Patoux, who witnessed the shooting, said: "As I was passing along the road, I saw a tall man walking quickly in the direction of Rennes. He was on the tow path of the Vilaine. He was attired in a dark lounge suit and wore a bowler hat. It was M. Labori. Just as he reached the bridge crossing a stream falling into the Vilaine, two men about medium height and wearing dark suits and round, soft felt hats, emerged from a rural path entering the main road.

"One of them carried a heavy stick. They approached M. Labori from behind. Suddenly one drew a revolver and fired point blank at Labori. He was so near that it was quite impossible for him to miss. A sharp report was heard and M. Labori threw up his arms and crying 'Ho la la!' which is a common French exclamation, fell flat upon his face. I and one or two others who saw the deed ran up but the murderers had vanished down the lane. Help was immediately sent for and gendarmes quickly came and soon after Mme. Labori.

M. Labori, on falling, retained presence of mind enough to arrange his dark, morocco wallet in which he carried his papers, under his head for a pillow until his wife arrived, when he half raised himself and dropped his head in her lap.

A number of laborers who were unloading a barge of stones beside the river heard the shouts of "Murder!" "Stop him!" raised by the pursuers, and one of them placed himself in the way of the murderer, who covering him with a revolver shouted: "Let me pass. I have shot Dreyfus."

The man was so taken aback that he drew aside and allowed the assassin to proceed.

A LATER ACCOUNT.

RENNES Aug. 14.—The following bulletin has been issued:

"Maitre Labori was shot from behind the ball penetrating the posterior region of the thorax on the right side at the height of the fifth or sixth dorsal vertebrae. The heavy flow of blood prevents for the moment exploration of the depth of the wound. The undersigned doctors hope that the ball is lodged in the muscles enveloping the vertebral column. They must, however, maintain today full reserve respecting the integrity of the lung and spinal cord."

The bulletin is signed by four doctors, Renaud, Reichs, Brissaud, and Vidal, and is timed at 8.20 o'clock this morning.

Miss May Corcoran and Miss Josephine Dempsy will spend their vacation at Nantasket for two weeks.

We're Taken at Our Word So Quickly

Having educated the people by object lessons to believe our advertisements, that we don't like to advertise

A SMALL LOT.

There are so many people after the BARGAINS, that the late comers find the goods all gone, and they may think (if they don't know us) that it was a fake.

NOW WE SAY TO YOU

We have about 35 Remnants of FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, from 4 to 17 yards in a piece, which we shall sell at from one-half to two-thirds the regular price that is from 12 1-2c. TO 34c. a YARD. If you want the goods come at once to

The People's Favorite Furniture Store.

A. E. O'HEIR & CO., 14, 16 and 18 Merrimack St.

Near Electric Car Waiting Room

THE L. A. W. WON

Cyclist Challenge Shield at Montreal

ALSO THE SALTONSTALL AGGREGATE PRIZE

Watson Coleman Wins 5 Mile Handicap

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MONTREAL, Aug. 14.—"One of the most successful international meets in the history of the L. C. A." This was the remark made by Secretary Henry Sturmey of Coventry, England, as he left Queens Park after the decision of the international championships.

The delegates of the L. C. A. who were in attendance voiced this sentiment.

While England secured the amateur mile championship, America secured the professional mile championship. To the League of American Wheelmen comes the Saltonstall trophy and the Cyclist Challenge shield. This in a measure ought to compensate that body for the trouble it has had in the government and control of racing during the past season.

As to the United States riders, honors were divided about evenly between the various sections of the country. Major Taylor, by securing the mile championship, represents the ability of eastern riders; John A. Nelson, by winning the 100-kilometer championship, ably represented the west. Of amateurs from the East, Lester Wilson of Pittsburg and Moran and Ingraham from Boston demonstrated their speed and headwork in a most able manner throughout the week. The Butler boys rode in fine form and all of them maintained their reputation as fast men.

Following the winning of the amateur team trophy by the American team, consisting of Moran, Wilson, Peabody and Ingraham, came the five-mile tandem pursuit race, which was won by Hooper and Nelson in a nip-and-tuck finish.

Watson Coleman of Boston secured the five mile handicap, starting from the 225-yard mark. The 15-mile team road race was won by the Royal Canadian team, the Queen City team taking second. History repeated itself when Major Taylor refused to ride against Tom Summersgill, the amateur champion of the world. Last year George Banker of the United States refused to ride against Albert, the German, at Vienna.

Major Taylor was hard pushed in the final of the two-mile professional, but managed to snatch the prize from the teeth of Tom Butler.

Earl Peabody distinguished himself by winning the Columbus trophy. Jas. Drury and Lester Wilson taking second and third respectively. The summary:

Five mile tandem pursuit race, amateur, won by Fred Hooper, Des Moines, and John A. Nelson, Chicago; J. F. Moran and J. F. Ingraham, Chelsea, Mass., second; Ben Goodson, Sydney, B. C., Australia; and John Caldow, Glasgow, Scotland, third. Time, 10m. 14 1-5s.

Five mile handicap, professional—Final heat won by Watson Coleman, of Boston, 225 yards; T. B. McCarthy, Toronto, 350 yards, second; Alfred Boake, Toronto, 375 yards, third; R. O. Blaney Brantford, Ont., 450 yards, fourth. Time 10m 45 1-5s.

World's championship, one mile, won by Tom Summersgill, Leeds B. C., England. Time 2m 18 3-5s. Only starter.

Two-mile professional: First heat won by C. R. McCarthy, St. Louis; John T. Colgan ,Trenton, N. J., pacemaker; time, 4m 22s. Second heat won by Major Taylor, Worcester, Mass; Jerry Woodward, Detroit, pacemaker; time 4m 38 4-5s. Third heat won by Tom Butler, Cambridge, Mass.; Watson Coleman, Boston, pacemaker; time 4m 29 1-5s. Final heat won by Major Taylor, Tom Butler second, C. R. McCarthy third, Watson Coleman fourth; time 4m. 22 1-5s.

Fifteen mile road race, amateur—Won by Royal Canadian R. C., Toronto, second. Winning riders, W. Veanels, R. C. R. C., first; L. Smith, Q. C. R. C., second; J. E. Short, R. C. B. C., third; N. Sheffer, R. C. B. C., fourth.

Columbus Trophy race, amateur one mile—Won by Earl W. Peabody, Chicago; James Drury, Montreal, second; Lester Wilson, Pittsburg, third. Time 2m 28 3-5s.

Five kilometers (three miles, 185 yds.) amateur team race: Won by United States team. Lester Wilson, Press Cycler, Pittsburg; J. F. Ingraham, Chelsea C. C., Lynnfield, Mass; Earl Peabody, Woodlawn C. C., Chicago; and J. F. Moran, Chelsea C. C., Chelsea, Mass. Total points, 14. Canadian team second, Alf Sherrett, Brantford, Ont.; Jas. Drury, M. A. A., Montreal; Ralph Axton, Brantford; and C. P. Boisvert, Montreal; total points, 22. Time 10m 49 2-5s. Team scoring least points winning.

100-kilometer championship, professional—Won by Harry A. Gibson, Cincinnati; Alfred Boake, Toronto, second; A. A. McLeod, Chelsea, Mass., third. The winner led Boake by three and a third miles at the finish. Gibson's time:

5	0 09 33 2-5
10	0 19 22
15	0 29 37 3-5
20	0 40 31 3-5
25	0 50 31 2-5
30	1 01 49 3-5
35	1 13 04
40	1 23 56
45	1 35 22 1-5
50	1 46 42 3-5
55	1 58 17
60	2 10 18 2-5
100	4 15 11 2-5

One hour, 29 1-2 miles; two hours, 55 2-3 miles.

A Pleasant Tonic.

Invaluable in Diarrhoea, Dysentery and a superior, rich Cordial for Weak, Debilitated Stomachs.

Perhaps there is no pleasanter remedy on the market today, that is so effective in its medicinal qualities, than

Dows' Blackberry Wine.

It is made of the juice of high-bush blackberries. It is what is known as a mild astringent and invigorator.

Pints, 50c. Quarts, 75c.

A. W. DOWS & CO.

339 Central St.

SAN MATEO TAKEN

After a Hot Battle by Young's Brigade

Three Killed and Thirteen Including an Officer Wounded—The The Town Will be Held by Our Troops—Recruiting to be Pushed by War Department

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MANILA, Aug. 13, 8.10 p. m.—A reconnoisance yesterday by troops of General Samuel B. M. Young's brigade, with the object of discovering the whereabouts of the enemy near San Mateo, northeast of the San Juan reservoir, about ten miles from Manila, resulted in the occupation of San Mateo. The American loss was three killed and thirteen wounded, including a lieutenant of the 21st Infantry. Twenty-three of the enemy are known to have been killed.

The Americans approached San Mateo in three columns. Major Cronin with 170 men of the 33th infantry advanced from Novaliches five miles west of San Mateo. Captain Rivers with a hundred men of the Fourth cavalry and Captain Parker, formerly lieutenant colonel of the 12th New York volunteer regiment with 280 men of the 21st and 24th infatry and the Fourth cavalry, approached in two columns from the south.

Major Cronin experienced many difficulties arising from the condition of the country and failed to effect a juncture with Captain Rivers west of San Mateo.

Captain Rivers advancing took an outpost of the enemy two miles southwest of San Mateo. He then encountered strong resistance among the hills the enemy firing from excellent positions. Having failed to connect with Major Cronin and seeing that the town was already occupied by the Americans Capt. Rivers withdrew covering his withdrawal by heavy volley firing. He lost a sergeant killed.

Capt. Parker, on advancing found the enemy strongly entrenched on the far side of some rice fields, about a mile wide and covered with deep mud. Pushing forward rapidly he routed the Filipinos after forty minutes fighting and thence continued the march upon San Mateo which he entered without serious resistance about half past one in the afternoon.

Major Cronin entered the town about half past four. The Americans still occupy the place. Our men were exhausted by the heavy marching. This is the first action in which Colonel Buru's colored troops participated. They behaved well, their leaders having difficulty in holding them back. General Young accompanied Captain Parker's column and was under fire throughout the engagement. It is estimated that the enemy numbered between 300 and 400 men.

TO PUSH ENLISTMENTS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14— Secretary Root has decided to enlist at once 35,000 volunteers authorized. Of this number 17,117, including the battalion of natives in Porto Rico will be continued in the regiments now being organized leaving 17,883 who can be recruited and sent to reinforce General Otis.

THIS CREAT

Deck-Clearing August Sale

is a hummer. When we say that the average saving on all our remaining Summer Stock is at least half, we are rather underrating than exaggerating the facts. It is a big sacrifice but we do not flinch. We want the goods out of the way. Bear in mind that trash, soap-bubble stuff, we do not handle. New, fresh, up-to-date and dependable merchandise is the only kind that finds admission to our big store.

YOUTH'S SUITS, $1.97, $2.48, $4.95, $5.95, $7.87, 9.89.

Over half a hundred kinds to select from, containing from one suit up. Whether there are few or many, the price named means a cut away below possible profit paying, and in many cases below actual cost of trimmings.

MEN'S SUITS, $3.98, $4.47, $5.95, $6.95, $7.95, $8.95, $12.

Fifty per cent. under value. We want to sell these goods at once—that is why we name such prices. These figures do not represent the value of the cloth. Every suit must go within ten days. Money saved for you if you buy now.

MEN'S PANTS, 59c., 83c. $1, $1.68, $2.25, $2.98, $4.

Over 4000 to select from. Men wonder how we came to have so many. Never mind. We will soon have a good deal less at these prices. The prices represent an actual cash bonus of 75c to $3.50 per pair, which we offer you to carry them away.

Lowell One-Price Clothing Company.

72-86 MERRIMACK STREET.

LOWELL MUSICIAN

J. Henri Dufresne Died Saturday Afternoon

AT LOWELL GENERAL HOSPITAL

After Being Taken Suddenly Ill at Portland

A wide circle of friends will grieve to learn of the death of John Henry Dufresne, better known as Henry Dufresne, one of Lowell's most popular musicians which took place Saturday afternoon at the Lowell General hospital, at the age of 40 years, 5 months, and 2 days. The cause of death was cerebro-spinal meningitis.

Although the illness had been of short duration, still the end had not been unexpected to those intimately acquainted with him. He had been playing at a summer theatre near Portland, Me., up to within a week ago Friday when he was obliged to give up, and return to Lowell, where he was taken to the hospital and subsequently died.

Mr. Dufresne was the popular drummer of Boujes' band and of the American orchestra and thousands of persons have been pleased by his performance on the xylophone. The musical fraternity have not only lost an artist in his line but one of the very best and most popular members of their brotherhood.

He was a native of Canada but came to the states who but a boy. In his early years he was employed in the mills of this city and also at the J. C. Ayer company, but later gave up his position, his musical engagements making it necessary for him to do so. He was associated with the American Orchestra for over 15 years, with Boujes' band for about four years, and formerly with the old American Brass band of this city. The members of the band have decided to attend the funeral in a body in full uniform and further action is also contemplated by the band members.

SECURITY COMBINED

When You RENT A DEPOSIT BOX, $5.00 Per Annum AT THE TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK

J. F. O'DONNELL, UNDERTAKER.

GRAND FAIR 4 Days SEPT. 27-30. Agricultural Park READING and WAKEFIELD MIDDLESEX EAST AGRICULTURAL ASS'N

WE DO NOT EXPECT

a rushing business for the next month, but you can never have a better time to look over our finely selected stock of goods and we can take better care of you now than when the busy season commences. Call at 23 Palmer street.

Gorman & Sullivan, Fashionable Tailors.



The Late HENRY DUFRESNE.

SOUND SLEEP

comes from a sweet stomach, pure blood, strong nerves and hearty health. The surest way to acquire these is by an honest use of this famous medicine, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. For fifty years it has never failed to cure stomach disorders, beginning with constipation and ending with kidney or liver trouble. See that a PRIVATE REVENUE STAMP covers the neck of the bottle.

GET WHAT YOU ASK FOR. TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters

Putnam & Son

WE MADE a lucky strike in Umbrellas a short time since—found a manufacturer who had to raise money—and bought some large lots of Umbrellas at very low figures. Here are our prices—are they cheap enough to interest you?

Serge Umbrellas, fast color, natural wood handles, steel rod and frame. Regular price 50c,

Our Price 39 cents.

Serge Umbrellas, fast color, very stylish, natural wood handles, sterling silver trimmed, silk cases and tassels. Regular price $1.50,

Our Price 98 cents.

Twilled Gloria Umbrellas, natural wood handles, paragon frame, steel rod. Regular price $1.00,

Our Price 69 cents.

Taffeta Silk Umbrellas, handsome natural wood handles, silk case and tassels, elegant Umbrellas. Regular price $2.00,

Our Price $1.12½.

Women's Taffeta Silk Umbrellas, very stylish handles, paragon frame. Regular price $1.50,

Our Price 98 cents.

Women's Taffeta Silk Umbrellas, elegant princess handless of natural wood and gun metal, paragon frame, silk case, silk ribbon and tassels, very swell Umbrellas. Regular price $2.50,

Our Price $1.47.

PUTNAM & SON,

166 Central Street.

A STORMY SCENE

Breaks up the Dreyfus Trial Today

General Mercier After a Bitter Denunciation of Dreyfus is Confronted by Casimir-Perier and Was Followed Out by a Cursing and Jeering Crowd

By Associated Press to The Sun.

RENNES, Aug. 12.—The second public session of the second court martial of Capt. Alfred Dreyfus, of the Fourteenth Artillery, which began in the Lycee here, Monday, opened at 6.30 this morning.

The sessions of the court Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday were behind closed doors, in order that the batch of secret documents connected with the case could be examined without publicity being given to matters connected with the defense of France and also so as to avoid the publication of matters touching upon the relations of France with foreign powers.

The red and white facade of the Lycee was bathed in sunshine at 7.10 a. m., when Dreyfus crossed the Avenue de La Gare from his prison and entered the Lycee. The stringent police precautions observed during the week were again taken, but barely twenty persons gathered to witness the prisoner's appearance.

Col. Jouaust, president of the court martial, and the other members of the court, began arriving shortly after 6 o'clock. They were followed by Generals Billot and Mercier, former ministers of war, in uniform. The latter drove down up in an open carriage, and the small crowd which had gathered by this time, greeted him with: "Vive l'armee!" and "Vive Mercier!" On alighting at the entrance of the Lycee, General Mercier looked very anxious, but immediately afterwards assumed a smiling demeanor. He spoke a few works to the officers at the gate and laughed, but his laugh sounded false and his face as he ascended the half dozen steps and disappeared within the Lycee, again took on an expression of anxiety.

M. Casimir-Perier, former president of France, arrived on foot shortly afterward and was saluted by the crowd in waiting.

Then came Col. Picquart, of the Secret Intelligence Bureau of the general staff, who has done so much to bring about a revision of the Dreyfus case. He was greeted with shouts of "Vive Picquart!" which he smilingly acknowledged.

The session of the court opened today at 6.30 with the same formalities as on Monday.

The curtain arose today on the same theatre-like scene as on Monday. Every inch of the court was occupied in expectation of a sensational scene. The personage known as La Dame Blanche (the wite lady) who has attended every move in the Dreyfus affair, was again present today.

There was a large sprinkling of uniforms among the audience and a row of soldiers with fixed bayonets was again arranged at the lower end of the hall.

The proceedings opened tamely and the hopes of a sensational sitting began to flag as the morning wore on and matters began to get tedious as M. Casmier-Perier and General Mercier reiterated what is already known. But this was only the calm before the storm broke it carried everyone in court with it into a whirlpool of the wildest excitement.

Dreyfus, on entered the court today, saluted the president with the same soldierly mien as last Monday and the president, Colonel Jouaust returned the salute and said:

"Sit down, Dreyfus."

The chair of the prisoners was placed further to the right of the platform today. Instead of facing the judges, Dreyfus sat with his back to the table of his counsel, thus looking across the platform straight at the rail at which the witnesses stood.

M. de la Roche-Vernet, one of the secretaries of the French embassy at Berlin, was then called. He is a man about 35 years of age, with a heavy brown moustache and was smartly dressed. He testified regarding the translation of the Panizzardi dispatch.

M. Labori, on eliciting the foregoing showed evident satisfaction. The witnesses' rail was empty for a few minutes and then Col. Jouaust said solemnly: "Bring in the next witness."

An infantry sergeant seated [illegible] Major Carrere's desk then walked to the middle of the court where, in a crimson armchair, placed there for distinguished witnesses, sat M. Casimir-Perier, formerly president of France. The latter rose, conducted by the soldier and ascended the platform.

Col. Jouaust asked: "Did you know the accused, prior to the acts of which he is charged?"

M. Casimir-Perier: "No, monsieur, le president."

Jouaust: "You were president of the republic at the time of the arrest of Captain Dreyfus. In this position you were able to have many particulars upon the circumstances and causes of his arrest. I beg you to kindly communicate them to the court."

A long pause ensued, and one could have heard the drop of a pin. Then M. Casimir-Perier in a loud voice said:

"Monsieur le president, you ask me to speak the truth and all the truth. I have sworn to do it. I will speak it, without reticence, without reserve, in its entirety. Whatever I may have said in the past, whatever people may say and believe, which unfortunately is not always the same thing, that I alone am aware of incidents and facts which may throw light and that I have not hitherto said all, justice ought to know that it is false. I will not leave this place without saying all."

A STIRRING SCENE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

RENNES, Aug. 12.—A stirring scene closed today's session. General Mercier had spoke nearly four hours in ruthless denunciation of Dreyfus who had listened unmoved until General Mercier concluded by saying that "he had not been convinced of the guilt of Dreyfus and if the latter's conviction had not been fortified since 1894 he would admit he had been mistaken. Dreyfus jumped to his feet as though he had been galvanized into life by the words and shouted in a voice which resounded through the hall like a trumpet note:

"You have lied; scoundrel!"

The audience burst into a wild cheer whereupon the ushers called for silence. But when Mercier replied that he would admit Dreyfus was innocent if there were any doubt, the prisoner shouted again:

"Why don't you then?"

At this there was another outburst of applause.

M. Casimir-Perier then arose and dramatically demanded to be confronted with General Mercier in order to deny some of his statements.

Colonel Jouast ordered the court to be adjourned until Monday at 6.30 a. m. for the confrontation and as Mercier turned to leave the court the audience rose en masse and hissed and cursed him. Those at the back of the court standing on chairs and benches in order to better hound him down.

The gendarmes placed themselves between the general and the audience, who showed a strong disposition to maltreat the former minister of war.

General Mercier hurried out of the court room through a side door with his ears tingling with the fierce denunciations of the audience. On emerging into the street, the crowd outside cheered him and cried "Vive l'armee."

"Ah!" cried a spectator of the scene in court, "if they had heard the inhuman monster speak, they would not cheer him now."

PERSONAL.

Miss Libbie Shatter of Burnside street has returned, after spending four weeks in the Adirondacks, N. Y.

Mrs. Frank Johnson and daughter, Ethel, of 29 Salem street, are spending their vacation at Revere beach and Salem Willows.

Miss Bessie Young of 24 Cross street, starts tomorrow night on a two weeks' vacation to Montreal and Stanstead, P. Q.

Mr. Pascal Harnois, the well known carpenter of 172 Moody street, and family are enjoying a ten days vacation at Salisbury beach.

Miss Mary C. Brennan of the state [illegible] department and Miss Frances A. Andrew of the city solicitor's office are together enjoying their vacations.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Frost, Miss Jessie L. Frost and Miss Leola E. Chase will start today for York beach.

Miss Sarah Lawrence of [illegible] is stopping with Mrs. Sarah [illegible] of [illegible] Village during the absence of her [illegible]

Albert E. O'Hele, the well known and popular Merrimack square furniture dealer, starts Monday morning with his brother Octave, [illegible] Lake, N. H., where for the next fortnight they will spend their time fishing and hunting. If Albert is as skilful [illegible] his look for the many [illegible] as he has been in writing his ads, [illegible] for bargain hunters, and landing as many fish as he has customers, [illegible] Lake will be pretty nearly [illegible] of fish if he stays there a great while. We expect from time to time to [illegible] some very fine samples of his skill as a fisherman. Albert knows [illegible]

Miss Mary Slavin of 239 South street [illegible] on her vacation next week to New York and Newark, N. J.

Miss May E. A[illegible] and Miss Carrie B. Cheney started Thursday for Branford, N. H., and Claremont and Ascutneyville, Vt.

There is a letter in The Sun office for Martin Flaherty.

Miss Maggie Donoghue of 437 Central street started today for Salem Willows and Boston and on Monday will go to Providence, R. I., to visit her cousin. Miss Etta M. [illegible] of Gorham street will accompany her.

Burton Mills and C[illegible] are among the visitors at M[illegible], N. H.

Mrs. M. Giblin of [illegible] street is spending her vacation with her daughter at Hinsdale, N. H.

Joseph Shaunessy of Weymouth, and George Shaunessy of Lowell, are visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Shaunssy at Milford, N. H.

"Do Not Grasp at the Shadow and Lose the Substance."

Many people are but shadows of their former selves, due to neglect of health. Look out for the blood, the fountain of life, the actual substance; keep that pure by regular use of Hood's Sarsaparilla and robust health will be the result. Be sure to get only Hood's, because

Hood's Sarsaparilla Never Disappoints

STORM STRIKES

Hurricane Reaches Southern Coast of Florida

ALL SOUTHERN SHIPPING HELD UP

Weather Bureau Flies Hurricane Signal

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—The weather bureau has received the following:

Jupiter, Fla., 8.20 a. m.—Storm velocity began with hour. Puffy and squally. Moderately heavy sea now prevailing. Tide remains normal.

SHIPPING TIED UP.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 12.—The following was received by the Associated Press from Savannah, Ga., at 10.10 o'clock this morning:

"Hurricane reported on the south coast of Florida. All shipping is tied up in this port. Vessels from the north Atlantic ports arrived report good weather at sea."

CONDITION NOT IMPROVED.

The condition of Miss P. Brennan is reported as not encouraging.

BIG POLICE HAUL

Four Notorious Crooks Captured in Bridgeport

WANTED FOR SEVERAL HOLD-UPS

One is Wanted on Charge of Murder

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Aug. 12—The fourth of a party of four notorious crooks, three of whom were arrested here last night, was captured at Fairfield this morning and proved to be none other than Joseph Curran, known everywhere in police circles as "Troy Joe" one of the most active cracksmen in the country. His capture revealed the fact that his companions, the three men arrested last night are also much wanted operators, and the quartette constitute the leaders of the gang which on the night of July 30 held up the employes of Massachusetts Electric company at Portsmouth, R. I., near Newport, and got away with their plunder.

One of the men, Arthur C. Webster, better known as "St. Paul Tip," is wanted in St. Louis for the murder of Nicholas Hunt, a policeman, December 4, 1897 the others are wanted by the police of many cities and towns in various sections of the country.

Joseph Curran, alias "Troy Joe" is a skilled operator with nitro-glycerine on safes and also is expert at cracking safes with electricity.

John Smith, alias "Sleepy John," is a notorious pickpocket and burglar.

"Nick" Steamer known as "Milwaukee Red," the fourth prisoner, is a cracksman, safe robber and all round burglar.

LADIES Who Have Used Them Recommend as the BEST DR. KING'S Star Crown Brand PENNYROYAL PILLS.

Immediate relief, no danger, no pain. Used for years by leading specialists. Hundreds of testimonials. A trial will convince you of their intrinsic value in cases of suppression. Send 10 cents for sample and book. All Druggists or by mail $1.00 a box.

KING MEDICINE CO., Box 1930, BOSTON, MASS.

COTTOLENE

is a combination of two pure natural products—choice beef suet and refined cotton-seed oil, as pure and golden as the southern sunshine which produces it—making a shortening and frying fat unequaled in healthfulness, cleanliness, flavor and digestible qualities. Endorsed by eminent physicians, recommended by cooking experts, used by thousands of discriminating housewives in preference to lard and other cooking fats. Once tried, always used.



The genuine is sold everywhere in one to ten pound yellow tins, with our trade-marks, "Cottolene" and steer's head in cotton-plant wreath—on every tin. Not guaranteed if sold in any other way. Made only by

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,

Chicago. St. Louis. New York. Montreal.

PAIR OF SUICIDES

Boston Man Shot Himself Through Ear

MANCHESTER WEAVER FOUND HANGING

Body Discovered in the Woods

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Aug. 12.—George Collard, a carpenter of this city, committed suicide today by shooting with a revolver. The ball entered the left eye, killing him instantly. Mr. Collard was 65 years of age. The only cause assigned is despondency because of old age and ill health.

WAS FOUND HANGING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MANCHESTER, N. H., Aug. 12.—Reme Dubuhme, twice a widower, aged 45, a weaver in Amoskeag mill No. 9, hanged himself this morning in the woods near the Amoskeag eddy. No cause is given. He leaves a sister in Manchester and two brothers in Massachusetts and a son nine years old.

From Saturday's Late Editions

FUNERALS.

PICANSO—The funeral of Anna, daughter of Antonio and Marie Picanso took place yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock from the home of its parents, in Chapel street. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery in charge of James McDermott.

MITCHELL—The funeral of Esther daughter of Patrick and Margaret Mitchell took place yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock from the home of her parents 3 rear of 70 Dummer street. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery, in charge of J. F. O'Donnell.

RILEY—The funeral of the late Susan Riley took place this morning from the Sacred Heart church. Rev. John B. Reynolds, O.M.I., pastor, celebrated mass and Mrs. Josephine McKennedy presided at the organ. Solos were rendered by Miss Addie Sullivan and Mr. Thomas Boulger. There was a large circle of friends and relatives who attended the funeral, many being from out of town. There were many beautiful floral offerings, among which were broken wreath on base from P. J. Riley; spray of asters from Miss McCabe, spray of pinks from Aunt Mary; crescent and star on base, inscribed "Susan," from Miles Ralls; spray of asters from Annie Meehan; wreath and sickle on base, inscribed, "Rest," from Annie Kearns; large pillow inscribed "Wife" from husband, large standing cross on base, inscribed "Cousin" from Peter Ralls; spray of asters from Miss Josephine Meehan; spray of 26 roses from Aunt Susan; large standing cross on base, inscribed "Sister" from James and Andrew Ralls; spray of asters from Mrs. Lang and family; large anchor from Lizzie Brady of Lawrence; large standing cross from the Riley family; and spray of asters from Mrs. H. E. Savage. The bearers were Messrs. Owen Alwell, Bernard Kearns, Patrick Riley, John Graves, Austin Ralls and P. J. Riley. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery in charge of J. F. O'Donnell.

The ushers were Messrs. Peter, John, and Frank Ralls. Among the out of town people present were Mrs. Mary Kearns of Salem, J. D. Murphy and family of Lawrence, Lizzie Brady of Lawrence and Peter Riley of Manchester.

LAHIFF—The funeral of Annie Lahiff took place this afternoon at 2 o'clock from the home of her parents, 4 Varley avenue. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery in charge of J. F. O'Donnell.

JOHNSON—The funeral of John A. Johnson took place yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock from the home of his parents, 1 Willie street. Interment was in Catholic cemetery in charge of J. F. O'Donnell.

GOOKEY—The funeral of Joseph Gookey took place this morning at 7 o'clock from St. Joseph's church. Interment was in St. Joseph's cemetery in charge of Undertaker Rogers.

DOBBINS—The funeral of the late Sarah Ann Dobbins will take place Monday morning at 9 o'clock from St. Peter's church.

LOWELL GRIST IN LAWRENCE.

The Lawrence News of yesterday says:

"John A. Cronin, Lowell, William Buckley, North Chelmsford, John Burke, Lowell, and Daniel Shea of this city, were fined $1 each for simple drunk by Judge Stone. Patrick Fallon, Lowell, was sentenced to 3 months in the Middlesex county jail for being drunk. Third offence.

James Sullivan's portly figure is well known in Lowell police circles. To the Lowell judge's roll he answered present in November and April, but this morning he couldn't recollect the fact until prompted by the court. James said he forgot such trivial matters and the court gave him three months to refresh his memory. He will go to Middlesex county jail, as the court objects to this county supporting Lowell drunks."

DOING THE "OULD DART."

A letter from ex-Councilman Nolan and Mrs. Nolan, dated Tralee, says that John W. McEvoy, Esq., and Mrs. McEvoy are with them and the party are enjoying themselves. On July 31, the party went to the fair at Castle Island. They are going to the Lakes of Killarney and many other places in the south of Ireland and will return on the Canada which leaves Queenstown Aug. 25th.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP

Has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Omega Oil



GOING AWAY?

Hope you'll have a good time and we know you will, if you . . . . .

Take One of Our

CAMERAS!

We carry a full line of

Eastman's Kodaks,

and all kinds of supplies. Also all the leading makes of Cameras.

ONE OF OUR

Hammocks

will make things easy for you. Prices from

75c to $6.00.

The Thompson Hardware Co.

SOLE AGENTS.

LADIES' OXFORDS.

In russet and black kids, they are the regular $1.25 line of goods. They have narrow toes and the russet color is a trifle faded. For this reason we offer them at

75 Cents a Pair.

J. J. LONERGAN,

215 DUTTON ST.

DAILY BARGAINS.

$100

UPRIGHT PIANO.

Seven and one-third octaves. Used but little. Condition fine.

GEORGE A. GARDNER

10 PRESCOTT STREET.

"GLORIA"

IS NOT A MEDICINE

Drink GLORIA and cultivate good sense.
When appears a big scheme get behind the fence
And hear the good man shout and holler.
Put a copper in this hole and then take out a dollar.
Drink more GLORIA and think about
The little echo to the shout.
Put in a dollar, and in the end
The cent will come in dividend.
Drink GLORIA then and wiser grow
The pool from good for nothing know.
The moral. If GLORIA gives good health
It helps along towards fame and wealth.

5 Cents a Glass.

S. Bartlett, Agt., 160 Middlesex St.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Sold by all Local Druggists. PHILADA., PA.
Sold by Geo. C. Goodwin & Co.
General Agents. Boston, Mass.

JOHN W. McEVOY, 127 Central St.
Opposite American House,
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM, 182 Merrimack Street.
PHOTOGRAPHERS

W. A. LEW, 49 John Street.
CLOTHING CLEANSED, DYED AND PRESSED.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 373 Bridge St.
MEATS AND PROVISIONS

Marked Down to the Bottom

WHEELS

A good stock now to select from. Don't wait for your neighbor to get the pick, for they are going quick.

4 MONTHS GOOD RIDING YET

And styles will not change in 1900. Now is your opportunity.

BATCHELDER'S,

18 Central St.

Telephone

"Good Wheels and Fair Treatment."

LAKEVIEW PARK

FAMILY DAY RESORT

Bowling, Dancing, Boating, Fishing, Carousel, Swings.

A Rare Collection of Birds, Beasts and Reptiles at the

MOUNTAIN ROCK ZOO

Unsurpassed Accommodations for Private Dinners in the Pavilion, conducted by the [illegible] Page Co.

THE LAKEVIEW THEATRE

JAMES GILBERT, Manager for Grant & Flynn

WEEK OF AUG. 14.

GRAND PRODUCTION OF [illegible]

GILBERT AND SULLIVAN'S

Nautical Opera,

H. M. S. PINAFORE,

And the Wonderful

BIOGRAPH,

Reproducing persons, places and incidents from life.

Orchestra (Reserved)..........20 cents
Parquet..........[illegible]
Balcony..........5 cents

FARE 5 CENTS.

Star Theatre, 52-54 Middlesex Street. FRANK KNIGHT, Proprietor.—This Week:

MISS MARY MELVILLE, Contralto.
LAVARNIE & LASEUR, Novelty (Frank) (Jessie) Sketch Artists.
JOHN NOON, Coon Specialist.
JOHN CANNON, The Happy Tramp.
Concluding with a funny afterpiece.
Admission 5c. Reserved Seats 5c. extra.

Our Special, Easy Payment

Scholarships, Limited to 40.

Guarantee the best Business and Shorthand instruction that money can buy.
Call on or write to C. E. Williams, Mgr.

N. E. BUSINESS UNIVERSITY,

Runels Building, Merrimack Sq., Lowell, Mass.

Great No Cash Down Sale

—OF—

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Clothing

LOWELL CO-OPP. SUPPLY CO.

26 Central Street,

Up One Flight. Open Evenings.

DR. DONEHUE DENTIST

When We Strike

We Cut Prices Deep

The public knows very well our Shoes have been leaders. Our styles have been the latest; our prices the lowest. Our stock has been the newest in town. When we say Cut Prices we do cut them. You get manufacturers shoes at our store and you save the middle man's profit.

See our windows.
See our windows.
See our windows.

SUNLIGHT

Shoe Store

100 CENTRAL ST.

High Grade Repairing.

W. S. CRADY.

CLOSING OUT SALE

OF

BUILDING LOTS,

AT

HALF PRICE,

Over New Moody Street Bridge

On the

EMERY LAND

Several new modern houses to be sold at a sacrifice. EASY TERMS.

A. J. RYAN, Agent.

3 HILDRETH BUILDING.

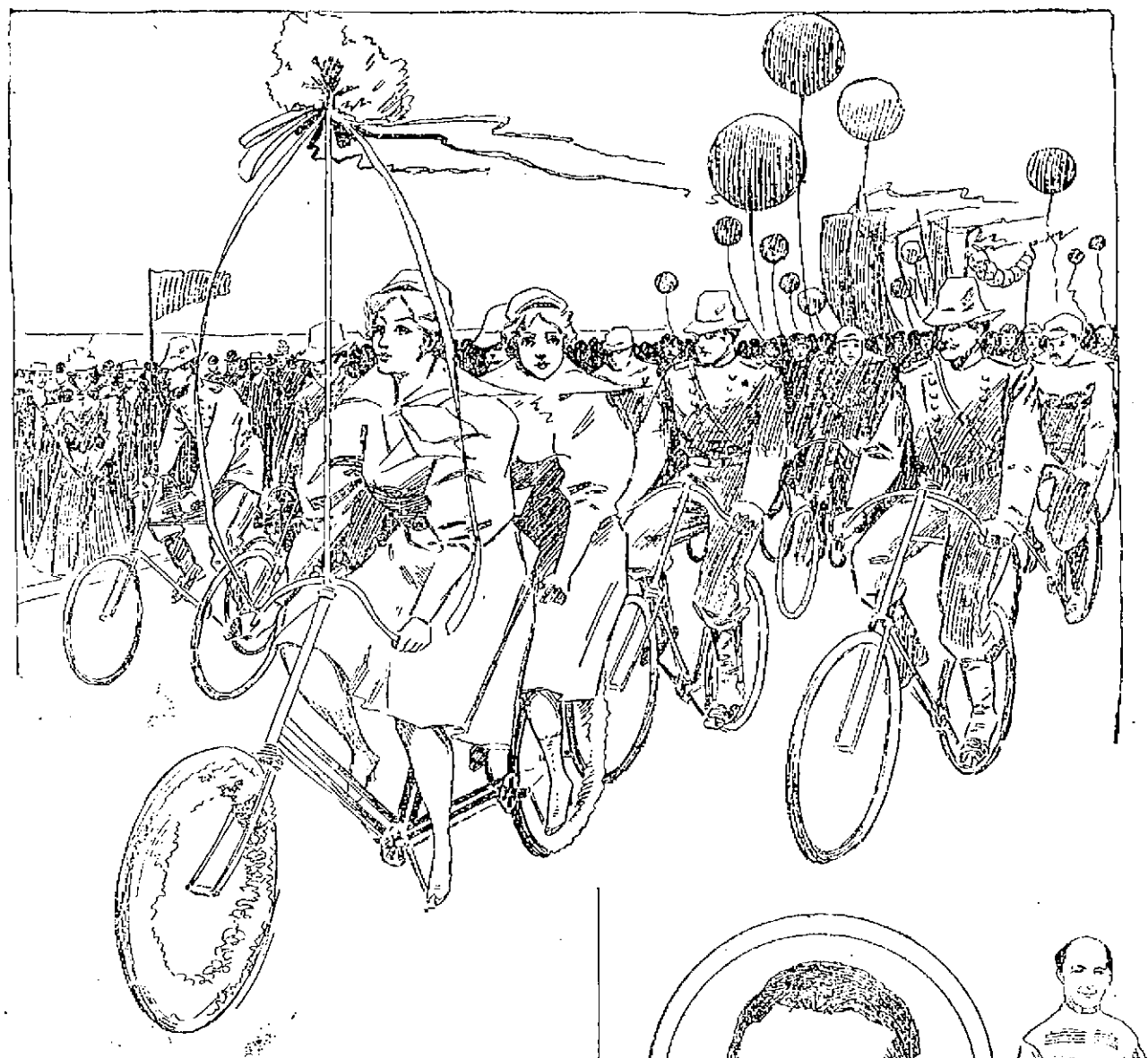
Grand Closing Out Sale

Of Summer Millinery.

Everything must go this month for just what it brings.
We want the money and room, you want the goods.
Come and get them.

HEAD & SHAW, "THE MILLINERS," 169 MERRIMACK ST.

THE SCENE IN THE PROCESSION TO THE L. A. W. HEADQUARTERS IN BOSTON



THE NATIONAL MEET

Of the L. A. W. Brings Thousands to Boston

Professionals and Amateurs From All Points—The Day's Program Opens at 4 p. m.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Aug. 14.—Today the city is filled with bicyclists who came from all directions to attend the world's meet which opens at 4 p. m. today. All the professionals came from Montreal by rail, arriving yesterday and early this morning and taking up quarters. The throng of cyclists makes Boston a dangerous place for pedestrians and wheelmen unless great care is taken to avoid collisions. Today's program is as follows:

4 p. m.—Opening of official headquarters of meet committees, national and division officers at Hotel Brunswick, Boylston and Clarendon streets.

7.15 p. m.—Moonlight run through Boston park system, including Back Bay fens, Riverway, Jamaicaway, Arnold arboretum, Forest Hills to Franklin park; distance, 12 miles.

7.30 p. m.—Boston municipal band concert at Highland street, West Roxbury. Also moonlight run through Longwood and Brookline to Chestnut Hill reservoir and pumping station around the reservoir, through Brookline woodlands to Jamaica Plain, and return via Park system; 14 miles.

8 p. m.—Lawn party given by the Tiger Roadsters at their club house, Dorchester. Also entertainment at rooms of the Realindale C. C.

8.30 p. m.—Press banquet at Revere House.

THE CINCINNATIS

Won a Double Header From Boston

NEW YORKS DEFEATED CLEVELAND TWICE!

Brooklyns and Louisville Broke Even

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Aug. 14.—Boston dropped both games with Cincinnati Saturday afternoon and curiously enough by the same score in each game, 7 to 2. This was a remarkable proceeding, after winning six of seven games in Cincinnati.

Inability to bat the Cincinnati pitchers was the primary cause for the defeats. With Willis pitted against Taylor, the first game looked easy in every respect for Boston, but things do not always go as they are looked in baseball and so it was in that game. Taylor was very lucky in keeping the hits scattered. He has excellent command far excelling Willis in this regard, giving but one base on balls and hitting one man. In the first five innings but two gifts were given by him and these were not costly but in the last four innings he gave three gifts that resulted in runs.

In the second game the young left hander, Bailey, was pitted against Phillips of the Cincis. The latter has been remarkably successful of late, and yesterday was the fifth victory in succession that he has won. He is a tall blond young man with good curves and excellent command. Last season he was with the Indianapolis club and was the mainstay of the club in the box. Bailey's name was not down on the score card to pitch but Nichols had a lame elbow and Lewis a bad finger so that there was no alternative but to put Bailey in.

Bailey had his periods of weakness and these were enough to lose him the game. These occurred in the third, fourth and seventh innings when the Cincinnatis did all of their run getting. With the bases filled and two runs in in the seventh Nichols was called upon to stem the tide and did so for but one more run was made. Boston failed to make a batting rally however and Cincinnati succeeded in making a new record for the season, securing its 14th consecutive victory.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	S	
Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	1	2—7
Boston	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0—2

Earned runs—Cincinnati 2, Boston 2. Two-base hits—Corcoran, Smith. Sacrifice hits—Beckly, Peitz 2, Taylor Stahl. Stolen bases—Long, Stahl. First base on balls—McBride, Smith, Steinfeldt. First base on errors—Cincinnati 2. Left on bases—Cincinnati 5, Boston 9. Struck out—Corcoran, Beckley Tenney Bergen 2. Double plays—Long and Tenney; Corcoran McPhee and Beckley. Hit by pitched ball—McPhee 2, Long. Time—1h. 50m. Umpires—Messrs. Lynch and Connolly.

SECOND GAME.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	S	9	
Cincinnati	0	3	1	0	0	0	3	0	0	—7
Boston	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	2	

Earned runs—Cincinnati 6, Boston 1. Two-base hits—Peitz, Long. Three base hit—Beckley. Home run—Selbach. Sacrifice hit—McPhee. Stolen base—Stahl. First base on balls—By Bailey, Peitz, Selbach, Beckley; by Phillips, Stahl, Bailey. First base on errors—Cincinnati 2, Boston 1. Left on bases—Cincinnati 7, Boston 6. Struck out—By Phillips—Clarke, Duffy; by Bailey, Beckley, McPhee. Double play—Lowe, Long and Tenney. Time 1h. 59m. Umpires—Messrs. Lynch and Connolly. Attendance 10,000.

The other league games resulted as follows:

New York 13, Cleveland 1. First game.
New York 6, Cleveland 2. Second game.
Louisville 7, Brooklyn 6. First game.
Brooklyn 6, Louisville 2. Second game.
St. Louis 9, Washington 3.
Philadelphia 5, Chicago 0.
Baltimore 16, Pittsburg 2.

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won	Lost	Pc. won
Brooklyn	63	33	.619
Boston	60	36	.625
Philadelphia	60	39	.606
Baltimor	57	39	.594
Cincinnati	54	41	.568
Chicago	52	43	.552
St. Louis	54	45	.541
Pittsburg	49	50	.495
Louisville	42	54	.436
New York	38	54	.413
Washington	35	64	.350
Cleveland	17	84	.168

NEW ENGLAND LEAGUE.

Manchester 14, Portland 11. First game.
Manchester 6, Portland 2. Second game.
Taunton 9, Newport 6.

NEW ENGLAND LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won.	Lost.	Pc. Won
Portland	59	23	.673
Manchste	41	32	.579
Newport	38	36	.513
Taunton	29	50	.367

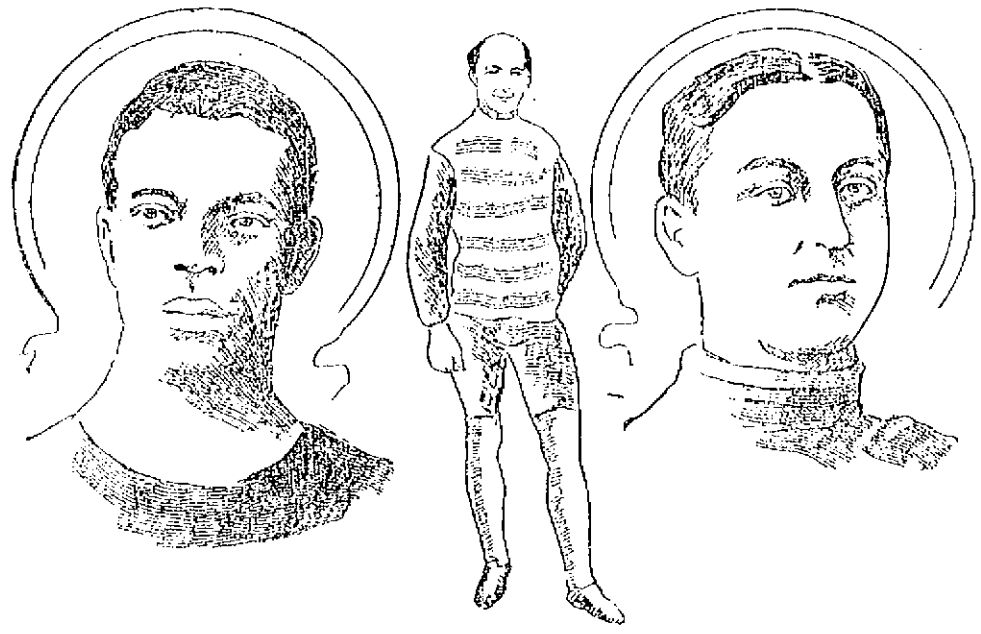
DR. MARTEL'S BOOK,

Relief for Women

Sent free, in plain, sealed envelope. Write today for this book containing Parisian Jars and Testimonials of DR. MARTEL'S

French Female Pills.

Praised by thousands of satisfied ladies as safe, always reliable and without an equal. Sold by all druggists in metal box, French Leg on top in Blue, White and Red. Take no other. French Drug Co., 381 & 383 Pearl St., New York City.



MAJOR TAYLOR. NAT BUTLER. WATSON COLEMAN.

FALL RENOVATING

Time is coming you may need a piece of matting or carpet.

When you do, you'll find our goods and prices satisfactory to you. Should you want an oil cloth for the kitchen or dining room. A very small amount of money will furnish it.

THE GRAND PRIZE RANGE.

Remember has now more practical improvements than any other range in Lowell. Don't miss seeing it.

Refrigerators, Baby Carriages and Go Carts down to hard pan prices.

GAYNOR & CO.

25 Prescott Street.

Telephone, 659-5.

By J. E. Conant & Co., - - - - Auctioneers

Office, Lowell, Mass.

TOMORROW AFTERNOON.

Peremptory sale of an extensive and valuable lot of renting property, numbered 283-285, 289-291 Lakeview avenue; cottage house, No. 20 Fulton street; cottage house, No. 5 Devlin's avenue; and the lot of land at the corner of Fifth avenue and Mt. Hope street; also the lot adjoining on Fifth avenue.

On the premises, rain or shine, without limit or reserve of any kind or nature, Tuesday, the 15th day of August, 1899. It is my firm determination and mind to sell at absolute auction to whomsoever will bid the most for it, all the real estate I stand possessed of in the city of Lowell. I have lost my health; I am utterly unable to care for or look after my property; as a matter of fact I am actually compelled from necessity to dispose of some of the best paying tenement really in Centralville.

PROMPTLY AT 4 O'CLOCK P. M.

The three story 14 tenement block with store, 283-285 Lakeview avenue. The tenements have either four or five rooms each, with the store are two back rooms; each tenement has a water closet, sewerage, city water and cellar; part of the tenements are supplied with gas. The lot has an area of 6050 square feet, extends through from Lakeview avenue to Devlin's Court; has frontage of 50 feet on both streets; the block is well rented, and always rents; the income today is $26 a week or at the rate of $1352 a year.

PROMPTLY AT 4.15 O'CLOCK P. M.

The two-story 7 tenement block, 289-291 Lakeview avenue; and the three story three-tenement block with store, 293-295 Lakeview avenue. In one lot. Each tenement has water closet, sewerage, city water and cellar. With the two blocks are 5502 square feet of land reaching from Lakeview avenue to Devlin's avenue and it is fifty feet wide from one end to the other. This estate brings a rental of $15 a week or $770 a year.

PROMPTLY AT 4.30 O'CLOCK P. M.

The cottage house and lot, No. 20 Fulton street at the corner of Devlin's avenue. The cottage has six rooms, water closet, sewerage, city water and cellar. The lot has 1700 square feet of land, 50 feet on Fulton street and 34 feet on Devlin's avenue. It is a snug little property abundantly supplied with fruit and well rented.

PROMPTLY AT 4.45 O'CLOCK P. M.

The cottage house and 1705 square feet of land, No. 5 Devlin's avenue, and adjoining the lot just described above. There are six rooms in the cottage; the lot has a frontage of 47 feet the premises have both water closet, city water, sewerage, etc. It is a very comfortable and a rather attractive cheap home.

PROMPTLY AT 5.30 O'CLOCK P. M.

The corner lot at the corner of Fifth avenue and Mt. Hope street, Pawtucketville. The area is 7700 square feet; the frontage on Fifth avenue, 50 feet; the frontage on Mt. Hope street, 150 feet; the two opposite corners are improved; the lot is high and it appears to be the choicest corner in the neighborhood.

PROMPTLY AT 5.40 O'CLOCK P. M.

7500 square feet of land adjoining the last described lot; frontage 50 feet; it is on a par with any lot in the vicinity with the exception of the corner lot, the sale of which just precedes it.

The purchaser of the first property sold must deposit with or secure to the auctioneers $100 as soon as the property is struck off, the purchaser of the second property sold must do the same with $500; the purchasers of the two cottage houses must each do the same with $150, and the purchasers of the two vacant lots much each do the same with $100.

You are to make all inquiries at the office of the auctioneers.

THOMAS D. LYONS.

QUESTION OF ROOM, NOT OF PROFIT.

The limit of low prices is reached. Such splendid values for the money heretofore unheard of. Our Fall stock will soon begin to arrive and we simply have to make room for it—even if we have to sell some of the broken lots at a loss.

$2.95 worth $5. For men's neat Scotch mixed wool Cheviot Suits, all sizes.

$3.95 worth $8. For handsome brown check, strictly all wool Cheviot men's Suits, sizes 35 to 44, a rare bargain.

$3.75. For men's all wool bluish gray Tweed Suits, clay weave, sizes 34 to 44.

$4.95 worth $8. For men's fancy Worsted Suits in natty designs, all sizes.

$4.95 worth $8. For men's very fine all wool blue Serge Suits, all sizes, excellently made and trimmed.

$5.95, worth $10. For men's dark brown and green plaid fine Cassimere Suits, all sizes.

$7.95 worth $13. For men's fancy check and plaids, all wool worsted Suits in several designs.

$8.75 worth $14 and $15. These men's Suits are the biggest values offered. We have them made in stouts and regular. The cloth is warranted all worsted and of the latest design. We have them in light and dark shades.

See Our Window Display And Match Us if you Can.

J. L. CHALIFOUX.

Central and Middle Sts.

O'Donnell & Gilbride Co.

Headquarters for Bargains.

Bargains! Bargains!

LOOK AT THE BIG

INDUCEMENTS

OFFERED FOR THIS WEEK.

BARGAINS IN COTTON UNDERWEAR.

Ladies' Night Robes, hamburg trimmed and tucks, regular price 75c, now 50c.

Another lot of Night Robes, regular price, $1, now 75c.

One special bargain in Ladies' Drawers, to close at 12c.

BARGAINS IN CHILDREN'S DEPT.

Children's Mull Bonnets that have retailed all season at $1.75 and $1.98, we have placed in one lot to close at $1.25.

Children's White Dresses in a splendid assortment of styles now on sale at 50c, 75c, 98c, $1.23 and $1.49.

Children's Woolen Reefers at 98c, $1.19, $1.98, $2.49 and $2.98.

Boys' Fauntleroy Waists at 49c, 98c, $1.39 and $2.98.

3—SPECIALS—3.

Special No. 1. Ladies' Dressing Sacques 98c, regular price $1.25.
Special No. 2. Ladies' Dressing Sacques, $1.23, regular price $1.50.
Special No. 3. Ladies' Dressing Sacques, $1.49, regular price $1.75.

BARGAINS IN CORSET DEPT.

1 lot Summer Corsets, regular price, 50c, to close 39c.
1 lot Summer Corsets, regular price 75c, to close 69c.
1 lot Summer Corsets, regular price $1, to close 89c.
1 odd lot of Corsets in white and drabs, sold at $1.75, to close $1.25.

BARGAINS IN PETTICOATS.

Ladies' Black Mercerized Skirts, regular price $2, to close $1.50.
Ladies' Black Sateen Skirts, regular price $1.75, to close $1.25.
Ladies' Black Sateen Skirts, regular price, $1.50, to close $1.
Ladies' Black Silk Moreen Skirts, regular price $5, to close $4.

STORM PROOF SERGES.

A Special Inducement for This Week Only.

10 pieces 46 inch All Wool Storm Proof Serges in blues, greens, browns, garnets and blacks, bought to retail at 75c, for this week only 59c.

SPECIAL—We are sole distributors of Butterick's Patterns and Publications for Lowell and vicinity.

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE CO.

MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

WALL PAPER AT LOW PRICES.

PARQUET FLOORS ARE SOMETHING NEW.

WE ARE AGENTS.

LOWELL WALL PAPER COMPANY,

GEORGE W. CHASE, Prop., 42 Church St., Lowell, Mass

Groceries, Wholesale and Retail. Prices

MOLASSES.

5 gal. Very Best.....35c. per gal.
5 gal. Good.....28c. per gal.
5 gal. Cooking.....19c per gal.
5 gal. Best Syrup.....50c. per gal.

PORK.

5 lbs. Best Pork.....35c

LARD.

50 lb. Tub Best Lard.....$3.00
20 lb. Tub Best Lard.....$1.40
10 lb. Tub Best Lard.....75c
1 lb. Best Lard.....8c

TEAS.

1 lb. Good Formosa Oolong.....40c

COFFEES.

5 lbs. Good Mocha and Java.....$1.00

CRACKERS.

1-2 bbl, 15 lbs.. 5c lb.
1 box 15 lbs. Soda Crackers, 6 1-2c lb.
1 box 15 lbs. Milk Lunch, 6 1-4c lb
1 box 100 Crackers, 20c
1 box Spiced Cookies.....8 1-4c lb.
1 box Orange Wafers.....8 1-4c lb.
1 box 20 lbs. Grandmother's Cookies, $ 1-2c

BUTTER.

If you like good Butter, try Franklin Co. Creamery; it's the best that Vermont can produce. Prices today in 5 lb. boxes, $1.25. Very best Vermont Dairy in 5lb. boxes, $1.15.

FLOUR.

55c., 60c., 65c. per bag, $4.25, $4.55, $4.75 per bbl, are the popular prices at present date for the best bread flour. Our guarantee goes with every bag or barrel.

Rolled Oats, per bbl.,	$3.90
Rolled Oats, per half bbl.,	$2.00
Rolled Oats, 10 lbs.	25c.
Indian Meal, per bbl.,	$3.00
Indian Meal, 10 lbs.,	18c
Graham Meal, per bbl.	$3.75
Graham Meal, 10 lbs.,	25c
Rye Meal, per bbl,	$3.75
Rye Meal, 10 lbs.,	25c

CEREAL GOODS.

3 pkges. Rolled Oats, 20c
10 lbs. Pearl Barley 38c
10 lbs. Rye Flour, 25c
10 lbs. Entire Wheat, 33c
Shredded Wheat, 11c
10 pkgs. Shredded Wheat, $1.00
Ralston's Breakfast Food, 12c
10 pkgs. $1.15
Ralston's Barley Food.....12c.
10 pkgs.....$1.15
12 lbs. Ralston's Entire Wheat, 40c

CHEESE.

New Full Cream Fancy, 2 lbs. for 25c

JELLIES AND JAMS.

3lb. pail of Apple, Raspberry, Strawberry and Currant Jelly .18c
11 doz. pails of same $2.00

F. H. HODGES, Old Boston & Maine Station, Central Street.

Hedake

TRADE MARK

Kolone

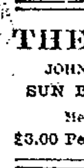
A fragrant and delightful External Cure for all headaches, neuralgia, and car sickness. Soothing and comforting for heated, tired, and brain-worked heads and sleeplessness. Cures instantly; absolutely harmless.

It prevents dosing the stomach with poisonous drugs.

Endorsed by physicians. Your druggist has it.

JOHN H. LAKIN CO. - - - BOSTON.

THE LOWELL SUN
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ARE YOU AWARE

That THE SUN issues three editions daily,—two, five and six o'clock? *The Night Edition*, six o'clock, is on the street at five o'clock. It contains all the latest local and telegraphic news. It is the only paper in Lowell that has all the news, and that is why it prints more copies daily than any two other local papers combined. If you have not been getting the night edition, tell your newsboy or dealer that you want it. Compare it with the other papers and you will be convinced that it has the news from twelve to twenty-four hours ahead of its contemporaries.

THE AMERICA CUP RACES.

Mr. Editor: Please let me know the origin of the "America" cup contest between the Columbia, representing the United States, and the Shamrock, representing England. Also the winners in the various contests for this cup. A SUN READER.

The origin of the cup contest is given by the New York Times Saturday Review in a manner that will fully answer the above. This matter is of special interest to the people of Lowell inasmuch as the yacht America was owned by our illustrious townsman, General Butler, whose son, Paul Butler, now holds the canoeing championship of America. The article referred to is as follows:

"The America sailed for Havre and arrived there early in August, 1851. She rapidly fitted up for the race and then proceeded to Cowes. The visitor arrived on a dark night and it was not until dawn that the yachtsmen in the great fleet of English boats got a chance to size up the stranger. The Yankee craft was about as different from an English yacht as could be imagined, with her great beam and shallow hull, while the typical English cutter of the period was of the "plank-on-end" variety.

"She soon showed her mettle by defeating one of the fastest boats in a brush into Cowes and this achievement made it more difficult for her to arrange her races. At last, however, she was allowed to sail under the regulations of the Royal Yacht Squadron in the race around the Isle of Wight for a cup offered by the Royal Yacht Squadron. In those days, no allowances were made for tonnage, sail area, or anything else. All the boats, big or little, started off, and the one that came in first won. Eighteen yachts were entered, ranging from the little cutter Aurora, of forty-seven tons to the three-masted schooner Brilliant, of 392 tons, the America being a two-masted schooner of 170 tons. Fifteen of the yachts started.

"The America did not get off among the first, but before a third of the distance was traversed she had assumed the lead, and when the breeze freshened up she gained so decidedly that it was seen long before the end that the race was undoubtedly hers, barring an accident. Just as a big storm was settling down, the Yankee schooner crossed the line, winning form the whole English fleet of yachts, her time being eight hours and forty-seven minutes, while the second in the race could do no better than eight hours and fifty-eight minutes and the third one was over half an hour later in getting over the line.

"The cup won by the America Aug. 22, 1851, remained the property of the owners of the yacht until 1857, when they presented it to the New York Yacht club, providing that it should be offered as a trophy for a race with any challenging yacht of any foreign country for yachts of not less than 30 or more than 300 tons."

The America cup was known as the One Hundred Guinea cup. For nineteen years there was no challenger for the cup. The contests up to 1893 were not of sufficient interest to arouse much international enthusiasm, but in each case the American boat won. Since that year, however, the contests for the cup have enlisted the interest of the competing nations to an unusual degree and this year the contest will be of universal interest. The record of the contests from the beginning, the first boat mentioned in each case being American, is as follows:

1851—Aug. 22, around the Isle of Wight: America, 10:37:00; Aurora second.
1870—Aug. 8, New York Yacht club course: Magic, 3:58:21; Cambria, 4:37:38.
1871—Oct. 16, New York Yacht club course, Columbia, 6:19:41; Livonia 6:46:45. Oct. 18, 20 miles to windward off Sandy Hook and return: Columbia, 3:07:41 3-4; Livonia, 3:18:15 1-2. Columbia disabled in third race, Oct. 19. Oct. 21, 20 miles to windward off Sandy Hook and return: Sappho, 5:39:02; Livonia, 6:09:23. Oct. 23, New York Yacht club course: Sappho, 4:16:17; Livonia 5:11:35.
1876—Aug. 11, New York Yacht club course; Madeleine, 6:22:54; Countess of Dufferin, 5:31:53. Aug. 12, 20 miles to windward off Sandy Hook and return; Madeleine, 7:18:46; the Countess of Dufferin, 7:46:00.
1881—Nov. 9, New York Yacht club course, Mischief, 4:17:09; Atalanta, 4:45:29 1-4. Nov. 10, 16 miles to leeward of Sandy Hook and return: Mischief, 4:54:53; Atalanta, 5:33:47.
1885 Sept. 14, New York Yacht club course, Puritan, 6:06:05; Genesta, 6:22:24. Sept. 16, 20 miles to leeward off Sandy Hook light and return, Puritan, 5:03:14; Genesta, 5:04:52.
1886 Sept. 9, New York Yacht club course, Mayflower, 5:26:41, Galatea, 5:38:43. Sept. 11, 20 miles to leeward off Sandy Hook light and return, Mayflower, 6:49:00, Galatea, 7:18:09.
1887 Sept. 27, New York Yacht club course, Volunteer, 4:53:18; Thistle, 5:12:41 3-4. Sept. 30, 20 miles to windward off Scotland light and return: Volunteer, 5:42:56 1-4; Thistle, 5:54:45.
1893 Oct. 7, 15 miles to windward off Sandy Hook light and return, Vigilant 4:05:47; Valkyrie, 4:11:35. Oct. 9, triangular 30-mile course, 10 miles to windward, Vigilant, 3:25:01, Valkyrie, 3:35:36. Oct. 13, 15 miles to windward off Sandy Hook light and return: Vigilant, 3:24:39, Valkyrie 3:25:16.
1895 Sept. 7, 15 miles to windward and return, east by south off Point Seabright, N.J.: Defender 4:59:55, Valkyrie III. 5:08:44. Sept. 11, triangular course, 10 miles to each leg, Valkyrie, 3:55:09, Defender, 3:55:56; won by Defender on a foul. Sept. 12, Defender sailed over the course and claims the cup and race; claim allowed.

The die is cast on the South African trouble. The plotting of Cecil Rhodes and Dr. Jameson have at last had its effect. They have sought favor with the imperial government by planning how the Transvaal can be overcome and added to the British dominion. The home government at first affecting an air of disinterested justice went so far as to inflict a slight punishment upon Dr. Jameson for his famous raid upon the Boer country but now the government officials have thrown aside their hypocrisy and come out openly for war against the Transvaal. No such thing as independence can be tolerated so close to a British colony. The spirit might spread and cause trouble and hence England has decided to send out a sufficient force to conquer the Boers. She has steadily refused to be conciliated by any concessions to the Uitlanders.

Edward Atkinson's pamphlets reached Manila and were distributed to the soldiers in spite of the censorship and the interdict of the postal authorities on this side. Thus the government machinery lent itself to the dissemination of treason. Strange, isn't it?

The Boston and Albany stockholders have procured the services of Richard Olney to find flaws in the proposed lease of the Boston and Albany. With Mr. Olney's assistance they may be able to upset the arrangement which is said to be defective in many important respects.

CRISP GOSSIP.

School days return soon.

August is over a third gone.

A temperance lecture is naturally a dry discourse.

We ought to have a good long Indian summer to make up for this.

A true gentleman calls woman the greater, rather than the weaker sex.

Non-vacationists were glad they were at home the latter part of last week.

The doctor may be in business for his health, but he is in it for other people's.

Young women, go to West Australia. There are only 51,869 women in a population of 168,000.

Other women are the last ones to wonder that a man hates to encounter an angry woman.

The horse has one ray of hope left. Up to the present time no one has invented a motor plough.

The girl who can speak seven languages is less sought after than the girl who can hold her tongue in one.

Many farmers in the vicinity of Lowell are looking quite hopefully towards cutting a second crop of hay.

There seems to be a sort of tacit law permitting less fresh clothing on Saturday than on any previous day of the week.

The Prince of Wales holds the record as a godfather. He has acted in that capacity on no fewer than 75 occasions.

James Clark of Quincy, Ill., who celebrated his 105th birthday last week, is now the only living [illegible] Mason in America.

Every day extra tickets [illegible] over the Boston and Maine [illegible] and many orders are delayed owing to the scarcity of cars.

There's a church bell in the steeple,
There's a church bell in the choir;
The first to worship calls the people,
And the second calls them to admire.

At all times, but especially in hot weather when the water supply is low, every precaution should be taken to sterilize the water used for culinary purposes.

They have now taught a chimpanzee to play golf. [illegible] exchange. Pshaw! Chimpanzees have been playing it from the start at all the fashionable resorts.

Have you seen our new sign, "The Lowell Sun" on our building in Merrimack square? It will pay you to drop down town and see it. The largest gold-lettered sign in New England.

David Bardon of [illegible], who is said to be the richest [illegible] in the world, made his beginning with no other capital than a horse. This he sold for $52, invested the money in calves, and bought an acre farm. He is now at the age of 71, tall, athletic and

7 SUTHERLAND SISTERS' HAIR GROWER
Is the only preparation that will restore the hair to its original healthfulness.
—AT ALL DRUGGISTS—

raw boned, with gray hair and beard, and keen blue eyes. He owns 23,000 acres of land, worth from $50 to $100 an acre.

Bull frog hunting is just now a favorite pastime with the small boys along the banks of Hale's brook on upper Chelmsford street and as the market price for the legs is high, they can earn plenty of money.

A Chicago man has been fined $2 for throwing a woman down two flights of stairs, yet there are people who insist that amusements are expensive in the breezy city at the foot of Lake Michigan.

A Pennsylvania professor has discovered that asphalt can be made out of red herring. If he can demonstrate that red herring can be made out of asphalt, he could turn an honest penny with the process.

Tewksbury sends large delegations over to the band concerts at North Billerica and a wag remarked that they can be picked out of the crowd by the fact that every blessed one of 'em is munching peanuts.

The wool and cotton reporter in its regular semi-annual tables shows that 236 new textile mills were built or begun in this country during the first six months of 1899 against 107 during the first six months of 1898. New Hampshire contributed one woolen mill to the total.

At the last meeting of the American Publishing Health association, Dr. S. H. Durgin, health officer of Boston, contended that bad gas fittings are more dangerous to health than bad plumbing. He said that the medical profession believed that many deaths are caused by slow poisoning from illuminating gas.

'Tis not for me to know just how the lilies blow,
With their white petals lifted to the light,
Just how they came to be,
From out what mystery
They were evolved, as morning follows night.
'Tis not for me to find the pathway of the wind,
As o'er the hills and valleys it doth sweep,
Soft as the breath of spring,
Fierce as a Viking king,
When from the northland comes the snow and sleet.
'Tis not for me to look into God's open book,
And read the secrets of the vanished years,
Nor yet for me to see
Just what the end will be
And all the joys to greet us, or the tears.
'Tis not for me to tell where the freed spirits dwell,
Or to what land of beauty and of flowers
Our souls at last may go;
'Tis not for me to know,
But somewhere deathless life and love are ours

Eczema.

Mr. H. T. Shobe, 2704 Lucas Ave., St. Louis, Mo., says: "My daughter had Eczema, which covered her head and spread to her face. She was treated by physicians and taken to celebrated health springs, but only grew worse. Many patent medicines were taken, but without result, until we decided to try S. S. S. A dozen bottles cured her completely and left her skin perfectly smooth. Not a sign of the dreadful disease has ever returned."

S.S.S. For The Blood

(Swift's Specific) is the only cure for Eczema, and all other obstinate blood diseases. Valuable books mailed free by Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

School Children

that were trouble with headaches last term should have their eyes examined this month, before entering upon the Fall Term. If glasses are needed, they should be fitted NOW.

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SUCCESS ASSURED

Interesting Study of Co-operation in England

How the Start Was Made—First Organized the Consumers, Then Started to Produce Co-Operatively—Burden of Accumulated Money

Some 80 miles northwest of London is the town of Kettering, a place of narrow and crooked streets, of houses very much of the same appearance, and nothing so far as historical setting or beautiful scenery is concerned to make it stand out from many other towns in England. It is, however, a noted place from an industrial point of view. In Kettering co-operation has been worked out. Large numbers of laborers own, manage and operate stores and factories. The same wages are paid as by private concerns and, in addition, the profits of the year divided among the members of the societies. The hours of labor are but eight. The management is in the hands of a man appointed by a committee elected by the workers. Such, in brief, is co-operation. The example in Kettering is worth closer attention.

Co-operation must be divided into two groups, consumers and producers. There is a close relation between them, and this relation has been clearly seen by the people of Kettering. One great reason why productive co-operation does not succeed is because there is no regular demand for the commodities of the producers. A society of laborers who have no trade connections will nearly always fail in productive enterprises for the reason that they have no way of ascertaining accurately the condition of the market or of bringing their goods before the public without great delay. The Kettering organizations saw this from the beginning. Instead of organizing productive societies they have spent their time and energy until the last ten years in thoroughly building up the consumers' co-operation and indirectly creating a market for the productive societies when they should come into existence.

The first co-operative society in Kettering dates its origin from the year 1865. At that time the town had a population of 6,500. Wages were very low, and the majority of workingmen had a severe struggle to make both ends meet. In the years just mentioned a few workingmen held several meetings and after discussing the situation unanimously decided to form a co-operative society. That was 34 years ago, and now this society possesses 21 stores, owns about $250,000 worth of property without incumbrance and does an annual trade of $360,000. So successful has it been that the members, now numbering about 5,000, two years ago voted to buy a farm, so that now all of the milk, eggs, butter and vegetables sold by the stores of the society are raised on the farm.

The society's method of doing business is interesting. It is necessary for each member to take £2 of capital stock. On the capital stock 5 per cent interest is paid, but this is by no means all the benefits secured by the member, or purchaser either for that matter. Anybody is allowed to buy at the shops of the society. For every purchase (no difference what the amount) a brass check is given, indicating how much the purchase was. At the end of the quarter the customer brings in his checks and receives a dividend on the amount of his purchase. This usually amounts to about 12 per cent. Each store is in the control of a storekeeper, who receives a salary and a commission on all sales above a certain amount. The people of Kettering now receive the best goods at the lowest price. The private dealer has in a large measure been driven out of business, so great has been the satisfaction of the people with the stores of the distributive society.

The success and the danger also of this enterprise are well indicated by a paragraph from a recent report, which I quote:

"A very important question was brought before the members at the last annual meeting. Notwithstanding the large amount of property belonging to the society—over 100 houses in addition to the business premises—we still had a surplus capital. A serious difficulty presented itself. Great difficulty was experienced in investing the money at anything like the 5 per cent paid to members. The committee did not feel justified in building to any further extent and was face to face with the question of what to do with the money. Two ways presented themselves—either some part of the capital must be returned to the members or a reduction in the rate of interest from 5 to 4 per cent must be allowed on shares. The committee recommended the members to adopt a reduction of interest. This, being put to the meeting, was carried unanimously. A further recommendation was passed that the committee be allowed, according to rules, to lend out money to members on freehold security at 4½ per cent interest, the capital to be repaid by installments. The members fully appreciated the scheme, and we are in hopes that the difficulty arising from surplus money has been overcome."

It is a matter well known to the managers of great insurance companies that large sums of money are very difficult to invest at a satisfactory interest. Although the sum spoken of above is not large, still the society has found it difficult to earn the 5 per cent upon it. If the policy of the society makes it possible for members to borrow at low rates and on comparatively good security, much indebtedness may be incurred that would hardly be justified. Money easily secured leads to large expenditure. And, on the other hand, the desire to earn interest on the funds of the society will prevent the use of funds in anything but remunerative enterprises. Such things as parks and trees are badly needed, but I saw no evidence of any attempts to beautify the town. The Industrial Co-operative society has a penny bank. Any one may make deposits with the bank. Here again interest is promised on the money deposited. The increase of such deposits means the necessity of earning more money and of making loans. Is there a limit to the possible development of such a society unless it is willing to forego mere mercenary reward? This is the question the members will have to meet sooner or later. I am afraid that money expenditure without reward will not meet with great favor. The tendency at present is to pile up money faster than in the opinion of committees it can be utilized.

The first producers' co-operative society was not organized in the town until 1888. This was the Kettering Co-operative Boot and Shoe Manufacturing society. It was inspired by what the distributive society was doing in the town and by what was also being done in neighboring towns by the more advanced wing of the movement in the direction of producers' societies. In this firm the worker was not only entitled to take part in the management of the business, but also to share in the profit of his labor. The enterprise began with a capital of $2,000. This was judiciously invested in land. In time a factory was erected. At present the association occupies about a block of ground covered by a large building. In the ten years the capital has grown to $40,000 and the trade to $150,000 a year. The profits average about 12 per cent. In addition to their regular wages the members received nearly $19,000 last year.

The second of the three productive societies was established six years ago. The growth of this one has been phenomenal. I refer to the Clothing Manufacturing Co-operative society. This society occupies a large, well constructed building of four stories, well equipped with machinery. In it are employed about 200 hands, most of them women and girls. The capital is now $25,000 and the trade $55,000 a year. The bonus to labor reaches about $2,700 a year.

The third enterprise is a corset factory, employing about 100 men and girls. This society has only been in existence about a year, but in that time it has justified its existence by paying 4 per cent interest on the capital and giving a small bonus to labor. The business is increasing. The present year will undoubtedly see larger things done in this factory.

It is possible that the reader may have confused the idea underlying co-operation with that of profit sharing. In the enterprises spoken of above the laborers furnish the capital, carry on the management, receive the dividends on stocks and are paid the bonus on labor. If a man, say, owns $25 worth of stock in the boot and shoe society, he would receive $1 interest at the end of the year. In addition to this he would receive a certain portion of the profits besides his wages. If his wages were one three-hundredth of the total amount paid in a year and the profits amounted to $18,000 that year, his share would be $60. The wages are very low from the American standpoint. A dollar and a quarter is paid a girl of 15 for a week's work. A girl of 20 may receive $4 if she is an extra good hand. Men get as high as $7.50 per week. This is the best wage. House rent is low, clothing is fairly cheap, but meats and groceries are expensive. The standard of living is lower and the facilities of living far less than with us. But without the assistance of co-operation it was almost impossible for the workers to get anything ahead.

As has been intimated in the course of this article, the laborers manage the business. Twice a year a meeting is called in each of the different societies. The manager makes his reports and announces the dividends. Each laborer in the factory has one vote, no matter how many shares he owns or what his wages or position. The girl who receives $1.25 per week is on a par with the manager. The whole organization is extremely democratic. The general oversight of the business is in the hands of a committee elected by the members. This committee selects the manager. The manager may be removed by the committee. In my conversation with some of the managers they stated very positively that there should be some limitation upon voting power. They agreed with me that extreme democracy was a danger, but they were at the same time hopeless of any change in this part of the plan. Thus far the managers have been retained, and every facility in the power of the committees has been given them to advance the business.

Bright as is the showing noted above, all is not peace in co-operative circles. A good many years ago the Co-operative Wholesale society was organized to supply the various retail co-operative societies in different parts of England. This society has grown to immense proportions, it employs a vast capital and does a business of $10,000,000 a year. The managers of the wholesale found it necessary to manufacture many of their goods. In these new factories the principle of co-operation was not introduced. When the Kettering clothing and corset societies were started, the wholesale objected, although it did not make these things for itself. The managers of the wholesale said it must all be in the hands of this great society. There is no place for producers' co-operation. The wholesale refused to give the new organizations any business. This spirit in co-operation is the one grave difficulty. In the same way the laborers in a producers' society do not like to let new members in, for after a certain point is reached the enlargement of the business will not benefit the old members at all. In other words, the test of the future growth of co-operation depends upon the domination of selfishness or the spirit of help. I am sure in the long run the more generous spirit will rule.

Co-operation has done wonders for England, and it can do a great deal more. In America the growth has been slow. When it does come, any great growth must depend first upon the development of consumers' societies. These will make a market for products. Then in time the producers' organizations can be built up.—Professor F. L. McVey in Minneapolis Journal.

STATE LABOR AGENCIES.

How They Are Operated Under the Illinois Law—Three Chicago Offices.

The Illinois state board of statistics has formally opened three free employment offices in Chicago. Since the law went into effect on July 1 the superintendents of the various offices have been fitting up their quarters and getting ready for active business, until now the three sides of the city each has its "Illinois free employment office."

That such a department was needed and that it will be beneficial not only to the laborer, but to the employer, has already been demonstrated, although active operations have hardly been begun. The superintendents say that before they even had a sign in front of their offices to designate their business they had several applications from employers for help, which have increased from day to day.

The manner of conducting these agencies is specifically provided in the law, and the work throughout the state will be carried on systematically. Superintendents must report on Thursday of each week to the state bureau of labor statistics the number of applications for positions and for help received during the preceding week, and also those unfilled applications remaining on the books at the beginning of the week. The secretary of labor statistics shall in turn cause to be printed each week, showing separately and in combination, the lists received from each office and shall mail a list to each agency. A copy of these lists must also be mailed to the factory and mine inspectors in the state.

Under the law it is made the duty of the various superintendents to place themselves in communication with the principal manufacturers, merchants and other employers of labor in order that the co-operation of employers of labor may be obtained. To this end the superintendents are authorized to advertise in the daily papers such situations as they can fill, and they may advertise in a general way for the co-operation of large contractors and employers in trade journals or other publications which may reach such employers. The sum of $400 per annum is allowed superintendents for advertising purposes.

An applicant for employment must fill out a regular blank, giving name, address, kind of employment desired, number of people dependent upon him or her, the reason for lack of employment and a statement as to whether prevented from obtaining work for religious or other prejudicial reasons.

After an applicant for work is registered return postal cards will be used to carry out the object of the law. One of these cards will be sent to an applicant stating that there is an opening at a certain place. When the applicant visits the employer named, the return postal card must be returned to the employment office containing information as to whether or not the position has been accepted, and, if not, briefly stating the reasons. The employer will be likewise informed by postal card that an applicant will call on him, and it is required that he return the card, stating the disposition of the application.

Members of labor unions and those who were instrumental in the passage of the law are well satisfied with the outlook and believe that it will prove to be all that its supporters claim for it. The only opposition comes from the managers of employment agencies for hire, who must, under the new law, pay a license of $200 per annum and give a bond of $1,000. Violation of this provision of the law is made punishable by a fine of not less than $50 nor more than $100.

Not a Place For Laboring Men.

It seems to be the opinion of most who have been to the Philippines that the islands will not prove to be an inviting field for immigration, at least from the United States. The population already there is sufficient for such work as is likely to be undertaken whenever peace and order are restored. There is so much competition that wages are very low, were low under Spanish rule, and always will be low. There may be opportunity for capitalists to invest money, but they will be apt to employ native workmen for the most part. Reports from Japan say that large numbers of Japanese are preparing to go to the Philippines when peace comes. They perhaps may succeed. Thousands of them have flocked to Hawaii. Few workingmen of this country can compete with the orientals in an oriental climate. No workingman that has a living job here will do well to throw it up and seek another in Luzon.—Boston Herald.

The Union and Good Order.

In the investigation of the Colorado smelter strike by the state board of arbitration a smelter superintendent was asked by a member of the board:

"Did you ever have to deal with such a peaceable strike as this one?"

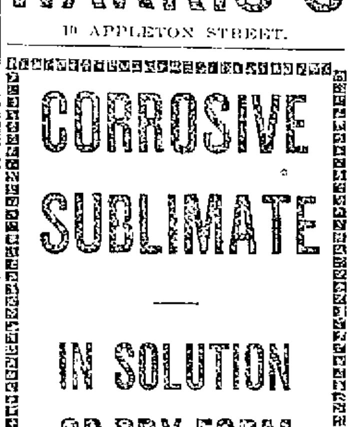
"No."

"Would the 800 men have been so quiet but for the existence of the union, do you think?"

"No, I guess not."

"Then the union is a pretty good thing for peace, isn't it?"

"Yes."



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THE SIMPSON CASE

Several Hearings Have Been Conducted of Late

MASTER HURD MAKES A RULING

Concerning the Books of Verrazino Simpson

Theodore C. Hurd, master in the case of Parker adm., vs. Simpson has been conducting several hearings during the last few weeks at the court house in Gorham street. This is the case, as the readers of The Sun will remember, in which Percy Parker, adm. of the estate of the late Elizabeth Simpson, seeks to recover from her son Varrazano Simpson of Winona, Minn., property which it is claimed he obtained by fraud from her in 1887. The last few hearings have been devoted to an examination of the books used by Varrazano in his business, which has been sent on from the west, to be used at the trial. These books, according to the evidence of the experts for the plaintiff show that the property which Verrazano obtained from his mother in 1887 was worth more than $260,000. The plaintiff claims that Verrazano now owes that sum, together with interest, from that time. The defence claim that they have the right to meet these figures by sworn statements of Verrazano which had been filed in court. The master, after some consideration, ruled on Wednesday of last week that such statements are not admissible as evidence. This decision was based largely upon a recent Massachusetts statute. The hearings therefore have been continued until Sept. 1, to give the defendant an opportunity of having the books examined by an expert, who can then testify in behalf of the defendant.

PRODUCED KNIFE

Patrick Kelly Arrested on Middlesex Street

CHASING BOYS WITH A KNIFE

Boys Had Been Plaguing Him

Officer Jack Tilton arrested a man named Patrick Kelly residing on the Hamilton corporation on Middlesex street this afternoon about half past three. It is alleged that he tried to stab some boys on Middlesex street. Kelly said that he was cutting tobacco when some boys started to plague him and he chased them.

IN GUARD HOUSE

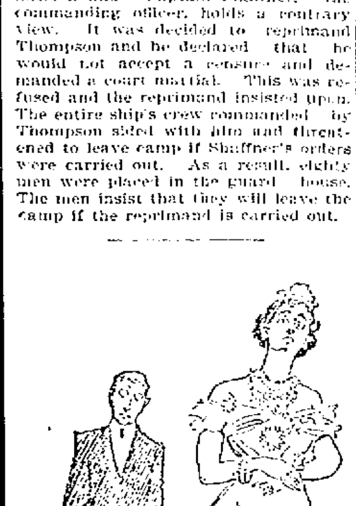
Eighty Illinois Militiamen Locked up

BECAUSE THEY THREATENED TO QUIT CAMP

If Their Captain Was Reprimanded

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, Aug. 12.—Eighty members of the Illinois naval militia were placed under arrest last night. Some days since, Capt. William H. Thompson of the naval militia, now in camp at Waukegan, Ill. left camp and came to Chicago. He declares that he had permission and Captain Shaffner, the commanding officer, holds a contrary view. It was decided to reprimand Thompson and he declared that he would not accept a censure and demanded a court martial. This was refused and the reprimand insisted upon. The entire ship's crew commanded by Thompson sided with him and threatened to leave camp if Shaffner's orders were carried out. As a result, eighty men were placed in the guard house. The men insist that they will leave the camp if the reprimand is carried out.



BOUND TO KICK.

Mrs. Twinkler—In heaven there will be no such thing as time.

Mr. Twinkler—Yes, but what of it? The women who get to heaven would never keep their husbands waiting any way.

CASTORIA

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed –
Alx. Senna +
Rochelle Salts –
Anise Seed +
Peppermint –
Bi Carbonate Soda +
Worm Seed –
Clarified Sugar.
Wintergreen Flavor.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. NEW YORK.

[illegible] 35 DOSES – 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

MacARTHUR AGAIN

Fighting General Keeps Insurgents Moving

AMERICANS DID NOT OCCUPY ANGELES

Because of Gen. Wheaton's Orders

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MANILA, Aug. 12.—Advices from Calulet under date of Aug. 11, report that General MacArthur took the Ninth regiment, a battalion of the 12d, and a detachment of the First Artillery from Calulet to Santo Rita near Bacolor on Friday morning. The entrance of the troops into the town was not opposed, the insurgents fleeing as the Americans approached.

The troops had a hard march of ten miles in some places being obliged to wade waist deep in water. Many were exhausted. The troops will spend the night at Santa Rita and proceed Saturday. Lieut. Hazard of General Wheaton's staff with five scouts from the Iowa regiment, marched up the railroad into Angeles. A small force of rebels attacked the scouts outside the town and Lieut. Hazard sent for reinforcements. General Wheaton's orders, however, were that the Americans should not occupy Angeles and a force of 600 or 700 rebels appearing, Lieut. Hazard retired.

IS UNDER ARREST

J. A. Nason Alleged Express Swindler Arrested

JUST RELEASED FROM LAWRENCE JAIL

Worked Boston, Lawrence and Lowell

Inspector Allen went to Lawrence Saturday and arrested J. A. Nason alias Charles Pendleton, who finished a six months' term in that city today.

Nason, it is alleged, goes around to different houses claiming he is in the employ of the American Express Co. He collects money on a fake package which he tells the people to call for at the office.

He has worked Lawrence, Boston and this city. The police have been after him for a long time. He was first suspected in Lawrence when a woman offered him a $2 bill in payment for a package. Upon receiving the bill, he assaulted the woman and ran away. He ran into a house and hid in the cellar where the police arrested him. Before they came he had thrown the books away. When shown the books, he said he never saw them before.

When brought to the police station by Inspector Allen, he registered his name as J. A. Nason, but was booked in Lawrence as Charles Pendleton.

DARMODY IS FREE

Discharged From Woburn Court This Morning

CHARGED WITH ASSAULTING EDW. JOHNSON

The Victim Died Shortly Afterward

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WOBURN, Mass., Aug. 12.—James Darmody, charged with assault upon James Patterson of Cambridge, at Woburn last Sunday as a result of which Patterson died two days later, was found not guilty and discharged by Judge Edward F. Johnson in the district court here today. The case was called this forenoon having been continued last Tuesday with Darmody under $2,000 bonds. Contradictory testimony was presented by eye-witnesses of the affair, while the medical examiner stated that Patterson died from a complication of diseases aggravated, doubtless, by the assault. The men quarreled over the right of way on a narrow road on which both were driving.

WERE MARRIED.

The marriage of E. A. Barrell, a former Lowell musician, of note, to Miss Louise Ellis Turner, daughter of H. E. Turner of Lowville, N. Y., took place on Thursday last.

SITUATION UNCHANGED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Aug. 12.—The leaders of the telegraphers' movement which may culminate in a strike against the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad company, state today that the situation is unchanged from yesterday. President Powell, of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers has not yet arrived nor has any word been received from him.

HACKETT WINS TENNIS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SORRENTO, Me., Aug. 12.—Contrary to expectations, Herbert H. Hackett, holder, defeated J. Parmely Paret, challenger, in straight sets today for the Maine state tennis championship. Hackett's victory puts his name on the cup a second time and prevents the cup going to Paret, who had already had two wins.

Black Stockings

"Black stockings will not crock if first dipped in salt water and then washed in a lukewarm light suds made from Fairy Soap." —Mrs. Sarah Tyson Rorer.

FAIRY SOAP

Pure—White—Floating.

The Soap of the Century.

Sold everywhere in three convenient sizes for the toilet, bath and laundry.

FREE Send us your name, address, and five Fairy Soap wrappers, to nearest office below, and we will mail you free a copy of a beautiful [illegible] entitled, "Fairy Tales," by the celebrated artist, Leon Moran. Size 17½x24 inches, without lettering, ready for framing.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY.

Chicago. St. Louis. New York. Boston. Philadelphia. Pittsburgh. Baltimore.

Everybody Has a Desire to Dress Neat and Clean.

And no matter how careful we are sometimes get our clothing soiled and that makes us look shabby. It is not necessary to purchase a new suit of clothes on that account. Bring your suit to the

BAY STATE Dye Works

On Prescott Street,

and they will cleanse them for you, removing all stains and for a small cost will make them look as good as new. Remember the place

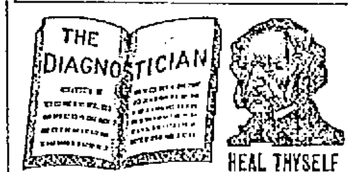
54 Prescott Street.

BAY STATE DYE WORKS.

FITS CURED

(From U. S. Journal of Medicine.)

Prof. W. H. Peeke, who makes a specialty of Epilepsy has without doubt treated and cured more cases than any living Physician; his success is astonishing. We have heard of cases of 20 years' standing cured by him. He publishes a valuable work on this disease which he sends with a large bottle of his absolute cure, free to any sufferer who may send their P. O. and Express address. We advise anyone wishing a cure to address Prof. W. H. PEEKE, F. D., 4 Cedar St., New York.



or Know Thyself Manual.

A 96-page pamphlet by a Hermetic[illegible] eminent medical author.

This is a unique Vade Mecum of Medical Science for MEN ONLY, whether married, unmarried, or about to marry; young, middle aged or old. Price 25 cents by mail, sealed; sent free for 60 days. Address The Peabody Medical Institute, No. 4 Bulfinch St., Boston, Mass. Chief Consulting Physician, graduate of Harvard Medical College, class 1864. Lat. Surgeon 5th Mass. Reg. Vols., the most eminent specialist in America, who ALWAYS CURES Where Others Fail. Consultation in person or by letter, from 9 to 6. Sundays 10 to 1.

The fame the Peabody Medical Institute has attained has subjected it to a test which only a meritorious institution could undergo.—Boston Journal.

The Peabody Medical Institute has many imitators, but no equals.—Boston Herald.

FOR SALE.

A fine, well built double house, modern improvements, fine garden, lots of fruit trees, 11,000 square feet of land, excellent opportunities for more buildings, a first class investment. For sale on account of owner going away. Inquire at

96 South Whipple Street.

Boston & Maine Railroad

Corrected to June 26, 1899. Trains leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as follows:
For Boston, 5.45, 6.25, 6.42, 7.?? [illegible] 9.40, 11 a m; 1.41, 3.05, 4.21, 5.11 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a m.

Trains leave Middlesex Street Station Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 5.42, 6.25, 6.45, 6.50, 7.01, 7.30, 7.45, 7.54, 7.48, 7.53, w8.01, 8.57, 9.12, w9.25, 9.50, w10.50, 11.03, 11.52 a m; w12.03, 12.15, w1.45, 1.53, w2.31, w3.10, 3.03, 4.17, w3.53, 4.01, 4.25, w5.15, 5.25, 5.12, w6.15, 6.22, 7.00, 7.?4, 5.11, w9.25 p m. SUNDAYS, 7.00, 7.25, 8.15, 7.15, 9.10, a m; 12.50, 4.06, 4.26, 6.58, 6.35 p m.

For Lawrence, and Haverhill, 6.31, w7.50, 7.11, w8.30, w9.25, 10.05, w10.50 a m; w12.05, w2.50, 8.?, 4.15, w5.15, w6.15, w7.00, w9.25, w11.25 p m. SUNDAYS 8 10 a m, 12.15, 5.30, 8.15 p m.

For stations between Reading and Boston, western division, 6.50, 9.25, 10.50 a m; 12.05, 12.45, 2.50, 3.30, 5.15, 7.05, 9.15 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a m; 12.05, 1.06, 5.30, 8.15 p m.

For Salem, Mass. w6.28, 7.51 a m; w12.05, 1.35, w5.15, 5.53 p m.

For Newburyport, Amesbury and Portsmouth, 6.23 a m; 12.05, 2.23, 2.55, 3.55, 6.15 p m.

For Haverhill, 6.28, 6.51, 7.23, 8.10, 9.25, 10.50 a m; 12.05, 2.20, 3.15, 4.15, 5.10, 6.15, 7.05, 9.25, 11.25 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a m; 12.05, 5.31, 7.55 p m.

For Haverhill, Newburyport, Hampton, North Hampton, Portsmouth and stations on York Beach, R. R., 2.20 p m. July 3 to Sept. 2 inclusive.

For Exeter and Dover 6.23, 6.50, 7.31, 8.50 a m; 12.05, 3.55, 5.15 p m. SUNDAYS, 7.35, 6.30 p m.

For Rochester and Alton Bay, 6.31 a m; 12.05, 3.55 p m.

For Somersworth, N H, Saco, Old Orchard, and Portland, 6.23 6.50, 7.31, 8.31 a m; 12.05, 3.55, 5.15 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.

For Lewiston, Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 6.50, 7.30 a m; 12.05, 5.15 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.

For Bangor, Belfast, Skowhegan and Rockland, 8.50 a m; 5.15 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.

For St John's, N B, Halifax, N S, Montreal and Quebec, 6.50 a m; 5.15 p m. (5.15 does not run Saturdays.) SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.

For Eastport and St John, (via steamer from Portland) on Mondays, and Friday at 12.05 p m.

For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgewick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport, (via steamer Frank Jones from Portland,) Tuesday and Friday at 5.15 p. m.

For Woburn, 6.28, 7.01, 7.31, 7.13, 11.01 a m; 1.13, 4.28, 8.11, p m. SUNDAYS, 8.51 a m; 12.5, 5.58 p m.

For stations between Winchester and Boston, Southern Division: 7.16, 6.25, 7.31, 7.13, 9.76, 11.03 a. m.; 1.49, 4.28, 5.12, 8.11 p. m. SUNDAYS, 7.29, 8.45, 9.28 a. m.; 12.25, 5.58 p. m.

For Ayer Junction and Way stations—7.10 a m; 12.05, 5.01 and 5.12 p m. SUNDAYS, 2.06 p m.

For Amherst, Milford and Wilton—9.15 a m; 1.01, 3.11, 5.21 p m. SUNDAYS, 2 p m.

For Greenfield, Peterboro, Bennington, Hillsboro and Keene—9.12 a m and 3.21 p m. SUNDAYS to Hillsboro, 2 p m.

For Nashua, Manchester and Concord—7.40, 9.12, 9.30, 10.01 a m; 12.12, 1.00, 3.15, 4.54, 5.41, 5.40, 6.27, 8.10, 8.40 p m. SUNDAYS, 12.0 a m (to Nashua only), 3.10 a m; 2.23, 5.02, 8.11, 8.40 p m.

For Franklin, Lebanon and White River Junction—9.12, 9.20 a m; 12.12, 1.49, 5.10, 15.11 p m.

For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, Claremont and Claremont June, [illegible] 7.10, 9.32 a m; 1.49 p m; 3.10 p m Saturday only till August 27th inclusive.

For St Johnsbury, and Lyndonville, via Wells River—9.20 a m, 1.50, 8.40 p m.

For Montpelier, Essex Junction, Burlington, St Albans, St Johns and Montreal via the Central Vermont Line, 9.20 a m; 12.12, 8.10 p m.

For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line—9.20 a m; 3.55 p m.

QUEBEC EXPRESS, via Plymouth and Sherbrooke—1.49, 8.40 p m.

References: *Express; ‡Daily, w Via Western Division. ‡Wednesdays and Saturdays only. ¶ Via Bedford. z Via Wilmington Junction. x To Exeter only.

D. J. FLANDERS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent. H. C. TAFT, Gen. Agt. Lowell.

BLOOD POISON

Primary, Secondary and Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guarantee. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide, potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous patches in mouth, sore throat, pimples, copper colored spots, ulcer on any part of the body, hair or eyebrows falling out, it is this secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians; $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guarantee. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 1883 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill.

Sharon Springs, N. Y.

Largest and Most Complete Sulphur Bathing Establishment in the United States.

SHARON HOUSE, Open June 1 To Oct. 1

B. P. Sharp & Sons Prop's. Illustrated on application.

Hammocks

All sizes and styles. 50c. to $6.00 each. Hammocks, hooks, ropes, etc.

Ice Cream Freezers

The White Mountain; in all sizes. 1 to 25 quarts.

Ice Cracks, Picks, Lemon Squeezers.

BARTLETT & DOW

216 CENTRAL STREET.

Peter J. Brady, Grocer.

NEW STORE.

Cor. Gorham and South Highland Streets.

Choice Teas, Coffees, and Spices

Try our New Brands of Flour, the Best in the City, "The King Arthur," "Crown of Gold," and "Banquet."

Roachsault

Perfect Remedy for

Ants, Cockroaches, Water-Bugs, etc.

Has No Equal.

Clean, Odorless, Harmless, No trouble to use,

W. T. S. Bartlett

The Up-Town Hardware Store,

653 MERRIMACK STREET.

We have just received Samples of Suitings for the Fall and Winter Trade, and in our judgment, they are the finest looking goods that have ever come to the city.

Call at A. M. BERTRAND,

The Fashionable Tailor,

24 MIDDLE STREET.

No trouble to show goods.

THE LOWELL

Gas Light Company

Office, 2 Shattuck St. Cor. Middle

SEWELL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; ... E. RAYMOND Clerk.

DIRECTORS—Sewall G. Mack, Leo Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cumnock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, Edward N. Burke.

Price of Gas with the discount off for prompt payment, is

$1.00 ONE THOUSAND FEET.

First class Cooking Stoves sold, and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. Coke broken, screened and delivered at $4.50 per chaldron. $2.25 per half chaldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipe from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

PETER H. SAVAGE.

Undertaker and Funeral Director

169 WORTHEN STREET.

Telephone connection 464-4. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

PETER WATSON

BAKERS,

Are working night and day to supply the demand for their celebrated Cream Bread and Cake. It is admitted by everybody that has used it, to be the best on the market. Watson's bakery supplies can be had at almost any well regulated grocery store. Call for Watson's and take no other.

PETER WATSON'S Home Made Bakeries

52 to 60 Charles St.,

46 Lawrence St.

THE

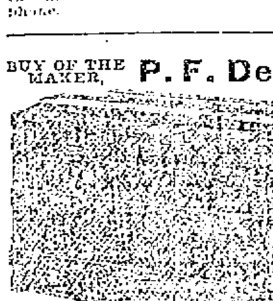
STANDARD BOTTLING CO.

Is doing the largest business that they have ever done since they have been in business. There is one good reason for this, and that is that their

Carbonated Drinks AND Moxie Nerve Food

are the correct thing to have in the house when the weather is so warm. Just order a case, and see if you will not say that it is the best investment you have made this summer. The Standard Bottling goods are the best on the market. You can order by telephone.

BUY OF THE MAKER, P. F. Devine



Bags, Dress Suit Cases, Pocketbooks Leather Novelties etc.

53 Merrimack street, Lowell. 410 Essex Street, Lawrence.

Modest Women

The full story of suffering!
Can it be told to male physicians?
Can help be effectual when part of the truth is withheld?



It is to Mrs. Pinkham that everything is told. This is the reason she knows at once how to advise women. She is their confidential friend.

Miss Lula Evans, of Parkersburg, Ia., writes of her recovery as follows:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM: I had been a constant sufferer for nearly three years. Had inflammation of the womb, leucorrhœa, heart trouble, bearing-down pains, backache, headache, ached all over, and at times could hardly stand on my feet. My heart trouble was so bad that some nights I was compelled to sit up in bed or get up and walk the floor, for it seemed as though I should smother. More than once I have been obliged to have the doctor visit me in the middle of the night. I was also very nervous and fretful. I was utterly discouraged. One day I thought I would write and see if you could do anything for me. I followed your advice and now I feel like a new woman. That choking feeling and backache I have no more, and I have found Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Sanative Wash a sure cure for leucorrhœa. I am very thankful for your good advice and medicine."

It is easy and costs nothing to get right advice; write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass. for it. Discouraged women everywhere find in this way prompt and permanent help. They become warm friends of Mrs. Pinkham from that time forth.

Ella E. Brenner, East Rochester, Ohio, writes:

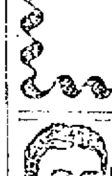
"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM: I shrunk from the ordeal of examination by our physician, yet I knew I must have treatment. My troubles were backache, nervous tired feeling, painful menstruation and leucorrhœa. I am so grateful to you now that I am willing to have my name published to help others to take their troubles to you. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound used as you wrote me has made me entirely well and very happy. I shall bless you as long as I live."

Miss Nellie Russell Relieved of Pain.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—From childhood I suffered from kidney trouble and as I grew older my troubles increased, having intense pain running from my waist to my womb and the menses were very painful. One day, seeing your advertisement in one of our papers, I wrote to you. When your reply came I began taking your Compound and followed your advice and am now in perfect health, and would advise any lady rich or poor to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which I can praise above all other remedies. It is a wonderful help to women."—Miss Nellie Russell, 138 Grace St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

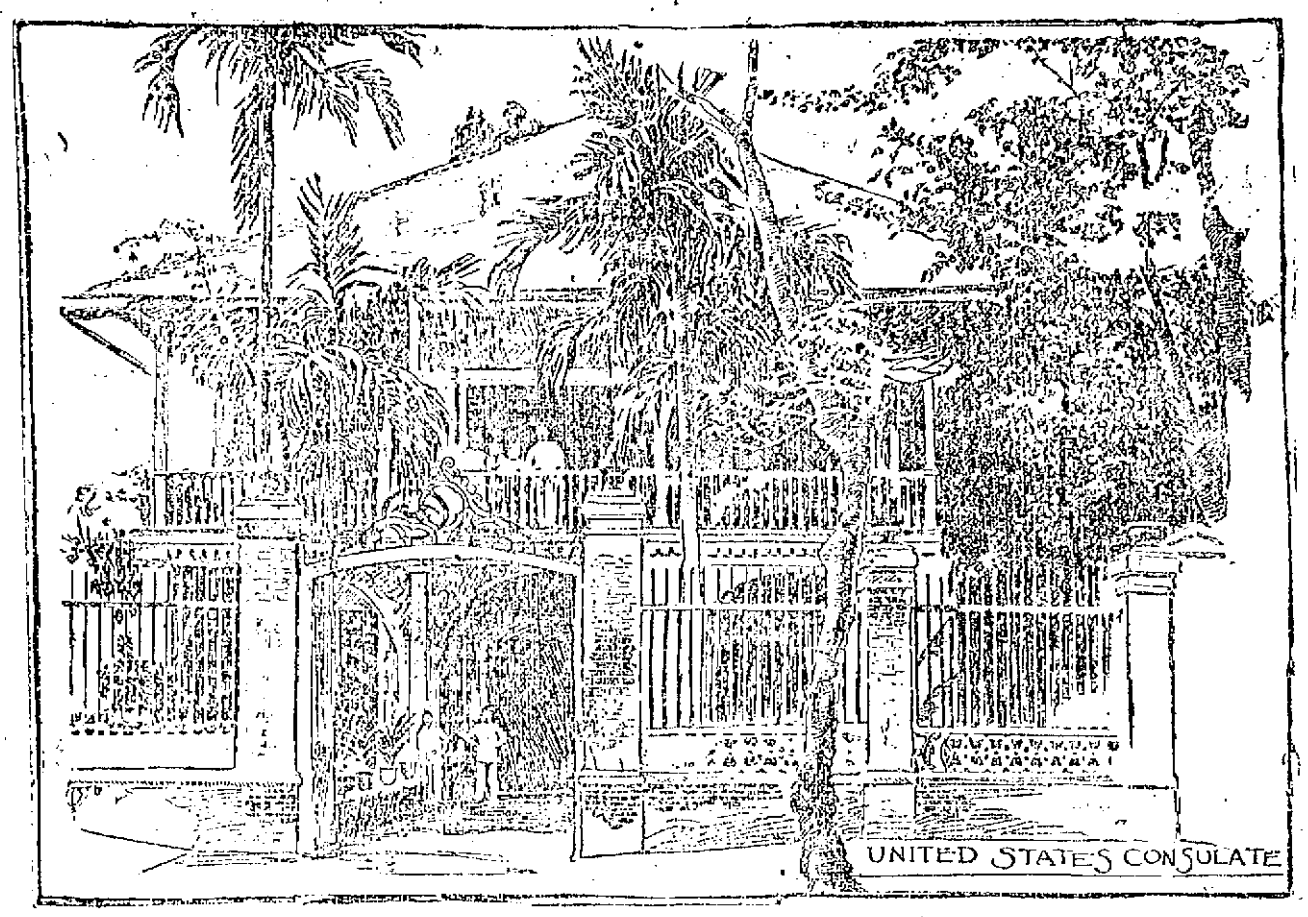
Years of suffering may be avoided by ailing women who heed Mrs. Pinkham's invitation and write to her for aid.

Ask Mrs. Pinkham's Advice—A Woman Best Understands a Woman's Ills



Fifty Cents Per Box. TRADE MARK Palmo Tablets HEALTH, POWER, ENERGY. stop forever all weakening drains, feed the brain, replace wasted tissues, and send rich, flesh-building blood bounding through every part of the system, making every organ act, and causing you to glow and tingle with newly found strength. You're a new man, and can feel it. The greatest NERVE TONIC ever discovered. Palmo Tablets cure quickly and forever Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Atrophy, Loss of Memory, Sleeplessness, Dyspepsia, Kidney Diseases. 50c. a box; 12 boxes (with guarantee, good as gold) $5.00. Sent anywhere. HALSID DRUG CO., Cleveland, O.

Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines. 217 CENTRAL STREET.



A POST IN THE PHILIPPINES IS A PLEASANT ONE, FOR THE HOUSES ARE VINE-CLAD AND GREAT TROPICAL TREES REAR THEIR HEADS OVER THE HOUSE TOPS, GIVING SHADE AND BEAUTY.

WITH THE FILIPINOS IN THE PHILIPPINES.

Our Correspondent Describes the Condition of the Islands and Suggests Speedy Termination of the Revolution.

When the United States accepted the Philippines as one of its new colonial possessions it annexed a veritable hornet's nest that will continue to cause trouble for the government until every revolutionist has been thoroughly thrashed, individually as well as collectively.

For generations the natives of the Philippines have been in a state of revolt. They have formulated rebellions that have been nothing more than revolts against a particularly unpopular Governor, and they have inaugurated revolutions against the government as a whole.

In fact, it might be said that the history of the islands has proved that the people absolutely will not be controlled, and no one who has met them in their own land can feel surprised that such a condition of affairs has existed, for it cannot be denied that as a rule they are the least intelligent of our new colonists.

Of course there are intelligent and well-educated Filipinos, men and women who would compare favorably with many more civilized races, but they do not compose the mass and file of the inhabitants of the islands, who are savages pure and simple.

They may wear American clothing and may affect European airs, but they cannot conceal the savagery that is the controlling characteristic in their make up. Such people find rather fight than be at peace, for to fight means a long excursion for them—an excursion during which they will be provided with food and plenty of entertainment, and occasional fatalities have no more effect upon them than upon any other savage people.

While it is true that there are men connected with the revolutionary cause who have intelligence enough to formulate a certain form of government, there are comparatively few such men, and the past has shown that even they are most corruptible. To place the government in their hands, therefore, would be to leave the islands at the mercy of a lot of half-breeds, and we should be kept busy in putting down the revolutions that they would certainly start among themselves.

The actual fact is that it will be years before they are competent to govern themselves, and the government is wise in attempting to keep control of the islands as long as it is determined to own them.

THE WAR.

What is needed, however, is a more aggressive policy on the part of the military officials in charge of affairs here, for a revolution that exists in the mountains and forest jungles is just as much to be dreaded as if it were being carried on in the streets of Manila.

A few months ago the natives of the Philippines had a great deal of respect for the American Government. They had seen Admiral Dewey destroy the Spanish fleet and the defenses in a few hours. They knew that other naval and military commanders had been just as successful in other parts of the world, and it required considerable nerve to put themselves in opposition to such a power.

That they have succeeded so well in their conflict against us, however, has given them new courage, and the longer we put off the extermination of the revolutionary army the more difficult it will be to conquer them at last. Our mistake has been in not sending a sufficient force to put down the rebellion in a few weeks, for the opinion that now prevails is that we are a very much over-estimated nation.

What we must do if expansion is to be our policy, wise or otherwise—is to inaugurate a new system of warfare that will result in the complete downfall of Aguinaldo and his party, for the only way in which we can have peace on the islands is to overwhelm the native leaders with defeat and drive them from the country.

If they are permitted to remain we shall simply have a series of revolutions that will keep us in hot water all the time, but if they are disposed of, quiet may at last be obtained.

While this may not agree with the opinions of some American people, it is the truth of the matter, and it would be better for us to withdraw entirely and leave the islanders to work out their own destruction than to adopt any other course.

The natives of the Philippines are composed of two distinct classes, the annexationists and the Independents. To the former belong the well-to-do people of the islands, who realize that their lives and property would be safe only under such a government as the United States would give them. To the latter belong the shiftless natives, who have nothing to lose and everything to gain by self-government. Of course there are exceptions, but they are very rarely found. The former class represents the intelligence of the islands, the latter the ignorance.

A more good-natured, credulous, lazy individual than the pure-blooded Tagal it would be difficult to imagine. Long years of oppression have left their stamp upon him until to-day he has no desire for prosperity, and is satisfied with a manner of existence that even a Chinaman would scorn.

If left to himself he would be harmless enough, but he is so simple minded that he can easily be imposed upon by the half-breed men, who believe that independence would enable them to gain control of affairs, a condition that would result in considerable financial profit to themselves. Of course these classes only exist in the cities and towns of the islands. In the interior there are the savages that constitute such a large part of the revolutionary army—savages who have not learned to wear clothing, and who do not know what they are fighting about.

Manila as a city is a surprise to Americans who see it for the first time. For some reason they have learned to expect a semi-barbarous condition, and they are astonished to see the large commercial buildings, the magnificent residences, the well-paved and well-kept streets and the beautiful drives that have made Manila a comfortable and rather pleasant place of abode.

What makes the city more picturesque, however, is that here are blended the civilization of the East with the civilization of the West—Europe of the sixteenth century and the Asia of today. There are the cathedrals, the monasteries and the convents, the religious processions, the pageants of old Spain, and by their side the modern buildings of the great commercial houses. It is said that before the arrival of the American soldiers dirt and filth predominated everywhere, but these conditions have now been largely overcome, and whatever may be said of General Otis as a military commander—and many uphold him—he is certainly an able sanitary official.

His work in this respect will be confined to the streets, however, for the people have no need for any instruction on this point. Be they ever so careless about their streets they themselves are models of cleanliness. Every morning they bathe thoroughly, and if the tubs in which they perform their ablutions are used as receptacles for food later in the day, it must be said that they have been carefully cleansed in the mean time.

The popular native attire is not only comfortable, but clean and picturesque. It consists of a white suit of thin material, and shoes are never worn. In front of each house, however lowly, a bowl of water and a bunch of hemp are always found, and here the people always stop to wash their feet before crossing the threshold.

THEIR DRESS.

The mode of attire adopted by the Europeans is just as thoroughly in keeping with the requirements of the country, the men wearing white duck suits, without collar, and thin silk underwear, while pith helmet and canvas shoes the year round. The Spaniards, who still remain, and the Mestizo, or half-breed-native, go in for more gorgeous raiment.

As a rule the Filipino women are attractive, and many of them are really beautiful. They love jewelry, and are fond of display, and while never wearing hats or gloves, their clothing is often of the finest texture, beautifully embroidered and trimmed with the most magnificent lace. The better class of women wear shoes, but this is a luxury that is practically unknown among the poorer classes.

From a business point of view things in Manila have long been at a standstill. The trouble is that the native merchants have been unable to grasp the situation. The large business houses have recovered from the effects of the blockade, and are doing their best to bring the smaller dealers to their senses. The latter, however, have devoted their time to long discussions as to the advisability of going out of business, and their fears have not been assuaged by the fact that the more ignorant of the Chinese and Spanish merchants have done nothing but talk of going home ever since the war ended.

Of late, however, there has been an influx of Yankees from the United States, and they are going ahead to make money in a manner that is simply astounding to the old shop keepers whose antiquated methods of doing business seem ridiculous to one who is familiar with American habits of trade.

In the past it has been their practice to send an inventory of their stock to Spain twice a year. There the inventory has been gone over and the articles that seemed to be needed have been sent back.

If in a few weeks any particular article has been sold out the merchant has not sent for a new supply, but has waited patiently for the semi-annual stock-taking. The newly arrived American has not been bound by any such rules. He has felt the pulse of the market just as he has been in the habit of doing, and then has rushed for the goods that could not be obtained in other stores. As the result he is making money, and the other merchants are dazed by this exhibition of enterprise.

I suppose that in time the American merchant and his clerk will be just as lazy as others who have been doing business here for years, but at present he is industrious enough. He devotes his entire day to his business and hurries about the streets on foot just as if he were still in the United States.

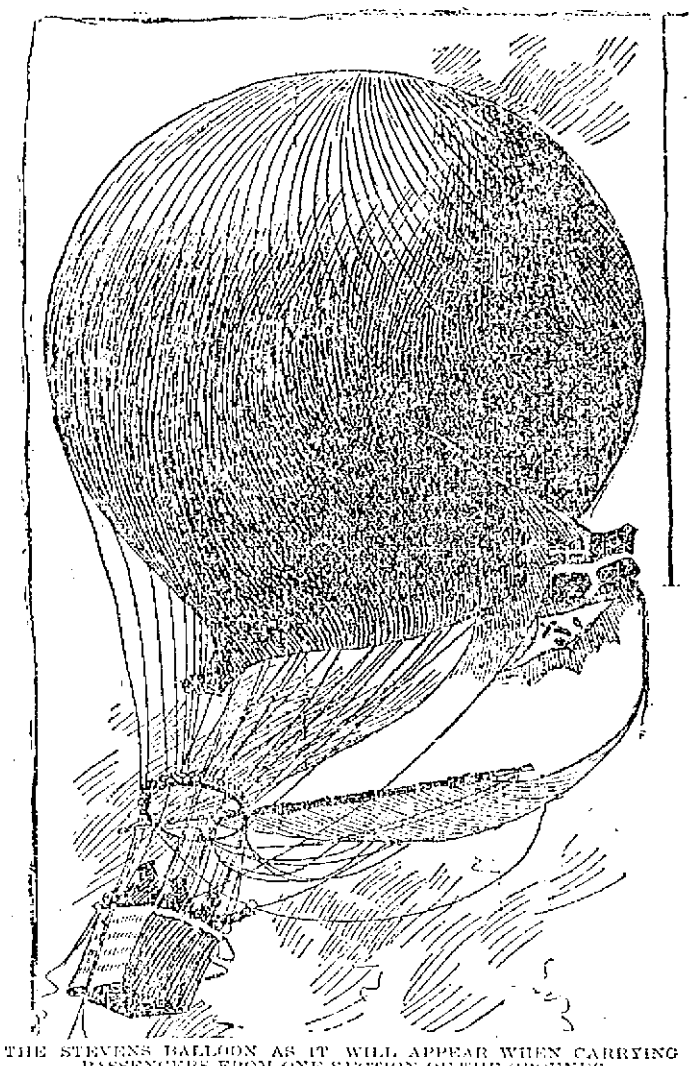
The foreign and native merchants, however, provide a striking example of the laziness that is inspired by the climate. They never walk a step outside of their offices. Generally their carriage stands at the door, but if not they call one of the cabs, of which there are so many in every street. The hours that are devoted to business are also a matter for surprise to the hustler who has been used to American ways. In Manila men go to their work at daylight and remain until noon, when they rest for two or three hours, returning to work till five o'clock. It has always been the practice to give each employee one year's vacation out of each seven as a "home leave." Besides this he is entitled to one month's vacation each year, to a good holiday each month, and no one in Manila would think of working on a Sunday or a saint's day.

As the result there have been about 120 days in each year on which the people have gone no work, and while American competition may compel a change in this method of procedure, it is predicted that, instead, the Americans themselves will soon come to accept the conditions that have prevailed for so long, and that after they have become acclimated they will be no more anxious to perform mental or manual labor than the natives themselves.

While the wages for ordinary labor in Manila are very low, comparatively large salaries are paid to persons who hold good positions in the mercantile houses. The ordinary salaries range from $2,500 to $5,000 a year, and each employee is also provided with lodgings, a mess allowance sufficient to meet ordinary living expenses, medical attendance and all traveling charges.

To the American business men whom I have interviewed the outlook in Manila seems very bright. There is a good market here and plenty of money, and modern goods have never been introduced.

GEORGE ALFRED EDWARDS.



THE STEVENS BALLOON AS IT WILL APPEAR WHEN CARRYING PASSENGERS FROM ONE SECTION OF THE GROUNDS TO ANOTHER.

BALLOON FOR THE PARIS EXPOSITION.

Leo Stevens, the Great Aeronaut Describes the Wonderful Passenger Air Ship.

If the concession can be obtained from the Paris Exposition, I propose to establish there, with my assistant, Lt. Strange, the first—in fact, the only aerial road that has ever been successfully operated between two long distance points.

The great difficulty in managing the grounds of the Paris Exposition will be, I am told, the transportation of the people. The grounds lie on opposite sides of the Seine, and boats and bridges will be packed at all hours. Many persons desiring to visit the old side of the river will be prevented on account of the stream of people pouring across the bridges. In this way valuable traffic will be prevented from passing over.

The mode of aerial transit which I have in mind is entirely novel. It is that of an electric balloon run on cables from a power house.

The balloon, which is fastened to an endless cable by powerful rings, is run up from the power house and is drawn across the cable by means of a taking cable operated by compressed air. There will be three balloons, each to have a capacity of 100,000 cubic feet of hydrogen gas, which will carry twelve to fifteen passengers each. These run along through the passenger stations, where they are pulled down by a windlass, which is operated in a manner similar to the ferryboat windlass, which is understood by all. It occupies about seven weeks for the building of each balloon.

THE TRIP.

After the car is filled with passengers the balloon which supports it rises again by means of the windlass, and soon as it has reached the cable it starts along the aerial roadway to its destination. It can travel very rapidly, nothing as swift as a balloon being known—not even cars or boat. The balloon can cross the Seine; or it can run the full length of the Exposition grounds to the stations. It is likely that stations will be placed at the four corners of the grounds and the balloons sent along the aerial line from one station to another, stopping at each until it has gone entirely around the grounds. Owing to the inexpensive method of operation the cost of transportation will be very small.

The method of getting up a balloon in these days is entirely different from former methods. In old days they made a balloon of silk and coated it with a varnish. Even the Andre balloon was made in this crude way, and it was bound, of course, to lose a certain amount of air all the time.

But the balloons which I am making for the Exposition are of cloth, which is cut into segments, as many segments being cut as are required for the balloon, which is about seventy feet in height. The pieces are dipped in a solution of boiled rubber, which is scarcely thicker than oil. The rubber is so offensive when it is being boiled that I have been obliged to remove my factory to New Jersey in order to operate my works properly. Another reason for the removal of the rubber is its high degree of explosiveness when going through the boiling process, this fact barring it from all city limits.

After the segments are dipped in rubber they are cooled, becoming hard, yet not too hard to be appliable. They are now sewed together, and after they are all fitted nicely in shape the balloon is inflated with hydrogen gas and is tied to the ground.

The hydrogen gas which will be used is a very powerful material, and has five times the lifting power of illuminating gas. After the balloon is inflated with this wonderful fluid, it is coated with a solution of rubber and oil, which is put on with a big, soft brush. The oil immediately hardens and becomes a part of the balloon.

It is impossible for gas to escape from the balloon, and the only time it will ever fall comes after the air within has, to use a common expression, "grown heavy," which will not occur short of three or four weeks.

The car which will be attached to the balloon is made of rattan, and looks like an immense basket, with a cover to protect the passengers in case of rain. It always hangs in a perfectly horizontal position below the balloon, and is as safe as a rocking chair. The netting will be made of No. 2 gray linen tape, which will be sewed instead of tied, thus making a flat seam and abolishing knots.

The mode of propelling the balloon along the wire is most interesting. It was proposed at first to pull the balloon along by means of a cable which could be attached to it and gradually hauled in. But this seemed rather crude, and robbed ballooning of its element of sport and scientific construction. Therefore we have decided to fix sails to the balloon, and are, in fact, now operating several of them in this way.

A sail containing perhaps 800 yards of linen drill, which is the best sail cloth for ballooning, is fitted to the side of the balloon upon a sort of revolving mast, which swings around the balloon as required, and the handling of the sail is the same as on a yacht.

After the balloon runs up the cable and reaches its line high in mildair, the sail is swung around to catch the air, and whiz! away goes the balloon skimming along the right direction. It is decidedly in the air, yet it cannot get off the track, owing to the great ring which holds it to the cable. The general elevation is to be 1,600 feet in the air, affording a bird's eye view of some thirty miles of magnificent country.

Balloonists have long been at work trying to perfect something of this kind, but up to date this is the very best aerial rapid transit that has been invented.

LEO. STEVENS.



THE NATIVES OF THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS GREATLY RESEMBLE THE NATIVE CUBANS, OF WHOM THE GREAT ARTIST, FREDERIC REMINGTON, DRAWS THIS STRIKING AND CHARACTERISTIC LIFE SKETCH.

EMERALDS DONE

Were Walloped to Pieces by South Ends

IN TWO GAMES PLAYED SATURDAY

South Ends are Now Champions

HAVING WON THE ENTIRE SERIES

Unions Will Challenge the Winners

The gradual degeneracy of the famous old "Acre," which popularly speaking includes the vicinity of the North common, was never so strongly felt as it was on Saturday when the Emeralds the erstwhile crack ball team of the North End of the city, the successors to the great Columbians of almost a decade back, went up against their great rivals, the South Ends and were trimmed up with disgusting ease.

An old time North common rooter who had laid his money on the Emeralds as a matter of principle sitting beside me in the grand stand, left the grounds during the second game with the sadly expressive if inelegant remark "Well, the Acre has gone to —— entirely when the Acre lads can't get one game out of two from the South Ends."

You'd have to agree with him if you were there for the Acre lads couldn't play ball well enough to get a show on a juvenile team and from start to finish they entirely forgot that time honored injunction to all good Acre lads about "sticking together," and they played like men on nine different teams. Maurice Dineen has vowed that he'll never, never be seen upon the North common while the Walla Walla wonder has gone out to Long Sought For to weep alone over the degeneracy of his pupils.

"But what can you expect?" says Teddy Fitz mournfully. "In Suffolk street and Doyle's alley where once the gang talked nothing but base ball you now find a swarthy crowd who don't know a base ball from an onion poultice. What can you expect?"

They were the third and fourth games in the series of five out of seven between the South Ends and Emeralds for a $100 purse and the championship of the city and the South Ends by winning both won the series, the money and the championship. An immense crowd went up to the Fair Grounds to see them and it was only in the second game when the South Ends walloped their rivals all over the field that they lost their gameness and left the grounds.

The first game was something after the style of a ball game. What I saw of the second game beggared description. I have never seen any kind of a sport that it resembled.

It was in the fourth inning of the second game that the Emeralds were finally throw down and even Dr. Henotte the king base ball crank of the city got up and went out and when the doctor quits his time for every self-respecting rooter to make his escape.

The umpire this time was all right. His name is Ryan and he hails from Haverhill. He looks like a tragedian but he isn't and what he lacks in size he makes up in lung power and the cranks are all stuck on him.

In the first game the Emeralds were whitewashed and if it were not for Dan Murphy they would have been shut out without a hit. Bacon, the South End pitcher made them feel like a plugged quarter which is less than "20 cents," and a pitcher named Schneider from Bacon's town had charge of the interment.

Clancey pitched for the Emeralds. He was wild and when he did get the ball over the plate it was hit hard. He gave 12 bases on balls and was touched up for eight hits, one of which was a triple by Roche.

The features of the first game was the phenomenal fielding of Qualey in left field for the South Ends, a phenomenal one-hand catch by Jack Roche in the eighth inning and the fielding of Flanagan. The score:

SOUTH ENDS.

Reagan ss	5	1	2	2	0	5	1
Perry, 2b	3	1	0	0	2	4	1
Flanagan 1b	1	0	0	0	12	0	0
Farley c	4	2	1	1	6	0	1
Thorne, rf	4	2	0	0	0	0	0
Roche, m	4	1	1	3	3	1	0
Slines, 3b	3	1	1	1	1	0	0
Qualey, lf	4	0	1	1	2	0	1
Bacon p	3	1	2	2	0	5	2
Totals	31	9	8	10	27	15	6

EMERALDS.

Connors, lf	4	0	0	0	2	0	0
Balcomb, 1b	4	0	0	0	6	0	0
Den Murphy, 3b	4	0	0	0	1	2	1
O'Brien, ss	4	0	0	0	0	0	1
Clancey, p	4	0	0	0	0	3	1
Dan Murphy, c	3	0	1	1	9	0	1
Mulvaney, rf	4	0	0	0	1	0	0
Donovan, 2b	2	0	0	0	1	3	1
Kane, cf	3	0	0	0	2	0	0
Totals	32	0	1	1*22	8	5	

* Flanagan and Perry out for interfering with players.

South Ends	5	0	1	0	0	2	1	0	*	—9
Emeralds	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Earned runs—South Ends 1. Three-base hit—Roche. Stolen bases—Flanagan 2, Reagan, Bacon, Perry, Slines, Qualey, Din Murphy. Base on balls, by Clancey 12, by Bacon 1. Hit by pitched ball—Farley, Perry, Dan Murphy. Struck out—By Bacon 5, by Clancey 7. Passed balls—Murphy. Time, 2h. 25m. Umpire—James Ryan.

THE SECOND GAME.

The second game wound up in darkness in the eighth inning with the score 16 to 4 in favor of the South Ends. A pitcher named Schneider was given a trial by the South Ends, and he was invincible. He hails from Natick, Bacon's town, and was recommended by Bacon. He had fine control of the ball and allowed the Emeralds only six scattered hits, all of which were singles. Besides he struck out ten men. Billy Connors was on the rubber for the Emeralds and he was batted hard. His support was ragged as may be seen by consulting the error column. The longest hit of the afternoon was made in this game a home run by big Ed. Flanagan, who sent the ball clear to the race track in the fourth inning.

It's now up to the Unions to get in the game again and trim the South Ends. The crowd is hot for base ball and the season is by no means over.

SOUTH ENDS

Reagan, ss	6	1	0	0	1	0	1
Perry, 2b	6	2	2	5	2	1	0
Flanagan, 1b	5	2	2	6	6	0	0
Farley, c	5	2	3	6	10	0	1
Thorne, rf	5	2	2	2	0	0	0
Roche, cf	3	2	0	0	2	0	0
Slines, 3b	4	2	0	0	2	1	1
Qualey, lf	3	2	0	0	1	0	0
Schneider p	5	1	1	3	0	2	0
Totals	42	16	10	22	24	4	3

EMERALDS.

Balcomb, 1b	4	0	0	0	7	1	4
O'Brien ss	4	0	0	0	2	4	2
Din Murphy, 3b	4	1	2	2	0	1	3
Dan Murphy c	4	1	0	0	6	0	1
Mulvaney rf	3	1	1	1	0	0	0
Donovan, 2b	4	0	0	0	1	1	2
Connors p	3	1	1	1	2	2	1
Kane cf	3	0	2	2	2	1	0
Clancey lf	3	0	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	32	4	6	6	21	9	13

South Ends	6	0	1	7	1	0	1	*	—16
Emeralds	0	1	0	0	0	3	0	0	—4

Earned runs—South Ends 6, Emeralds 2. Two base hits—Flanagan, Farley, Perry. Three base hits—Perry, Farley, Schneider. Home run—Flanagan. Stolen bases—Slines, Reagan, Din Murphy 2, Connors, Dan Murphy, Mulvaney. Bases on balls—By Connors 4, by Schneider. Hit by pitched ball—Qualey. Struck out—By Schneider 10, Connors 5. Passed balls—Murphy 3, Farley. Wild pitches—Schneider, Connors. Umpire—James Ryan. Attendance 2000.

MERRIMACKS 25, ATLANTICS 21.

The Merrimacks defeated the Atlantics on Fels' field in Dracut Saturday afternoon by a score of 25 to 12. The score:

MERRIMACKS.

Reddy lf 3b	2	3	0	0	1	0	0
Sullivan, 2b	4	5	4	4	2	2	1
Flynn ss	5	5	2	2	2	2	1
Hansbury 3b	5	3	1	4	0	1	1
Fitz c	6	2	1	1	13	1	1
Moran, p	4	2	1	1	0	1	1
Morris 1b	5	0	1	1	8	0	1
Keith cf	5	1	3	5	1	0	0
Kelly rf	3	4	1	1	0	0	0
Totals	39	25	14	22	27	7	6

ATLANTICS.

W. Riley lf	3	1	1	1	2	0	0
M. Murphy 2b	3	1	1	1	3	0	0
Duffy p	5	0	0	1	1	2	1
Willis, 1b	5	2	2	3	9	0	1
T. Murphy ss	6	0	0	0	2	1	1
Gleason 3b	5	2	2	2	1	1	1
Harrington cf	1	2	2	2	0	0	0
M. Riley c	4	1	2	2	5	0	0
Kerry rf	4	3	2	3	2	0	0
Totals	39	12	13	17	21	4	7



M. PAUL DEROULEDE, Arrested for Conspiring against the French government.

MORTUARY REPORT

REPORT OF DEATHS FOR THE WEEK ENDING AUGUST 12, 1899.

3. Benjamin M. Blake, 46, intestinal obstruction.
4. Mary A. McCabe, 71, general debility.
   Owen Quinn, 61, pneumonia.
   Bridget Myers, 28, rheumatism.
   Daniel O'Brien, 7 mos., diarrhoea.
5. Ann Sykes, 57, carcinoma.
   Ida Elms, 16, peritonitis.
   Emma Lamontagne, 2, diphtheria.
6. Emelie Carriful, 46, heart disease.
   Ethel Sims, 2, spinal meningitis.
   Robert A. Lace, 1, chol. infantum.
   Rosalie Duval, 19 mos., debility.
   Margaret S. Lavigne, 6 mos., meningitis.
   Katie V. Gargan, 5 mos., marasmus.
   Laura Cossete, 4 mos., chol. infantum.
   Marie B. Ouellette, 1 mo., debility.
   Alice Cloutier, 18 days, convulsions.
7. Bridget Casey, 55, disease of heart.
   Mary E. Hilton, 54, colitis.
   Edward Hussey, 40, tuberculosis.
   Winnie Molloy, 1, gastro-enteritis.
   Viateur Ducharme, 5 mos., cholera infantum.
   Frederick Morrison, 5 mos., cholera infantum.
   Ernest W. Cairns, 4 mos., chol. inf.
7. George Farrell, 3 mos., entero colitis.
   Diana M. Frye, 63, disease of kidneys.
8. Patrick Shaughnessy, 29, pulm. phthisis.
   Lizzie Lizotte, 1 mo., debility.
   John Sullivan, three days, debility.
9. Susan Riley, 26, peritonitis.
   Esther Mitchell, 1, gastro enteritis.
   Mary A. Anderson, 5 mos., chol. inft.
10. Charles G. Day, 55, cer. hemorrhage.
   Henry C. Cockerille, 54, suffocation by gas.
   Delia Ancoin, 22, puerperal fever.
   Anna Picanso, 4 mos., gastro enteritis.
   John A. Johnston, 3 mos., enteritis.
   John Pombrio, 41, 1 day, debility.
11. Annie Lahiff, 7 mos., chol. inft.
   Joseph N. Eno, 7 mos., cap. bronchitis.
   Olevine Duchesne, 6 mos., enteritis.
   Fannie M. Bird, 2 mos., chol. inft.
   GIRARD P. DADMAN, City Clerk.



The Easy Food
Easy to Buy,
Easy to Cook,
Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest.
Quaker Oats
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkgs. only

CASTORIA.
Bears the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* The Kind You Have Always Bought.

MORTALITY OF LOWELL

FOR THE WEEK ENDING AUG. 12, 1899.

Population 88,641; total deaths, 46, deaths under five, 28; infectious diseases 1; acute lung diseases 2.

Death rate for the week ending August 12, 1899, 26.30 against 25.19 and 22.87 for previous two weeks.

Infectious diseases reported for the week ending Aug. 12, 1899.

Scarlet fever 6; diphtheria 1.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Herbert E. Grover of Young's hairdressing rooms, with his family is at the Adline, Old Orchard.

it's neglect of throat and bronchial troubles that leads to death-dealing disease.

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

No wonder Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar is praised by its users. Its curative effects are like magic. Sold by druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

$100 Reward $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

$19.60

TAX RATE FOR 1899.

Our rates same as usual on all Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry of all description, Silver and Silver plated ware, Gold and Gold-filled Spectacles, etc., etc.

J. D. Grant

64 Merrimack Street.

Grand Clearance Sale

AT J. DRAIN'S, 111 GORHAM ST.

Our entire stock marked down about one half in order to reduce our enormous stock.

This is a genuine clearance sale, no humbug nor no bluff but the goods must go, we must have the money and we must have the room, and in order to accomplish this we will sacrifice our entire stock at about one half. Great opportunity, don't miss it.

Come Everybody to the Great Clearance Sale.

J. DRAIN 111 GORHAM ST.

A. G. POLLARD & CO.

MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

MID-SUMMER SALE OF COTTONS.

We Are Stocked Very Heavily This Time For Our

Semi-Annual Sale of Cotton

With the Following Good Values.

BLEACHED.		UNBLEACHED.	
Yard wide, good strong cotton. Remnants 1 to 5 yards,	4c yard	Brown cotton 30-inch wide, 2 qualities,	3 cents
Yard wide, fine and soft, No. 1 remnants 1 to 6 yards, Dwight C, soft finish, heavier thread, both at	5c yard	Yard wide, standard cotton, firm and heavy, remnants 1 to 15 yards	4 cents
Dwight Anchor, 4-4 extra good cotton, 1 to 4 1-4 yards, worth 9c,	6¾ cents	Yard wide, finer quality, 2 to 15 yards,	5 cents
Dwight Anchor, 42 and 45 in., pillow casing, 1 to 5 yards, worth 11c and 12 1-2c,	8½ cents	40 in. wide, Andros Coggin cotton, 1 to 10 yards,	5½ cents
Yard wide, fine Cambric, equal to Lonsdale, worth 12 1-2c, at	8 cents	40 in. wide, Dwight C, very firm and fine,	6½ cents
Dwight sheetings, 9-4 and 10-4 wide, 2 to 15 yards, worth 25c and 27c, at	17 cents	8-4 Sheeting,	14 cents
		9-4 Sheeting,	15 cents
		10-4 Sheeting,	16 cents

We have also remnants of all the odd widths such as 50 in., 54 in., 61 in., and 98 in. at low prices. BASEMENT.

A. G. Pollard & Co.

FOR GENUINE BARGAINS IN

Household Furniture

YOU SHOULD CALL AT

PETER DAVEY'S, on Market St.,

He is selling the best and most economical Refrigerators and Ice Chests; the Crescent has no superior for a cold blast. Also a full line of Baby Carriages will be closed out at almost Cost Prices.

Call and examine before purchasing.

PETER DAVEY,

134 Market Street - - - Opposite Palmer

TELEPHONE. RESIDENCE—458-2. STORE—314-2.

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE

Nerve tonic. Blood Maker. Send for descriptive pamphlet. Sold by druggists everywhere. 50 cents per box—six for $2.50. DR. WILLIAMS' MED. CO., Schenectady, N. Y.

For Women.

Dr. Tolman's Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women; have never had a single failure; longest cases relieved in 2 to 5 days without fail; no other remedy will do this; no pain, no danger, no interference with work; by mail or at office $2. write for further particulars. All letters truthfully answered. DR. E. M. TOLMAN CO., 170 Tremont St., Boston.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE. Cheap for cash, a Chickering square Piano in good condition. For particulars address C. S. P., Sun office.

FOR SALE—Democrat wagon, horse and buggy. Call at Kappler's blacksmith shop, 1115 Gorham st.

FOR SALE. Union bakery, 152 Church street, sickness only cause. Come and make your own price.

RARE CHANCE—Hotel Sedwick for sale or to let, 35 rooms, in perfect order, present occupants 35 years. Apply to Glass & Lunt, Real Estate Brokers, Newburyport, Mass.

BARBER SHOP on Bridge street must be sold, regardless of cost, terms easy. Apply to Joseph A. Lazare, 64 Central st., room 6.

COTTAGES FOR SALE—Cottage of seven rooms, $1100; cottage of seven rooms, $1500. Cottage of seven rooms, set tubs bath room and furnace, 6250 feet of land, $2400. Cottage of nine rooms, $1800. If you want a house lot within fifteen minutes' walk from Centralville bridge for $50, come and see me at 1125 Bridge street. Telephone 855-3.

FOR SALE—Pool room and cigar store for sale at 167 Middlesex street.

FOR SALE—Best fitted and cleanest restaurant in Lawrence; first class; location beats all others, and is paying good money. Price reasonable. Anyone that wants a good business and make money this is the one. Address or apply to C. W. Howard, 621 Essex street.

FOR SALE—The entire outfit for preparing fried fish and chipped potatoes. We are going out of the business for good reasons and offer the outfit at a bargain. For full particulars apply to J. W. Robinson, 119 Tenney street, Methuen, Mass.

WAGONS inspection invited to my select stock of Concords, democrats, square wagons, panel side wagons, and an assortment of second hand phaetons, Stanhope buggies, wagons in good condition, all of which I will sell at bargains. J. F. Libby, 63 Robbins street.

FOR SALE—A first-class cobbler's shop, including all kinds of tools, lasts, machines, etc. Apply at 111 Pleasant street.

MUST SELL my upright piano, stool, scarf, and 1 blankets of music; would prefer cash, but will sell on installments. Address P. O. Box 187.

FOR SALE—Lot of land on High and avenue 600 feet, by Lewis P. Gould, 914 Gorham street.

FOR SALE. Ten R.I.P.A.N.S for 5 cents at druggists. One gives relief.

FOR SALE—On Lowell street, 5-room house and pantry; small lot of land. Price $1600. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE. On July street, 7-room cottage house, all modern improvements, large lot of land. Price $2500. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—Near Courthouse, 6 room house, good size lot of land. Price $2100. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—Near Central street, 2-tenement house, 6 rooms to each tenement. Price $1670. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—One of the best boarding and lodging houses in Lowell; must be sold on account of sickness. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—Near Chelmsford street, cottage house of 7 rooms, large barn. Price $1750. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. A. MICHAUD, grocer, 170 E. Merrimack street, has one of the best and most reliable cures ever discovered for chills of all kinds, malaria, hay fever, fever and ague, etc., all persons suffering from any of these diseases should call or address the above.

LAST WEEK in town. Satisfaction guaranteed to all who consult the Gypsy Fortune Teller, card reader, clairvoyant and palmist, 7 Merrimack street, Suite 7.

DRESSMAKING—Misses Sheehan and Cummings wish to inform their friends and the public that they have opened dress making apartments at 70 West 6th street. Work well done. Satisfaction guaranteed.

WE WILL EITHER buy or store second-hand furniture at No. 54 Charles street. When we buy we pay the highest price and make a specialty of antique pieces. Will be on premises every day from 5 to 9 p. m. E. O'Heir, attorney.

LOOK HERE.

New and second-hand carpets, rugs, furniture and bicycles sold at less than half price at W. Evans, 173 Gorham st. Electric motor, $5.00.

RUBBER STAMPS—At wholesale prices. 1 inch one line stamps 10c, 2 1-2 inch 15c, 35c, ink pads 25c, 25c ink pads 15c; 35c, linen markers 35c; business stamps 17c per line. J. M. Fellows, 152 Merrimack street.

CALL at 163 Merrimack street to buy or sell second-hand furniture. Telephone 698-4.

WATER CLOSETS and bath tubs from $5.00 up. All first class plumbing at lowest prices. J. H. Barry, 48 Market street.

MADAME ALVARDE

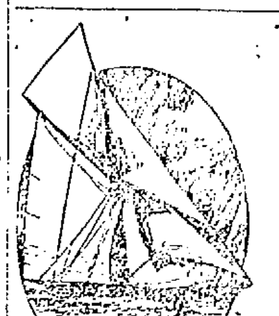
The popular card reader of Boston, has returned to this city for a short time only, where she can be consulted on business affairs, love, etc., lost articles found, names called. The Madame, born in a veil, has since earliest recollections, been gifted with power to reveal the past, present and future. Call and be convinced. Fees: ladies, 25c; gents, 50c. Hours, 10 a. m. to 9 p. m., at 110 Church street.

Madam Stewart,

New York's Most Celebrated Life Reader and Palmist,

—Wall street's great success. Come and be advised on all matters of business, speculation, investments, love, law, travels and all perplexities of life. The past is recalled to assure that you are receiving honest, straightforward truths. If considering a reading consult the best. As the madam has no equal in her profession, all are invited to call and investigate. Perfect satisfaction or no pay.

Room 43, Bon Marche Bldg.



The American Cup defender outclasses all others. It's the same way with our coal. A ton of it will prove this to you.

D. T. SULLIVAN,

Coal, Wood, Lime, Etc.

984 Gorham St.

Branch Office, 227 Central street.

Telephone 712-2.

J. F. ROGERS, UNDERTAKER,

OFFICE—816 Central Street.
RESIDENCE—29 Cedar Street.
Telephone connection. Hacks furnished for all occasions.

CONSUMPTION

To the Editor—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy free to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and post-office address. Respectfully, T. A. Slocum, M. C., No. 183 Pearl Street, New York.

WANTED.

PROF. DOUGLASS, Astrologer, reads the nativity and gives advice on all business affairs. By mail or in person. Parties corresponding should state age in full. 106 Merrimack street, Bascom Block, Room 19.

WANTED by a gentleman and wife, 2 rooms and board with a private family in Belvidere. Address D. Hinckley, Locks & Canals office, 63 Broadway.

CALL AT GONZALES, the Cutler, 128 Gorham street, if you want a first-class razor or strop. He has the new Xavier razor which excels all others. Razors concaved and honed.

A SNAP—Fine business opportunity for active young man with about $100. No agents. Address or call, E. W., 83 West Third st.

WANTED—Elderly lady to take care of house, good pay. Mrs. A. Davis, 90 Olive st.

WANTED—First-class Carriage Blacksmith at P. A. Mackenzie's, 392 Broadway, steady work for the right man.

WANTED—Girl for folding and finishing; experienced. Greenwood & Payton Hosiery.

WANTED—Any lady having two or three hours spare time a day can make $5 weekly working for us at home; nothing to sell. Send self addressed envelope for free sample. Manhattan E. M. Co., 101 Beekman street, N. Y.

THOS. DON, 153 Merrimack street, over Shanley's, wants and furnishes reliable help.

WANTED—Hoisting engineers. Apply at Norcross Bros., cor. Huntington Ave. and Massachusetts Ave., Boston, Mass.

WANTED—100 up to date people to carry our Aluminum Card Cases. Only 50c for 100 cards and beautifully engraved case. Call at room 1, 29 Central st. Agents wanted in every factory and mill in Lowell. Open evenings.

WANTED—Lady agents for medicine company. Salary and expenses at the start. No experience necessary. Call in person at once at 54 First street.

WANTED—Names of ruptured people. We cure rupture free to introduce our method. Dr. Speirs, 61 Main street, Westbrook, Me.

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter—A young man, competent stenographer and typewriter desires employment. Best of references. Address X., Sun office.

WANTED—Room with power for light manufacturing, about 30x50. Address P. O. Box 978, city.

WANTED—A second hand refrigerator or ice chest. Address B, Sun office.

WANTED—First class paper hangers and painters. 530 Gorham street.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. in stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

LOST AND FOUND.

DOG STOLEN—If the party who stole the white bull terrier from 2 Riverbank, Lakeview avenue will return same to the owner, no questions will be asked. If not returned within three days proceedings will be taken.

LOST—A pocketbook containing a sum of money, between Moore street and the Fair Grounds Saturday night. Reward at 49 Fay street.

LOST—A gold Greek letter pin, with name on back. Reward at 683 Pawtucket street.

FOUND—The best place in Lowell for ladies to buy hats, bonnets, sailors, etc. at moderate prices is at No. 656 Merrimack street, Mlle. Maxime Leplan, formerly 337 Moody street. Call in and ask prices.

LOST—A valuable diamond shirt stud this forenoon, either on the electrics or on the street. Finder will be rewarded by returning same to owner, J. P. Dugdale, 19 Marlboro street.

TO LET.

TO RENT—5-room tenement and stable, 131 Powell street; keys at store, next door.

TO LET—Some first class tenements in all parts of the city. Apply A. G. Beharrell, Room 8, Bon Marche Block.

TO LET—Nice furnished and unfurnished rooms at 512 Central street.

TO LET—A tenement of 6 rooms on Fayette street; rent reasonable. Apply at 818 High street.

TO LET—First floor, 25x50, with basement, very central location; good place for carriage or repair shop, plumber, hay and grain. Also a large basement on Button street, near freight depot. Apply at 568 Central street.

TO LET—Two first-class tenements near Shaw Hosiery. Price $12 and $9. Apply A. G. Beharrell, Room 8 Bon Marche Block.

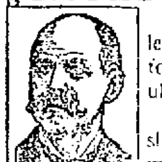
TO LET—A convenient 4-room tenement. Inquire at 70 Chestnut street.

TO LET—Rooms with or without board, one large front room on first floor with gas, furnished or unfurnished. Price low. 202 Fayette street.

WANTED.

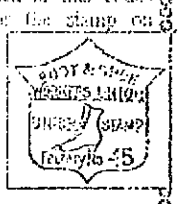
Pattern Makers.
Open Shop.
Steady Work Guaranteed.
Write or apply, 42 Centre Street, Lynn, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES BEST IN THE WORLD



For 15 years the leader in men's fine footwear at a popular price.

W. L. Douglas shoes are Union made, by the best skilled workmen in this country. Look for the stamp on the insole when buying.



We are the exclusive agents for LOWELL

J. D. HALEY, 38 Gorham St.

STOCKS AND BONDS

E. C. Stanwood & Co.

BANKERS.

121 Devonshire St.

BOSTON, MASS.

Investment Bonds.

LISTS SENT ON APPLICATION.

During July

Are you looking for BARGAINS in DIAMONDS, JEWELRY, SILEVR WARE, CLOCKS, etc.

Come direct to

LECAULT & CO.,

RELIABLE JEWELERS.

70 Central St., cor Prescott.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE SUN ON SALE IN BOSTON.

The five o'clock edition of The Sun is on sale at the news stand in the Union Station, Boston.

AT SUGAR AGAIN

You may not think that we are selling sugar cheap because we are not advertising it. Take a little trouble and find out. Dewson Bros., The Big Tea Dealers, 35 Merrimack street.

V. A. MARLT.

Merchant-Tailor, Dyeing, Cleansing, Repairing, Pressing, etc. Goods called for and returned. 49 Chester street, Lowell.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAFTS.

Sold on the Cunard, Dominion, White Star, American, Anchor, Allan, French and German lines to and from Boston, New York, Queenstown and Liverpool. Drafts issued for any amount on all parts of Ireland at Murphy's agency, 18 Appleton street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Try Horne's coal.

F. A. M. Tobin, Printery. 'Phone, 8-43-2.

BURN WILSON'S COAL.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred cigars.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's. Telephone, 224-4.

A regular meeting of the board of health will be held tomorrow afternoon.

The health department has built two new garbage carts at the yard on Broadway.

SPANISH WAR VETERANS.

At their last weekly meeting in the upper hall in the Memorial building, the Spanish-American war veterans adopted a constitution and by-laws and transacted much other important business.

They expect soon to move into permanent quarters of their own but in the meantime will meet in the upper hall in Memorial building where they will have the privilege of smoking, a privilege not allowed in the main hall.

Their next meeting will be held this evening Aug. 14, and will be the last meeting at which participants will have an opportunity to become charter member, the fee being one dollar ($1.00). All applicants are notified to bring their discharge papers for examination by the standing committee.

PERSONAL.

Misses Helen Craig, May Scanlon, Margaret Ford, Mary E. Wood, Misses Ellen and Katherine Doyle, Misses Josephine and Bridget Connor, Miss Mary McGirr and Miss Anna Holland have returned from Crescent and Lynn beaches after a two weeks' vacation.

William Gordon has gone to St. Albans, Vt., for a month's vacation.

B. C. Day has returned from Underhill, Vt.

George Parks is at Ocean Park, Me.

F. E. Snow has returned from Salem Willows, Mass.

F. W. Davis, paymaster and foreman at E. Hapgood and Sons, is spending a few days at Salem.

Mrs. E. D. Taylor and Miss Minnie Clifford will spend the remainder of this month at East Vassalboro, Me.

Rev. Philip J. Garrigan, D. D., of Washington, his niece, Miss Alice T. Lee of this city and Rev. D. F. Feehan of Fitchburg, are at the Cataract House, Niagara Falls.

Perry Thompson and family are at Winter Island.

Miss Swain, head saleslady in charge of the glove department at A. G. Pollard and Co.'s left yesterday for Nantucket for a two weeks' vacation.

Misses Hettie and Hattie Drewett are rusticating at Crescent beach for one week.

Bert and Gordon Foster of Pleasant street started this morning on a tandem for a month's vacation at their former home in Canada.

W. W. O. Coram sails today from Boston to join his wife and daughter in Penbrooke, Me. Mr. Coram will join a fishing party in charge of Rev. Allison Currier.

Among the people registered at the Atlantic House, Salem Point, are R. M. Staples and family, and Mrs. Olive Leach and Miss H. Wheeler and Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Colburn.

Epping, N. H., will be the address of L. F. Yeoman of Plain street for the next few days.

Thomas Kennedy of the Wm. Kittredge Co. will take a part of his vacation in New York and vicinity.

Miss Nettie Studley and Miss Nellie Fairweather have returned from a two weeks' stay at Old Orchard.

Among the list of passengers on the steamer New York for Southampton, London and Paris appears the name of Elizabeth S. Hawes, formerly of Lowell, now of Cleveland.

Mrs. H. S. Eastman of Cleveland, Ohio, is visiting her sister, Mrs. George H. Frye of Second street.

Mr. and Mrs. Spillane of Lynn are spending their honeymoon at the residence of the bride's sister, Mrs. E. J. Mason, 112 Marshall road. Mrs. Spillane was formerly Miss Ella Jones of this city.

Mrs. E. M. Brainard and daughter Blanche Hazel Brainard, have returned from a delightful trip through Vermont. They were registered at the Montpelier House, Montpelier, and Hotel Burlington, Burlington, for eleven days.

Miss Louise Lavine has resumed her position after a brief stay at Nahant.

Mr. Joseph Nolan is stopping at the Bay View hotel at Nahant beach.

Miss Ray Kelly of Nantucket beach has recovered from her recent illness.

Mr. Roy Proctor formerly of this city now holds a responsible position with one of the large shoe houses in Lynn.

Miss May O'Brien is at Gloucester.

Miss Katharine Bushnell and Miss Cullen are at Juniper Point.

Miss Minnie Bushnell will soon leave for New York.

Mr. P. Murray of Kinsman street is camping at Concord, Mass.

Mr. William J. Culliton has returned from Jefferson, N. H., after a very pleasant vacation.

Mr. Thomas Cuff of the Belvidere Pharmacy will leave next week for Salisbury beach where he will join the Y.M.C.I. who are occupying a cottage there.

Dr. Coburn DENTIST 81 KIRK ST.

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.



MAJOR M. G. PERKINS, Who Celebrated his 80th Birthday Saturday.

AN OCTOGENARIAN

Major Gilbert Perkins Celebrates His 80th Brithday

ENJOYABLE RECEPTION MARKED OCCASION

Was Presented Many Beautiful Gifts

Major Gilbert Perkins an old and distinguished resident of this city, observed his 80th birthday, Saturday at his home on Liberty street, where between hours of 1 and 4 p. m. he received the personal congratulations of many friends, including his brethren of Grand Canton Pawtucket who in full uniform did honor to their venerable host. He was assisted in receiving in the parlor [illegible] by his wife, his daughter, Mrs. Ella P. Judkins, and his nephew, Mr. William C. Perkins of Boston and his wife, while Hadley's orchestra played on the floor above. The D. L. Page company served supper for 500 people.

Mr. Perkins received over 100 letters from friends in different sections of the country. He was also the recipient of many rich and beautiful gifts, prominent among which were: A veteran Patriarch's Militant charm of solid gold from Canton Pawtucket; gold headed cane appropriately inscribed from the Middlesex North Agricultural society; a beautiful natural birchwood arm chair from Passaconaway Tribe of Red Men, and a morocco bound autograph album from the Highland Congregational church, containing the following inscription:

Mr. Maj. Gilbert Perkins:

Dear Friend and Neighbor: Within this volume are inscribed the names of friends who desire not only to show some recognition of your 80th birthday, but also to provide some tangible assurance of the high esteem in which you are held by them. Your friends appreciate the sturdy manhood and erectness of the character which you have exhibited all these years and many of them are not unmindful of your generosity in giving that sweet-toned bell that tolls the hour for worship from the steeple of the Highland Congregational church. Its tuneful tones are ever turning men's thoughts to higher and more divine things. Your friends all join in praising God for vouchsafing to you such a vigorous, hearty old age and their earnest prayers are that you and your estimable wife may be blessed with many more years of enriching life and gracious and enduring fellowship."

This inscription is followed by the names of the officers of the church and of the members of the congregation.

The president, vice president, secretary pro tem, treasurer and trustees of the Middlesex North Agricultural society were all present. The presentation speech was made by the treasurer, Mr. S. Drewett.

The speech in behalf of the Passaconaway Tribe of Red Men was made by Past Sachem John L. Stevens. Col. John C. Bennett of the Patriarchs Militant presented the charm.

Major Perkins was visibly affected but thanked his friends in neat remarks.

Among the out-of-town people present were Rev. Mr. Haynes of Chester, Mr. Jared C. Perkins brother of Major Perkins of Boston, P. Q., and Mr. and Mrs. John Seaver of Juniper Point, most of the prominent people of the city, and all of Mr. Perkins' immediate neighbors called during the afternoon and paid their respects to their old and much-loved friend.

Major Gilbert Perkins was born in [illegible], Aug. 12, 1819. He is descended from old colonial families on [illegible] The [illegible] Upton [illegible] Thetford.

Major Gilbert Perkins came to Lowell in [illegible] After leaving the [illegible] business and for [illegible] years engaged in manufacturing but for a number of years has been a real estate broker. He is [illegible] first [illegible] Governor [illegible] 1857. Mr. Perkins has been married three times. First to Nancy Haynes in [illegible] second to Harriet [illegible] Smith in 1850 and third to Caroline J. Stimson in 1855. He has had the following children: Hollis, born in Troy, Vt.; Ella, born in Lowell; Edward C., Carrie L., and Arthur C. Mr. Perkins has traveled extensively in this country and Europe and considers it a source of interesting and instructive information.

Originally a Whig, Mr. Perkins is now a republican in politics and served in the common council in 1851 and 1852. He is an attendant of the Highland Congregational church; a member of the Lowell board of trade; Middlesex North Agricultural society; Old Residents' association, and the Lawrence Debating club. Fraternally he is a member of Veritas lodge, I.O.O.F., Monomake Encampment; Grand Canton Pawtucket, Patriarchs Militant; Passaconaway Tribe of Red Men and of the Knights of Pythias.

FOR LABOR DAY

Trades and Labor Council Arranging Events

COMMITTEES REPORTED PROGRESS YESTERDAY

Speakers to be Procured for Labor Demonstration

There was a meeting of the Trades and Labor council Sunday afternoon in Building Laborers' hall in Middle street.

A delegation of the Iron Moulders' union was admitted. A check for $10 was received from the Harvard Brewing company to help pay the expenses of the Labor Day parade and the council extended a vote of thanks to the company.

The matter in regard to the affiliating with the state federation of labor came up and it was voted to lay the same you want an oil cloth for the kitchen or

Chief marshal John J. Mahoney gave notice that he desired a meeting of the aids next Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock in Building Laborers' hall in Middle

A committee of three was appointed to secure Labor speakers for the labor rally that will take place on the common Labor Day evening.

At a meeting of the Labor Day committee Timothy J. Reagan was authorized to receive entries for the various sports to be held on the South common.

General Manager Convery was authorized to take charge of and let the booth privileges.

Albert H. Ham, treasurer of the council, was elected treasurer of the Labor Day committee.

The sports on the common will start at 1.30 o'clock with a ball game between two good amateur teams.

PRIVATE SHEEHAN

Now in an Hospital in San Francisco

Mrs. John Coursey of Swift street, sister of Mr. George P. Sheehan received word yesterday from San Francisco stating that after the hospital ship "Philip" landed, Private Sheehan was immediately removed to a San Francisco hospital where he is now undergoing a painful operation caused by injuries received at Manila.

Mr. Sheehan is well known by the military men of Lowell and has been a resident of Lowell for nearly twenty five years. Having a great desire for a regular army four years before army life he enlisted in the United the war with Spain broke out and was sent to Manila. He was in Manila when Dewey destroyed the Spanish fleet and he took part in most of the battles with the insurgents until wounded and sent to a hospital. His friends entertain the hope that he will recover from his injuries now that he [illegible] and sure to get the best of care.

An Epicure's Idea.

Pineapple Jelly made with KEYSTONE Silver White GELATINE

Recipes with every box. If your grocer cannot supply you send [illegible] sample [illegible] by the leading cooks of the country. [illegible] MICHIGAN CARBON WORKS, Detroit, Mich. The largest makers of gelatine in the world.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

After Stock Sale Still On

AT THE BON MARCHE.

SPECIAL SLAUGHTER SALE OF COLORED SILKS

All our 39c. and 49c. Satin Brocades, 49c. Bengalines, 39c. Fancy Plaid Silks, some 2700 yards, to go now at the ridiculous price of

25c. a yard

Sale to commence Thursday A. M., at 9 o'clock sharp. No samples. Quantity limited.

All our 75c. Figured Taffetas, 59c. Fancy Figured Foulards, 75c. Brocade and Plain Taffetas, Fine Jap. Fancies, to go out quick at the nominal figure of

37c. a yard

Sale to commence Thursday morning at 9 o'clock sharp. Not more than 2 patterns to a customer.

See Window Display Thursday.

TREMENDOUS UPHEAVAL IN SHOE DEPT. CLOSING OUT THE MEN'S SHOES ROOT AND BRANCH.

This is no bluff closing out scheme, but a genuine going-out, cleaning up sale of all Men's Shoes. Every pair, also odds and ends of Women's Shoes to be thrown in to make things hum. We will not quote prices here, suffice to say $4 and $5 for $1 and so on. Not all reduced so much as this, BUT ALL REDUCED to prices unprecedented. See window display Tuesday. See window display.

Remember the Day! Thursday, Aug. 17, at 9 o'clock a. m.

AT THE BON MARCHE

GOSSIP OF LONDON

Emperor William to Decorate Victoria's Yacht

British Admiralty is Constructing a New and Wonderful Warship—Hotel Wants Guests to Dine Only in Evening Dress—Sir Ellis Bartlett Going to Live in Turkey

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Aug. 11.—Bright, warm weather still prevails throughout England. The wells and springs are beginning to run dry and a serious state of things is expected unless it rains soon. Doubtless, owing to the fine weather, the holiday traffic continues to be the biggest known. The railways to the north were specially crowded during the last few days with those who were bound to the grouse moors.

The Prince of Wales started for Marienbad Thursday, to which place a large number of Americans and English are already following.

Mr. John Hays Hammond, the American engineer has been seriously ill ever since he returned from South Africa a few weeks ago. He is at Dinard at present and will be taken to Carlsbad as soon as he can be moved.

Truth says, F. W. Harkis of Chicago, who poses as "Chancellor of the National University of Chicago," and whose methods were exposed a few years ago, has broken out again, from [illegible] street, Chicago, offering degrees [illegible] and others in [illegible] for 25 pounds. Mr. Harkis in a [illegible] says:

"This university has proved a boon to non-resident scholars in the past, but this may not continue long. Our council expect to pass a rule soon that will require at least a year of resident work for all candidates, thus barring all who cannot attend a year here in Chicago."

EMPEROR WILLIAM'S DESIRE.

Emperor William has expressed a desire to furnish three seascapes painted by himself for the decoration of Queen Victoria's new yacht, which is nearing completion. His Majesty's enthusiasm as a painter of marine subjects is well known. The Imperial yacht, Hohenzollern, is adorned with a series of [illegible] works which include representations of Great British naval victories.

The directors of the new Carlton hotel have aroused a hornets' nest by an attempt to compel diners at the Table d'Hote to don evening dress. Several well known club men have been refused admittance and protests are appearing in the newspapers. It is pointed out that it is obvious there must be many occasions when it is impossible to dress for dinner, and there is general approval of the expressed intention of some of the victims of the regulation to carry the matter into the courts, as hotels [illegible] have no right whatever, to refuse to accommodate any well-behaved person who is willing to pay.

GOING TO TURKEY.

His fellow-commoners have started a story that Sir Ellis Ashmead-Bartlett, who was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., and who is a conservative member for the Ecclesall division of Sheffield, contemplates residing in Turkey and donning the Fez. Probably the story originated from the fact that he has just obtained concessions for an electric traction road from Smyrna to Salonica. It is understood some Americans will be interested in these concessions. Commenting on the subject, the Constantinople Palace Organ, Ikdam, says Mr. Bartlett has been one of the most distinguished well-wishers of the Osmanlis for twenty years and that all his speeches have testified to his sound, impartial judgment and his friendship for them.

NEW WARSHIPS.

At the moment Emperor William was telling Congressman Foss that the best peace conference is a strong navy, plans had just passed the British Admiralty for an entirely new class of warships. Great interest is taken in the new vessel, which was designed by Sir William White, Director of Naval Construction, who has given a representative of the Associated Press the following particulars:

"We believe she will be the greatest triumph in naval architecture, both for speed and fighting. She will cost, ready for sea, about a million and a quarter, her speed will be a knot in excess of any British battleship, and her guns, turrets, torpedo tubes, nets and booms will embody ideas which experience and experiment have proven far beyond anything yet attempted in this or any other country. Her guns will be generally of smaller calibre than those of the Bulwark, now building. She will be the longest and broadest warship ever laid down in a government dock yard, while her draught will be shallow. Her breadth is designed to attain the maximum steadiness under fire, and from her new steer gear very excellent results are certain. Forward will be circular tops mounted with rapid fire guns. Her total armament will be be fifty-two guns. The detail as to their calibre for the present must be kept secret. Six torpedo tubes will complete her equipment. Her protection of Harveyized steel will be less than on the ships now building. The Spanish-American war directed our attention to coal capacity and nothing will be wanting in that respect. Her displacement will be 13,000 tons. The new vessel, which will be laid down in November at Devonport, immediately after the Bulwark is off the slip, should be ready within a year. She will be the nearest approach yet attained to a perfect combination of the fighting capacity of a battleship with the mobility of a cruiser of that type advocated by one of the highest naval authorities in the world, Captain Mahan."

J. D. Foote will spend the next two weeks at Rye beach, N. H.

SORE FEET

Cured by corns, bunions or callouses, [illegible] using WAKEFIELD'S [illegible] BALSAM SALVE. Price 25c.

Goodale's Drug Store, cor. Central and Jackson Streets

WE MAKE SUITS

To Suit men who will not be Suited with Suits which are not all right.

LOUIS ALEXANDER

65 Central Street.

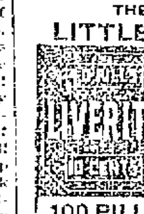
Paul O. Kable, Assistant.

LIVERITA

THE UP-TO-DATE LITTLE LIVER PILL

CURES Biliousness, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Sick-Headache and Liver Complaint.

SUGAR COATED.



100 PILLS 25 CTS.

Sold by all druggists or sent by mail. Nervita Medical Co., Chicago.

For sale by Ellingwood & Co., Druggists, Lowell, Mass.

Cook, Taylor & Co., Central St. Store.

WILL CONTINUE THE

Boom in Bargains This Week

Money in the Till is Better than

Summer Goods

On the shelves.

We need every inch of space for fall goods, so if you want midsummer merchandise at cut prices, remember we cut deep and always show a clean, fresh stock for you to pick from.

This week will close out lots of Wrappers, Shirt Waists, Infants' Bonnets, Children's Hats, Misses' Dresses, Ladies' Neckwear, Summer Knit Underwear and Hosiery.

On Thursday next at 8 o'clock a. m., we expect to show nearly 100 dozen all new styles fall and winter Wrappers and reliance House Dresses which have been made to our special order during the past two months. The shapes, colors, combination combined with perfect fit and low prices will attract the attention of every lady in town.

SPECIAL DRIVES.

Little Girls' Printed Duck Dresses made to sell at 50c, now 25c each.

Men's 10c quality Fast Black Brown and Tan Hose, 5 pairs for 25c.

Men's 12 1-2c and 15c Fast Black and Tan Hose in seconds, 4 pairs for 25c.

50 dozen Little Children's 12 1-2c quality Lisle Thread Vests in seconds; only 5c each.

DOUBLE THE THREE.

There are three afternoon papers besides the Sun in Lowell. Take the combined circulation of these three papers, then double it and The Sun would still lead the lot in circulation. It is Lowell's greatest newspaper.

THE LOWELL SUN

CANNOT DO IT.

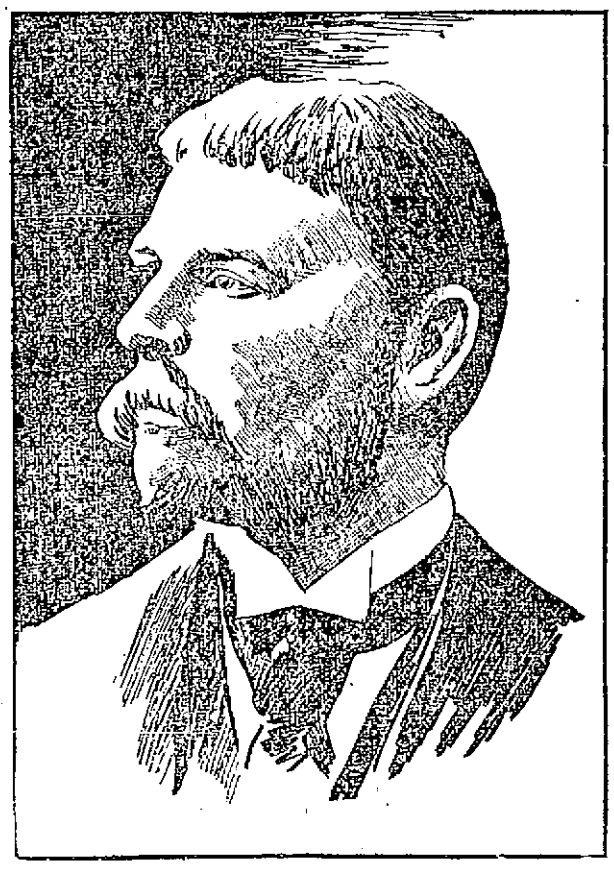
No man or newspaper can serve two masters. A paper that is controlled by stockholders, banks, syndicates or other corporate interests must stand by those interests first and the people last. The Sun being owned by one man is free to stand by the people against their enemies at all times. It is the people's paper.

22ND YEAR. LOWELL, MASS., MONDAY, AUGUST 14, 1899. 8 PAGES 1 CENT

SUN LATEST FIVE O'CLOCK.

THE ASSASSIN'S AID

Invoked by the Conspirators Against Dreyfus



MAITRE LABORI.

The Prisoner's Counsel, Maitre Labori Shot and Fatally Wounded—The Assassins Made Their Escape—Great Excitement in Today's Trial

By Associated Press to The Sun.

RENNES, Aug. 14.—Two men ambushed Maitre Labori, counsel for Dreyfus, and one shot was fired, hitting Laburi in the back. M. Labori fell in the roadway. He is still alive.

Maitre Labori left his house alone for the court about 6 o'clock this morning. His residence is situated in the suburbs of the town about a quarter of an hour's walk from the Lycee, the route being along a solitary road beside the river Vilaine. He had reached a point half way on his journey when two men who had evidently been lying in wait for him rushed out of a narrow lane and one of them fired a single shot from a revolver.

The murderers were only a couple of yards behind their victim and the bullet struck Maitre Labori in the back. The wounded man uttered an agonized cry and fell flat on his face. The murderers immediately fled through the lane from which they emerged and both escaped. At 7.30 o'clock it was announced that the bullet had entered the stomach, that there was no outward bleeding, and that the physicians believe that M. Laborl will die from the wound.

Only two or three laborers going to work saw the crime committed. The spot was well chosen, as the murderers could not be seen by Mr. Laburi until they rushed out upon their victim, the entrance to the lane being hidden by bushes. Moreover, they were afforded an easy means of escape by passing back through the lane which led to the country.

One of the laborers named Patoux, who witnessed the shooting, said: "As I was passing along the road, I saw a tall man walking quickly in the direction of Rennes. He was on the tow path of the Vilaine. He was attired in a dark lounge suit and wore a bowler hat. It was M. Laborl. Just as he reached the bridge crossing a stream falling into the Vilaine, two men about medium height and wearing dark suits and round, soft felt hats, emerged from a rural path entering the main road.

"One of them carried a heavy stick. They approached M. Laborl from behind. Suddenly one drew a revolver and fired point blank at Laborl. He was so near that it was quite impossible for him to miss. A sharp report was heard and M. Laborl threw up his arms and crying 'Ho la la!' which is a common French exclamation, fell flat upon his face. I and one or two others who saw the deed ran up but the murderers had vanished down the lane. Help was immediately sent for and gendarmes quickly came and soon after Mme. Laborl.

M. Laborl, on falling, retained presence of mind enough to arrange his dark, morocco wallet in which he carried his papers, under his head for a pillow until his wife arrived, when he half raised himself and dropped his head in her lap.

A number of laborers who were unloading a barge of stones beside the river heard the shouts of "Murder!" "Stop him!" raised by the pursuers, and one of them placed himself in the way of the murderer, who covering him with a revolver shouted: "Let me pass. I have shot Dreyfus."

The man was so taken aback that he drew aside and allowed the assassin to proceed.

A LATER ACCOUNT.

RENNES Aug. 14.—The following bulletin has been issued:

"Maitre Labori was shot from behind the ball penetrating the posterior region of the thorax on the right side at the height of the fifth or sixth dorsal vertebrae. The heavy flow of blood prevents for the moment exploration of the depth of the wound. The undersigned doctors hope that the ball is lodged in the muscles enveloping the vertebral column. They must, however, maintain today full reserve respecting the integrity of the lung and spinal cord."

The bulletin is signed by four doctors, Reynaud, Reichs, Brissaud, and Vidal, and is timed at 8.20 o'clock this morning.

ITALIAN MURDERED

His Body Was Found by the Roadside

Four Knife Wounds in His Back and One in His Neck—the Police Believe That a Fight Occurred Last Night and the Man Was Stabbed

By Associated Press to The Sun.

FITCHBURG, Mass., Aug. 14.—The body of an unknown Italian was found by the side of the Westminster road near the Westminster town line this morning. The Italian had evidently been murdered during the night as four knife wounds were found in the back and one in the neck. There were also traces of a struggle. The police believe that a fight of some sort occurred about 100 feet distant from the place where the body was found as spots of blood and many footmarks were plainly discernible in the dust of the road at that point. It is supposed that the Italian was able to drag himself to the spot where his body was found, and there expired.

The police spent the forenoon in making investigations. They learned that two gangs of Italians are working in this vicinity. One gang is working on a grade crossing here and another on the street railroad in Westminster. Andrew A. Lopardo, superintendent of the Westminster street railway viewed the body and he says he recognizes the dead Italian as one who applied for work last week. Lopardo hired the man and he worked on the street railroad two days but at the end of that time, Lopardo says, he discovered that the new laborer was a Sicilian and as he had a bad opinion of Sicilians, he discharged him. Last Saturday the man, accompanied by one of his countrymen, applied to Lopardo and asked to be taken back. The laborer said he had been working on the grade crossing in Fitchburg for a few days. The Italian was not taken back, however, and Lopardo says he did not see him again alive. The police made inquiries among the laborers on the grade crossing contract, but the foreman said that no such man had worked there. The foreman of the Westminster street railroad gang says that he did not know the name of the man.

HOWE FUNERAL

Was Very Largely Attended This Afternoon

SERVICES CONDUCTED BY REV. MR. BILLINGS

Singing by the Apollo Male Quartet

The funeral of the late Edward B. Howe took place this afternoon from 249 High street. Among the large attendance present were prominent business and professional men and members of Kilwining Lodge of Masons and other fraternal organizations with which the deceased was formerly connected.

Services were impressively conducted in the Talbot Memorial Chapel, Lowell cemetery, by Rev. C. T. Billings, pastor of the Unitarian church. The Apollo male quartette, Messrs. Burns, Shatteuc, Wirt and Foster, feelingly and effectively rendered favorite hymns of the departed one.

There were many beautiful floral tributes. The interment was in charge of Mr. J. R. Currier and the pall bearers were: Messrs L. A. Derby, Frank Weaver, Charles W. Eaton, James F. Savage, Frank K. Stearns and Arthur Murkland.

DOBBINS—The funeral of the late Rosanna Dobbins took place this forenoon from St. Peter's church and was very largely attended. A requiem mass was celebrated by Rev. W. George Mullen and the choir was under the direction of Mr. James E. Donnelly.

Mrs. Josephine R. McKennedy presided at the organ. The solos of the mass were rendered by Director Donnelly and Miss Louise McLoughlin. The interment was in the Catholic cemetery, under direction of Undertaker Rogers and the pall bearers were: Messrs Jas. Sheridan, Edward Black, John Barry, John Slavin, William Grant and Mr. McKenna.

NERNEY—The funeral of Thomas N. Nerney, son of Owen and Nora Nerney, took place yesterday afternoon from 2 Seventh street. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery, Undertaker O'Donnell in charge. The attendance was very large, many being present from out of town. There were many beautiful and costly floral tributes.

WELCH—The funeral of Thomas Welch, who died in Chelsea Friday took place Saturday afternoon. The interment was in the Catholic cemetery under direction of Undertaker Rogers.

LAHIFF—The funeral of Ann Lahiff was held Saturday afternoon from the home of her parents, 4 Varney avenue. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery, Undertaker O'Donnell in charge.

SWEENEY—The funeral of Bridget G. Sweeney, took place yesterday afternoon from the home of her parents, Patrick and Mary, 33 Clark street. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery, Undertaker O'Donnell in charge.

FLYNN—The funeral of William Flynn, late overseer at the Lowell Machine shop took place yesterday afternoon from his late home, 997 Central street. Services were held at 3.30 o'clock in St. Peter's church. Rev. M. Ronan, pastor, read the burial service. The final absolution was given at the grave in the Catholic cemetery by Rev. Edward Saunders. The bearers were John Sullivan, Frank O'Neil, Edward W. Kelly, John McOwen, Patrick Shanley and Thomas Lee. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery. Undertaker Rogers in charge.

The deceased was very widely known and popular in the community, having formerly been a member of the Young Men's Catholic Library association, and was for a long time connected with the old St. Peter's church choir as a tenor singer.

Miss May Corcoran and Miss Josephine Dempsey will spend their vacation at Nantasket for two weeks.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

SECURITY COMBINED

When You RENT A DEPOSIT BOX, $5.00 Per Annum AT THE TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK

GRAND FAIR 4 Days SEPT. 27-30. Agricultural Park READING and WAKEFIELD. MIDDLESEX EAST AGRICULTURAL ASS'N.

GAMBLERS FINED

A Howard Street Party Also Fined

J. A. NASON CHANGED HIS NAME

A Big Grist of Drunks Disposod of

In the police court this morning, 31 drunks were arraigned before Judge Hadley. Six simple offenders were released on recommendation of Probation Officer Tuttle. John McNalb, Miles Mellen, John Burley, Edward Reynolds, Michael Ketchum, James J. Campbell, Lawrence McAnney Alfred Dixon, George Zeltus, Charles Kornak and Joseph Roserid were each fined $5. The following $6 each: Edward Davis, Sarah Davis, Richard J. Murphy, Cornelius D. Donovan, Edward F. Martel and Mary E. Buckley James C. Cronin, James P. McGuick and Daniel Coughlan were arrested on the Lawrence road in Dracut Saturday night, by Constable Vinal. They were charged with drunkenness. Cronin and Coughlin were each fined $10, and McGuirk was sentenced to jail for a term of four months. Patrick Kelly and David McGarr were also fined $10 apiece for drunkenness.

Mary E. Sullivan was placed on probation for six months, but her husband, Richard Sullivan, was not let off so easily. He was sent to the state farm at Bridgewater.

John F. Murphy, a third offender, was also sent to the state farm.

Wilbur E. Bickford, who claimed he came from the soldiers' home in Milwaukee, was fined $5 for drunkenness. Bickford said he is on a three months' furlough, and will have to report at the home in Milwaukee August 27. He came to Lowell a short time ago and purchased a boarding house in Second street. He later disposed of the boarding house. He got drunk Saturday night and he went into a house in Lawrence street and raised a row until Officer Kelman arrived on the scene and placed Bickford under arrest.

Joseph Lavigne, Francis Lavigne and Severance Messor, charged with playing cards on the Lord's day, pleaded guilty and were fined each $10. Louis Brams, Simon Strogoff, Samuel Richmond, Meyer Rubinstein and Benjamin Richmond were charged with being present at a game of cards on the Lord's Day. They were all four found guilty. Warshawsky Dunn, Brams, Strogoff, Samuel Richmond and Benjamin Richmond were each fined $3 and Reuben was fined $5, he having been before the court previously for playing cards on the Lord's Day.

Samuel Butterick was charged on two counts with larceny. He was charged with stealing a wagon valued at $11, the property of Simon Goldman, and also with stealing a horse, worth $125, the property of Meyer Rubenstein. E. Butterick pleaded guilty to the former charge, but not guilty to the latter. He was held in $200 on both charges till tomorrow for trial.

Joseph Intes, charged with being a stubborn child, was placed on probation.

The case of J. A. Nason receiving money under false pretences was called.

The defendant said Nason was not his proper name. He said his name was Charles Pemblelon. The court continued his case until tomorrow the defendant being held in $500.

PEOPLE IN PANIC

Revolution in Puerto Plata Gaining Ground

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PUERTO PLATA, Aug. 14.—The people here are in wild panic. The revolution against the government is gaining ground. The situation is considered bad for the government. Forces of surgeons with drugs have gone from here to Monte Christi.

LATEST ENLISTMENTS

THREE MORE LOWELL MEN HAVE ENLISTED AT LAWRENCE.

At the recruiting office in Lawrence, Saturday Lieut. Grant stated that he would not be surprised to receive orders at any time, directing him to discontinue recruiting. He thinks the orders will be received before tomorrow anyway.

Among the latest enlistments are: Timothy O'Hare, 23 laborer, born and resides in Lowell

Clinton Crowell, 22 operative, born at Hyde Park, Vt., resides at Lowell.

Frederick W. Lowis, 27, musician, of English birth, resides at Lawrence. He was principal musician of the 1st. N. H. volunteers. He has seen service in India.

Frank D. O'Brien, 21, farmer, born in Gravesville, Wis., resides in West ford. Was with company C., 6th Massachusetts volunteers.

J. F. O'DONNELL, UNDERTAKER.

THE SUN EXTRA

CONFESSES AGAIN

Esterhazy Declares He Wrote the Bordereau

TO BE USED AGAINST DREYFUS

Proofs of Guilt Existed Against Dreyfus

BUT THEY COULD NOT BE USED

As Certain Persons Would be Compromised

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Aug. 14—In the Evening News today Major Count Esterhazy again tells the "real truth" in regard to the Bordereau in the Dreyfus case, saying that he wrote it.

The document, he alleges, was intended to serve as a substantial basis for an accusation against Dreyfus, who had been suspended a long time and against whom there had already existed a number of grave proofs of guilt, which, however, could not be used without compromising certain personages whom it was importunely necessary to keep in the back-ground altogether.

RAFFLE FOR BIKE

Latest Scheme in the Sewer Department

TO TAKE THE LABORERS' COIN

The Raffle at the City Barn

THE OBJECT SAID TO BE CHARITY

The Wheel is Said to be Cheney's

The poor toilers under Supt. Cheney are doubtless wondering if their bosses will ever cease "grafting" at their expense, for after asking them for money for a watch for Cheney and a diamond for Hartwell, they now come around with tickets for a raffle of a bicycle said to belong to Supt. Cheney.

Every sewer boss, it is said, is now selling tickets to the help and those laid off and when the boss says: "It's Cheney's wheel and is going to be raffled at the barn" the poor laborer knows that it will be well for him to purchase a ticket.

On Saturday a number of employes who had been laid off were summoned to appear at the Jenness street sewer. Believing that the summons meant work, they all went up there. According to the claim of one who was there the only information they received was that Cheney was raffling a wheel and they could buy a ticket for 25 cents. All the bosses had them and from all accounts if all the tickets printed are sold, the receipts will buy several wheels.

The tickets are the common yellow variety, printed as follows:

CHARITY RAFFLE
For a Bicycle.
Tickets 25 Cents.
No. ——.

A quarter is considerable to a man out of work and with a family to support, but when his boss asks him to blow it in for a ticket for a raffle he is generally afraid to refuse lest he incur the displeasure of his boss and lose his job for good.

The Sun reporter attempted to purchase a ticket for the raffle in Supt. Cheney's office this moring but the only man present, George Frye didn't have any. He referred the reporter to Asst. Supt. Hartwell, the recipient of the diamond who had some for sale.

Mr. Frye didn't know much about the raffle but he said: "They thought at first that they'd give the wheel to a poor widow but later they thought they'd make more money by raffling it." It is charitable to suppose that George meant that they'd make more money for the widow by raffling it.

If the object of the raffle is really charitable it is passing strange that Supt. Cheney and his understrappers with their extensive acquaintance among heavy salried office holders and moneyed men generally confine their sale of tickets to poor laborers who have to sweat mightily to make both ends meet.

This raffle is worthy of the official consideration of His Honor, Mayor Crowley.

We're Taken at Our Word So Quickly

Having educated the people by object lessons to believe our advertisements, that we don't like to advertise

A SMALL LOT.

There are so many people after the BARGAINS, that the late comers find the goods all gone, and they may think (if they don't know us) that it was a fake.

NOW WE SAY TO YOU

We have about 35 Remnants of FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, from 4 to 17 yards in a piece, which we shall sell at from one-half to two-thirds the regular price that is from 12 1-2c. TO 34c. a YARD.

If you want the goods come at once to

The People's Favorite Furniture Store.

A. E. O'HEIR & CO., 14, 16 and 18 Merrimack St.

Near Electric Car Waiting Room.

Putnam & Son

WE MADE a lucky strike in Umbrellas a short time since—found a manufacturer who had to raise money—and bought some large lots of Umbrellas at very low figures. Here are our prices—are they cheap enough to interest you?

Serge Umbrellas, fast color, natural wood handles, steel rod and frame. Regular price 50c,

Our Price 39 cents.

Serge Umbrellas, fast color, very stylish, natural wood handles, sterling silver trimmed, silk cases and tassels. Regular price $1.50,

Our Price 98 cents.

Twilled Gloria Umbrellas, natural wood handles, paragon frame, steel rod. Regular price $1.00,

Our Price 69 cents.

Taffeta Silk Umbrellas, handsome natural wood handles, silk case and tassels, elegant Umbrellas. Regular price $2.00,

Our Price $1.12½.

Women's Taffeta Silk Umbrellas, very stylish handles, paragon frame. Regular price $1.50,

Our Price 98 cents.

Women's Taffeta Silk Umbrellas, elegant princess handless of natural wood and gun metal, paragon frame, silk case, silk ribbon and tassels, very swell Umbrellas. Regular price $2.50,

Our Price $1.47.

PUTNAM & SON,

166 Central Street.

THE SUN LATEST!

5 O'CLOCK

SAN MATEO TAKEN

After a Hot Battle by Young's Brigade

Three Killed and Thirteen Including an Officer Wounded—The Town Will be Held by Our Troops—Recruiting to be Pushed by War Department

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MANILA, Aug. 13, 3.10 p. m.—A reconnoissance yesterday by troops of General Samuel B. M. Young's brigade, with the object of discovering the whereabouts of the enemy near San Mateo, northeast of the San Juan reservoir, about ten miles from Manila, resulted in the occupation of San Mateo. The American loss was three killed and thirteen wounded, including a lieutenant of the 21st infantry. Twenty-three of the enemy are known to have been killed.

The Americans approached San Mateo in three columns. Major Cronin with 150 men of the 25th infantry advanced from Novaliches five miles west of San Mateo. Captain Rivers with a hundred men of the Fourth cavalry and Captain Parker, formerly lieutenant colonel of the 13th New York volunteer regiment with 250 men of the 21st and 24th infatry and the Fourth cavalry, approached in two columns from the south.

Major Cronin experienced many difficulties arising from the condition of the country and failed to effect a juncture with Captain Rivers west of San Mateo.

Captain Rivers advancing took an outpost of the enemy two miles southwest of San Mateo. He then encountered strong resistance among the hills the enemy firing from excellent positions. Having failed to connect with Major Cronin and seeing that the town was already occupied by the Americans Capt. Rivers withdrew covering his withdrawal by heavy volley firing. He lost a sergeant killed.

Capt. Parker, on advancing found the enemy strongly entrenched on the far side of some rice fields, about a mile wide and covered with deep mud. Pushing forward rapidly he routed the Filipinos after forty minutes fighting and thence continued the march upon San Mateo which he entered without serious resistance about half past one in the afternoon.

Major Cronin entered the town about half past four. The Americans still occupy the place. Our men were exhausted by the heavy marching. This is the first action in which Colonel Burt's colored troops participated. They behaved well, their leaders having difficulty in holding them back. General Young accompanied Captain Parker's column and was under fire throughout the engagement. It is estimated that the enemy numbered between 300 and 400 men.

TO PUSH ENLISTMENTS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—Secretary Root has decided to enlist at once 35,000 volunteers authorized. Of this number 17,117, including the battalion of natives in Porto Rico will be contained in the regiments now being organized leaving 17,883 who can be recruited and sent to reinforce General Otis.



The Late J. DUFRESNE.

LOWELL MUSICIAN

J. Henry Dufresne Died Saturday Afternoon

AT LOWELL GENERAL HOSPITAL

After Being Taken Suddenly Ill at Portland

A wide circle of friends will grieve to learn of the death of John Henry Dufresne, better known as Henry Dufresne, one of Lowell's most popular musician which took place Saturday afternoon at the Lowell General hospital, at the age of 40 years, 5 months, and 2 days. The cause of death was cerebro-spinal meningitis.

Although the illness had been of short duration, still the end had not been unexpected to those intimately acquainted with him. He had been playing at a summer theatre near Portland, Me., up to within a week ago Friday when he was obliged to give up, and return to Lowell, where he was taken to the hospital and subsequently died.

Mr. Dufresne was the popular drummer of Borjes' band and of the American orchestra and thousands of persons have been pleased by his performance on the xylophone. The musical fraternity have not only lost an artist in his line but one of the very best and most popular members of their brotherhood.

He was a native of Canada but came to the states when but a boy. In his early years he was employed in the mills of this city and also at the J. C. Ayer company, but later gave up his position, his musical engagements making it necessary for him to do so. He was associated with the American Orchestra for over 15 years, with Borjes' band for about four years, and formerly with the old American Brass band of this city. The members of the band have decided to attend the funeral in a body in full uniform and further action is also contemplated by the band members.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP

Has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

WE DO NOT EXPECT

a rushing business for the next month, but you can never have a better time to look over our finely selected stock of goods and we can take better care of you now than when the busy season commences. Call at 23 Palmer street.

Gorman & Sullivan, Fashionable Tailors.

THE L. A. W. WON

Cyclist Challenge Shield at Montreal

ALSO THE SALTONSTALL AGGREGATE PRIZE

Watson Coleman Wins 5 Mile Handicap

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MONTREAL, Aug. 14.—"One of the most successful international meets in the history of the I. C. A." This was the remark made by Secretary Henry Sturmey of Coventry, England, as he left Queens Park after the decision of the international championships.

The delegates of the I. C. A. who were in attendance voiced this sentiment.

While England secured the amateur mile championship, America secured the professional mile championship. To the League of American Wheelmen comes the Saltonstall trophy and the Cyclist Challenge shield. This in a measure ought to compensate that body for the trouble it has had in the government and control of racing during the past season.

As to the United States riders, honors were divided about evenly between the various sections of the country. Major Taylor, by securing the mile championship, represents the ability of eastern riders; John A. Nelson, by winning the 100-kilometer championship, ably represented the west. Of amateurs from the East, Lester Wilson of Pittsburg and Moran and Ingraham from Boston demonstrated their speed and headwork in a most able manner throughout the week. The Butler boys rode in fine form and all of them maintained their reputation as fast men.

Following the winning of the amateur team trophy by the American team, consisting of Moran, Wilson, Peabody and Ingraham, came the five-mile tandem pursuit race, which was won by Hooper and Nelson in a nip-and-tuck finish.

Watson Coleman of Boston secured the five mile handicap, starting from the 225-yard mark. The 15-mile team road race was won by the Royal Canadian team, the Queen City team taking second. History repeated itself when Major Taylor refused to ride against Tom Summersgill, the amateur champion of the world. Last year George Banker of the United States refused to ride against Albert, the German, at Vienna.

Major Taylor was hard pushed in the final of the two-mile professional, but managed to snatch the prize from the teeth of Tom Butler.

Earl Peabody distinguished himself by winning the Columbus trophy, Jas. Drury and Lester Wilson taking second and third respectively. The summary:

Five mile tandem pursuit race, amateur, won by Fred Hooper, Des Moines, and John A. Nelson, Chicago; J. F. Moran and J. F. Ingraham, Chelsea, Mass., second; Ben Goodson, Sydney, B. C., Australia; and John Caldow, Glasgow, Scotland, third. Time, 10m. 11 1-5s.

Five mile handicap, professional—Final heat won by Watson Coleman, of Boston, 225 yards; T. B. McCarthy, Toronto, 350 yards, second; Alfred Boake, Toronto, 375 yards, third; R. O. Blaney Brantford, Ont., 450 yards, fourth. Time 16m 45 1-5s.

World's championship, one mile, won by Tom Summersgill, Leeds B. C., England. Time 2m 13 2-5s. Only starter.

Two-mile professional: First heat won by C. R. McCarthy, St. Louis; John T. Colgan, Trenton, N. J., pacemaker; time, 5m 22s. Second heat won by Major Taylor, Worcester, Mass.; Jerry Woodward, Detroit, pacemaker; time 4m 58 4-5s. Third heat won by Tom Butler, Cambridge, Mass.; Watson Coleman, Boston, pacemaker; time 4m 29 1-5s. Final heat won by Major Taylor, Tom Butler second, C. R. McCarthy third, Watson Coleman fourth; time 4m. 32 1-5s.

Fifteen mile road race, amateur—Won by Royal Canadian B. C., Toronto, second, Wheeling Riders, W. Vennels, R. C. B. C., first; I. Smith, Q. C. B. C., second; J. H. Short, R. C. B. C., third; N. Shefter, R. C. B. C., fourth.

Columbian Trophy race, amateur one mile—Won by Earl W. Peabody, Chicago; James Drury, Montreal, second; Lester Wilson, Pittsburg, third. Time 2m 28 3-5s.

Five kilometers (three miles, 1575 yds.) amateur team race: Won by United States team. Lester Wilson, Press Cyclers, Pittsburg; J. F. Ingraham, Chelsea C. C., Lynnfield, Mass; Earl Peabody, Woodlawn C. C., Chicago; and J. F. Moran, Chelsea C. C., Chelsea, Mass. Total points, 11. Canadian team second, Alf Sherrett, Brantford, Ont.; Jas. Drury, M. A. A., Montreal; Ralph Axton, Brantford; and C. P. Boisvert, Montreal; total points, 22. Time 10m 10 2-5s. Team scoring least points winning.

100-kilometer championship, professional—Won by Harry A. Gibson, Cincinnati; Alfred Boake, Toronto, second; A. A. McLeod, Chelsea, Mass., third. The winner led Boake by three and a third miles at the finish. Gibson's time:

5	0 09 12 2-5
10	0 19 22
15	0 29 27 3-5
20	0 39 21 2-5
25	0 50 31 2-5
30	1 01 40 2-5
35	1 13 04
40	1 23 55
45	1 35 21 1-5
50	1 45 42 2-5
55	1 58 47
60	2 10 18 2-5
100	4 15 11 2-5

One hour, 23 1-2 miles; two hours, 55 2-3 miles.

"Do Not Grasp at the Shadow and Lose the Substance."

Many people are but shadows of their former selves, due to neglect of health. Look out for the blood, the fountain of life, the actual substance; keep that pure by regular use of Hood's Sarsaparilla and robust health will be the result. Be sure to get only Hood's, because

Hood's Sarsaparilla Never Disappoints

SOUND SLEEP

comes from a sweet stomach, pure blood, strong nerves and hearty health. The surest way to acquire these is by an honest use of this famous medicine, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. For fifty years it has never failed to cure stomach disorders, beginning with constipation and ending with kidney or liver trouble. See that a PRIVATE REVENUE STAMP covers the neck of the bottle.

GET WHAT YOU ASK FOR. TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters

A Pleasant Tonic.

Invaluable in Diarrhoea, Dysentery and a superior, rich Cordial for Weak, Debilitated Stomachs.

Perhaps there is no pleasanter remedy on the market today, that is so effective in its medicinal qualities, than

Dows' Blackberry Wine.

It is made of the juice of high-bush blackberries. It is what is known as a mild astringent and invigorator.

Pints, 50c. Quarts, 75c.

A. W. DOWS & CO.

389 Central St.

THIS GREAT

Deck-Clearing August Sale

is a hummer. When we say that the average saving on all our remaining Summer Stock is at least half, we are rather underrating than exaggerating the facts. It is a big sacrifice but we do not flinch. We want the goods out of the way. Bear in mind that trash, soap-bubble stuff, we do not handle. New, fresh, up-to-date and dependable merchandise is the only kind that finds admission to our big store.

YOUTH'S SUITS, $1.97, $2.48, $4.95, $5.95, $7.87, 9.89.

Over half a hundred kinds to select from, containing from one suit up. Whether there are few or many, the price named means a cut away below possible profit paying, and in many cases below actual cost of trimmings.

MEN'S SUITS, $3.98, $4.47, $5.95, $6.95, $7.95, $8.95, $12.

Fifty per cent. under value. We want to sell these goods at once—that is why we name such prices. These figures do not represent the value of the cloth. Every suit must go within ten days. Money saved for you if you buy now.

MEN'S PANTS, 59c., 85c. $1, $1.68, $2.25, $2.98, $4.

Over 4000 to select from. Men wonder how we came to have so many. Never mind. We will soon have a good deal less at these prices. The prices represent an actual cash bonus of 75c to $2.50 per pair, which we offer you to carry them away.

Lowell One-Price Clothing Company.

72-86 MERRIMACK STREET.

GOING AWAY?

Hope you'll have a good time and we know you will, if you . . . . .

Take One of Our

CAMERAS!

We carry a full line of

Eastman's Kodaks,

and all kinds of supplies. Also all the leading makes of Cameras.

ONE OF OUR

Hammocks

will make things easy for you. Prices from

75c to $6.00.

The Thompson Hardware Co.

SOLE AGENTS.

LADIES' OXFORDS.

In russet and black kids, they are the regular $1.25 line of goods. They have narrow toes and the russet color is a trifle faded. For this reason we offer them at

75 Cents a Pair.

J. J. LONERGAN,

215 DUTTON ST.

DAILY BARGAINS.

$100

UPRIGHT PIANO.

Seven and one-third octaves. Used but little. Condition fine.

GEORGE A. GARDNER

10 PRESCOTT STREET.

"GLORIA"

IS NOT A MEDICINE.

Drink GLORIA and cultivate good sense
When appears a big scheme get behind the fence
And hear the good man shout and holler.
Put a copper in this hole, and then take out a dollar.
Drink more GLORIA and think about
The little echo, to the shout.
Put in a dollar, and in the end
The cent will come in dividend.
Drink GLORIA then and wiser grow
The good from good for nothing know.
The moral: If GLORIA gives good health
It helps along towards fame and wealth.

5 Cents a Glass.

S. Bartlett, Agt., 160 Middlesex St.



Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Sold by all Local Druggists. PHILADA., PA. Sold by Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., General Agents. Boston, Mass.

JOHN W. McEVOY, 137 Central St. Opposite American House, COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM, 152 Merrimack Street. PHOTOGRAPHERS

W. A. LEW, 45 John Street. CLOTHING CLEANSED, DYED AND PRESSED.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 371 Bridge St. MEATS AND PROVISIONS

Marked Down to the Bottom

WHEELS

A good stock now to select from. Don't wait for your neighbor to get the pick, for they are going quick.

4 MONTHS GOOD RIDING YET

And styles will not change in 1900. Now is your opportunity.

BATCHELDER'S,

18 Central St.

Telephone

"Good Wheels and Fair Treatment."

LAKEVIEW PARK

FAMILY DAY RESORT

Bowling, Dancing, Boating, Fishing, Carousel, Swings.

A Rare Collection of Birds, Beasts and reptiles at the

MOUNTAIN ROCK ZOO

Unsurpassed Accommodations for Private Parties in the Pavilion, conducted by the D. H. Page Co.

THE LAKEVIEW THEATRE

JAMES GILBERT, Manager for Grant & Flynn.

WEEK OF AUG. 14.

GRAND PRODUCTION OF

GILBERT AND SULLIVAN'S

Nautical Opera.

H. M. S. PINAFORE,

And the Wonderful

BIOGRAPH,

Reproducing persons, places and incidents from life.

Orchestra (Reserved) .... 20 cents
Parquet .... 15 cents
Balcony .... 5 cents

FARE 5 CENTS.

Star Theatre, 309-311 Middlesex Street, FRANK KNIGHT, Proprietor. —This Week

MISS MARY MELVILLE, Contralto,
LAVARNIE & LASEUR, Novelty (Frank) (Jessie) Sketch Artists
JOHN NOON, Coon Specialist.
JOHN CANNON, The Happy Tramp.
Concluding with a funny afterpiece.
Admission 5c. Reserved Seats 5c. extra.

Our Special, Easy Payment Scholarships, Limited to 40.

Guarantee the best Business and Shorthand instruction that money can buy.
Call on or write to C. E. Williams, Mgr.

N. E. BUSINESS UNIVERSITY,

Runels Building, Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass.

Great No Cash Down Sale —OF— Ladies' and Gentlemen's Clothing

LOWELL CO-OPP. SUPPLY CO.

26 Central Street,

Up One Flight Open Evenings

DR. DONEHUE DENTIST

When We Strike We Cut Prices Deep

The public knows very well our Shoes have been leaders. Our styles have been the latest; our prices the lowest. Our stock has been the newest in town. When we say Cut Prices we do cut them. You get manufacturers shoes at our store and you save the middle man's profit.

See our windows.

See our windows.

See our windows.

SUNLIGHT Shoe Store

100 CENTRAL ST.

High Grade Repairing.

W. S. GRADY.

CLOSING OUT SALE OF BUILDING LOTS, AT HALF PRICE,

Over New Moody Street Bridge On the EMERY LAND

Several new modern houses to be sold at a sacrifice EASY TERMS.

A. J. RYAN, Agent. 3 HILDRETH BUILDING.

Omega Oil



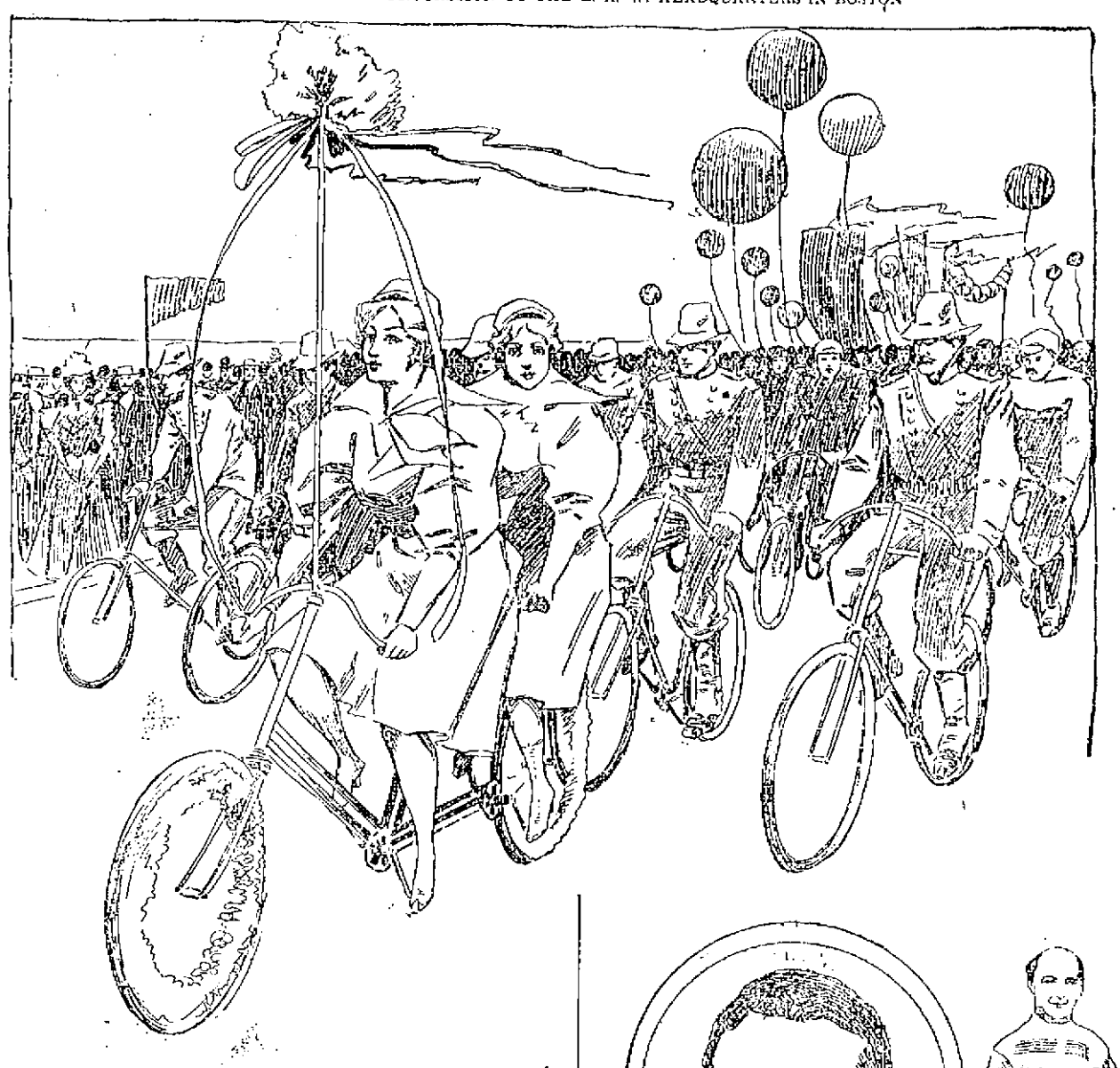
Grand Closing Out Sale

Of Summer Millinery.

Everything must go this month for just what it brings. We want the money and room, you want the goods. Come and get them.

HEAD & SHAW, "THE MILLINERS." 169 MERRIMACK ST.

THE SCENE IN THE PROCESSION TO THE L. A. W. HEADQUARTERS IN BOSTON



THE NATIONAL MEET

Of the L. A. W. Brings Thousands to Boston

Professionals and Amateurs From All Points—The Day's Program Opens at 4 p. m.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Aug. 14.—Today the city is filled with bicyclists who came from all directions to attend the world's meet which opens at 4 p. m. today. All the professionals came from Montreal by rail, arriving yesterday and early this morning and taking up quarters. The throng of cyclists makes Boston a dangerous place for pedestrians and wheelmen unless great care is taken to avoid collisions. Today's program is as follows:

4 p. m.—Opening of official headquarters of meet committees, national and division officers at Hotel Brunswick, Boylston and Clarendon streets.

7.15 p. m.—Moonlight run through Boston park system, including Back Bay fens, Riverway, Jamaicaway, Arnold arboretum, Forest Hills to Franklin park; distance, 12 miles.

7.30 p. m.—Boston municipal band concert at Highland street, West Roxbury. Also moonlight run through Longwood and Brookline to Chestnut Hill reservoir and pumping station around the reservoir, through Brookline woodlands to Jamaica Plain, and return via Park system; 14 miles.

8 p. m.—Lawn party given by the Tiger Roadsters at their club house, Dorchester. Also entertainment at rooms of the Roslindale C. C.

8.30 p. m.—Press banquet at Revere House.

THE CINCINNATIS

Won a Double Header From Boston

NEW YORKS DEFEATED CLEVELAND TWICE!

Brooklyns and Louisville Broke Even

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Aug. 14.—Boston dropped both games with Cincinnati Saturday afternoon and curiously enough by the same score in each game, 7 to 3. This was a remarkable proceeding, after winning six of seven games in Cincinnati.

Inability to bat the Cincinnati pitchers was the primary cause for the defeats. With Willis pitted against Taylor, the first game looked easy in every respect for Boston, but things do not always go as they are booked in base ball and so it was in that game. Taylor was very lucky in keeping the hits scattered. He has excellent command far excelling Willis in this regard, giving but one base on balls and hitting one man. In the first five innings but two gifts were given by him and these were not costly but in the last four innings he gave three gifts that resulted in runs.

In the second game the young left hander, Bailey, was pitted against Phillips of the Cincis. The latter has been remarkably successful of late, and yesterday was the fifth victory in succession that he has won. He is a tall blond young man with good curves and excellent command. Last season he was with the Indianapolis club and was the mainstay of the club in the box. Bailey's name was not down on the score card to pitch but Nichols had a lame elbow and Lewis a bad finger so that there was no alternative but to put Bailey in.

Bailey had his periods of weakness and these were enough to lose him the game. These occurred in the third, fourth and seventh innings when the Cincinnatis did all of their run getting. With the bases filled and two runs in in the seventh Nichols was called upon to stem the tide and did so for but one more run was made. Boston failed to make a battling rally however and Cincinnati succeeded in making a new record for the season, securing its 11th consecutive victory.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	1	2—7
Boston	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0—2

Earned runs—Cincinnati 2, Boston 2. Two-base hits—Corcoran, Smith. Sacrifice hits—Beckly, Peitz 2, Taylor Stahl. Stolen bases—Long, Stahl. First base on balls—McBride, Smith, Steinfeldt. First base on errors—Cincinnati 2. Left on bases—Cincinnati 5, Boston 9. Struck out—Corcoran, Beckley Tenney Bergen 2. Double plays—Long and Tenney; Corcoran McPhee and Beckley. Hit by pitched ball—McPhee 2, Long. Time—1h. 50m. Umpires—Messrs. Lynch and Connolly.

SECOND GAME.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Cincinnati	0	2	1	0	0	0	3	0	7
Boston	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	2

Earned runs—Cincinnati 6, Boston 1. Two-bas hits—Peitz, Long. Three base hit—Beckley. Home run—Selbach. Sacrifice hit—McPhee. Stolen base—Stahl. First base on balls—By Bailey, Peitz, Selbach, Beckley; by Phillips, Stahl, Bailey. First base on errors—Cincinnati 2, Boston 1. Left on bases—Cincinnati 7, Boston 6. Struck out—By Phillips—Clarke, Duffy; by Bailey, Beckley, McPhee. Double play—Lowe, Long and Tenney. Time 1h. 59m. Umpires—Messrs. Lynch and Connolly. Attendance 10,000.

The other league games resulted as follows:

New York 13, Cleveland 1. First game.
New York 6, Cleveland 2. Second game.
Louisville 7, Brooklyn 6. First game.
Brooklyn 6, Louisville 2. Second game.
St. Louis 9, Washington 3.
Philadelphia 5, Chicago 0.
Baltimore 16, Pittsburg 2.

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won	Lost	Pc. won
Brooklyn	63	24	.619
Boston	60	36	.625
Philadelphia	60	39	.606
Baltimor	57	39	.594
Cincinnati	54	41	.568
Chicago	53	43	.552
St. Louis	34	45	.511
Pittsburg	49	50	.495
Louisville	42	54	.438
New York	38	54	.413
Washington	35	64	.359
Cleveland	17	84	.168

NEW ENGLAND LEAGUE.

Manchester 14, Portland 11. First game.
Manchester 8, Portland 2, Second game.
Taunton 9, Newport 6.

NEW ENGLAND LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won.	Lost.	Pc. Won
Portland	59	23	.633
Manchste	44	32	.579
Newport	34	36	.513
Taunton	20	50	.367

DR. MARTEL'S BOOK,

"Relief for Women"

Sent free in plain, sealed envelope. Write to-day for this Book, containing Particulars and Testimonials of DR. MARTEL'S

French Female Pills.

Praised by thousands of satisfied ladies as safe, always reliable and in short an equal. Sold by all druggists in metal box, French Cap on top in Blue, White and Red. Take no other. French Drug Co., 81 & 83 Pearl St., New York City.

FALL RENOVATING

Time is coming you may need a piece of matting or carpet.

When you do, you'll find our goods and prices satisfactory to you. Should you want an oil cloth for the kitchen or dining room. A very small amount of money will furnish it.

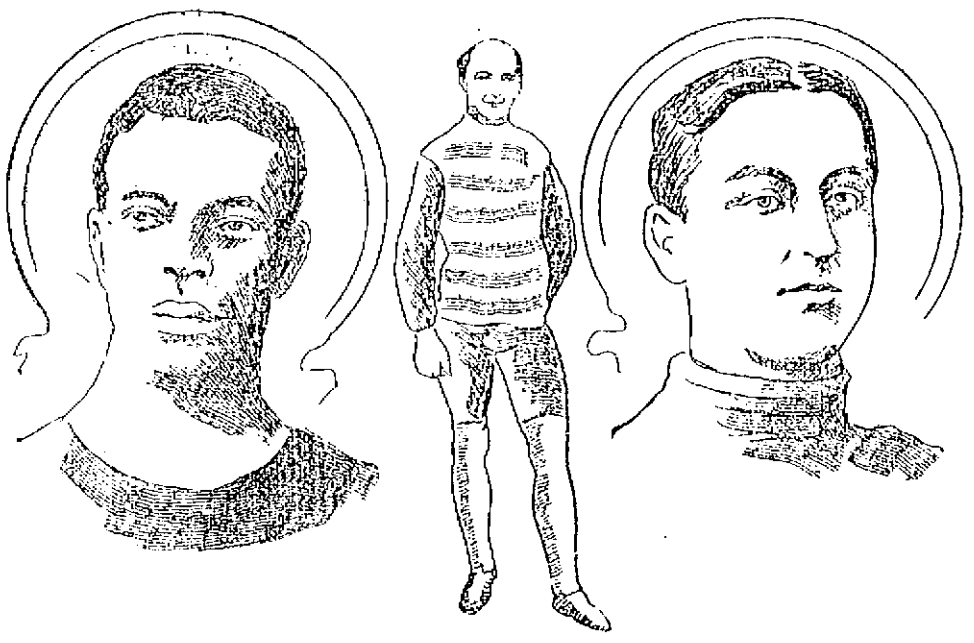
THE GRAND PRIZE RANGE.

Remember has now more practical improvements than any other range in Lowell. Don't miss seeing it.

Refrigerators, Baby Carriages and Go Carts down to hard pan prices.

GAYNOR & CO.

35 Prescott Street,
Telephone, 659-5.



MAJOR TAYLOR. NAT BUTLER. WATSON COLEMAN.

By J. E. Conant & Co., - - - - Auctioneers

Office, Lowell, Mass.

TOMORROW AFTERNOON.

Peremptory sale of an extensive and valuable lot of renting property, numbered 283-285, 289-291 Lakeview avenue; cottage house, No. 20 Fulton street; cottage house, No. 5 Devlin's avenue; and the lot of land at the corner of Fifth avenue and Mt. Hope street; also the lot adjoining on Fifth avenue.

On the premises, rain or shine, without limit or reserve of any kind or nature, Tuesday, the 15th day of August, 1899. It is my firm determination and mind to sell at absolute auction to whomsoever will bid the most for it, all the real estate I stand possessed of in the city of Lowell. I have lost my health; I am utterly unable to care for or look after my property; as a matter of fact I am actually compelled from necessity to dispose of some of the best paying tenement really in Centralville.

PROMPTLY AT 4 O'CLOCK P. M.

The three story 14 tenement block with store, 283-285 Lakeview avenue. The tenements have either four or five rooms each; with the store are two back rooms; each tenement has a water closet, sewerage, city water and cellar; part of the tenements are supplied with gas. The lot has an area of 6052 square feet, extends through from Lakeview avenue to Devlin's Court; has frontage of 59 feet on both streets; the block is well rented, and always rents; the income today is $26 a week or at the rate of $1352 a year.

PROMPTLY AT 4.15 O'CLOCK P. M.

The two-story 4-tenement block, 289-291 Lakeview avenue; and the three story three-tenement block with store, 293-295 Lakeview avenue in one lot. Each tenement has water closet, sewerage, city water and cellar. With the two blocks are 5922 square feet of land reaching from Lakeview avenue to Devlin's avenue and it is fifty feet wide from one end to the other. This estate brings a rental of $15 a week or $779 a year.

PROMPTLY AT 4.30 O'CLOCK P. M.

The cottage house and lot, No. 20 Fulton street at the corner of Devlin's avenue. The cottage has six rooms, water closet, sewerage, city water and cellar. The lot has 3276 square feet of land, 40 feet on Fulton street and 54 feet on Devlin's avenue. It is a snug little property abundantly supplied with fruit and well rented.

PROMPTLY AT 4.45 O'CLOCK P. M.

The cottage house and 1709 square feet of land, No. 5 Devlin's avenue, and adjoining the lot just described above. There are six rooms in the cottage; the lot has a frontage of 47 feet the premises have both water closet, city water, sewerage, etc. It is a very comfortable and a rather attractive cheap home.

PROMPTLY AT 5.30 O'CLOCK P. M.

The corner lot at the corner of Fifth avenue and Mt. Hope street, Pawtucketville. The area is 7569 square feet; the frontage on Fifth avenue, 50 feet; the frontage on Mt. Hope street, 150 feet; the two opposite corners are improved; the lot is high and it appears to be the choicest corner in the neighborhood.

PROMPTLY AT 5.40 O'CLOCK P. M.

7569 square feet of land adjoining the last described lot; frontage 50 feet; it is on a par with any lot in the vicinity with the exception of the corner lot, the sale of which just precedes it.

The purchaser of the first property sold must deposit with or secure to the auctioneers $100 as soon as the property is struck off, the purchaser of the second property sold must do the same with $100; the purchasers of the two cottage houses must each do the same with $150, and the purchasers of the two vacant lots much each do the same with $100.

You are to make all inquiries at the office of the auctioneers.

THOMAS D. LYONS.

QUESTION OF ROOM, NOT OF PROFIT.

The limit of low prices is reached. Such splendid values for the money heretofore unheard of. Our Fall stock will soon begin to arrive and we simply have to make room for it—even if we have to sell some of the broken lots at a loss.

$2.98 worth $6. For men's neat Scotch mixed wool Cheviot Suits, all sizes.

$3.95 worth $8. For handsome brown check, strictly all wool Cheviot men's Suits, sizes 35 to 44, a rare bargain.

$3.75. For men's all wool bluish gray Tweed Suits, clay weave, sizes 34 to 44.

$4.95 worth $8. For men's fancy Worsted Suits in natty designs, all sizes.

$4.95 worth $8. For men's very fine all wool blue Serge Suits, all sizes, excellently made and trimmed.

$5.95, worth $10. For men's dark brown and green plaid fine Cassimere Suits, all sizes.

$7.95 worth $13. For men's fancy check and plaids, all wool worsted Suits in several designs.

$8.75 worth $14 and $15. These men's Suits are the biggest values offered. We have them made in stouts and regular. The cloth is warranted all worsted and of the latest design. We have them in light and dark shades.

See Our Window Display And Match Us if you Can.

J. L. CHALIFOUX.

Central and Middle Sts.

O'Donnell & Gilbride Co.

Headquarters for Bargains.

Bargains! Bargains!

LOOK AT THE BIG

INDUCEMENTS

OFFERED FOR THIS WEEK.

BARGAINS IN COTTON UNDERWEAR.

Ladies' Night Robes, hamburg trimmed and plain, regular price 75c, now 50c.

Another lot of Night Robes, regular price, $1, now 75c.

One special bargain in Ladies' Drawers, to close at 19c.

BARGAINS IN CHILDREN'S DEPT.

Children's Mull Bonnets that have retailed all season at $1.75 and $1.98, we have placed in one lot to close at $1.25.

Children's White Dresses in a splendid assortment of styles now on sale at 59c, 75c, 98c, $1.29 and $1.49.

Children's Woolen Reefers at 98c, $1.49, $1.98, $2.49 and $2.98.

Boys' Faunteleroy Waists at 19c, 98c, $1.33 and $2.98.

3—SPECIALS—3.

Special No. 1. Ladies' Dressing Sacques 98c, regular price $1.25.
Special No. 2. Ladies' Dressing Sacques, $1.23, regular price $1.50.
Special No. 3. Ladies' Dressing Sacques, $1.49, regular price $1.75.

BARGAINS IN CORSET DEPT.

1 lot Summer Corsets, regular price, 50c, to close 39c.
1 lot Summer Corsets, regular price 75c, to close 69c.
1 lot Summer Corsets, regular price $1, to close 89c.
1 odd lot of Corsets in white and drabs, sold at $1.75, to close $1.25.

BARGAINS IN PETTICOATS.

Ladies' Black Mercerized Skirts, regular price $2, to close $1.50.
Ladies' Black Sateen Skirts, regular price $1.75, to close $1.25.
Ladies' Black Sateen Skirts, regular price, $1.50, to close $1.
Ladies' Black Silk Moreen Skirts, regular price $5, to close $1.

STORM PROOF SERGES.

A Special Inducement for This Week Only.

10 pieces 46 inch All Wool Storm Proof Serges in blues, greens, browns, garnets and blacks, bought to retail at 75c, for this week only 59c.

SPECIAL. We are sole distributors of Butterick's Patterns and Publications for Lowell and vicinity.

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE CO.

MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

WALL PAPER AT LOW PRICES.

PARQUET FLOORS ARE SOMETHING NEW.

WE ARE AGENTS.

LOWELL WALL PAPER COMPANY,

GEORGE W. CHASE, Prop., 42 Church St., Lowell, Mass

Groceries, Wholesale and Retail. Prices

MOLASSES.

5 gal. Very Best.....35c. per gal.
5 gal. Good.....25c. per gal.
5 gal. Cooking.....19c per gal.
5 gal. Best Syrup.....30c. per gal.

PORK.

5 lbs. Best Pork.....35c

LARD.

50 lb. Tub Best Lard.....$3.90
20 lb. Tub Best Lard.....$1.40
10 lb. Tub Best Lard.....75c
1 lb. Best Lard.....8c

TEAS.

1 lb. Good Formosa Oolong.....40c

COFFEES.

5 lbs. Good Mocha and Java.....$1.00

CRACKERS.

1-2 bbl. 15 lbs., 5c lb.
1 box 15 lbs. Soda Crackers, 6 1-2c lb.
1 box 15 lbs. Milk Lunch, 6 1-4c lb.
1 box 100 Crackers, 20c
1 box Spiced Cookies.....8 1-4c lb.
1 box Orange Wafers.....8 1-4c lb.
1 box 20 lbs. Grandmother's Cookies, $ 1-2c

BUTTER.

If you like good Butter, try Franklin Co. Creamery; it's the best that Vermont can produce. Prices today in 5 lb. boxes, $1.25. Very best Vermont Dairy in 5lb. boxes, $1.15.

FLOUR.

55c., 60c., 65c. per bag, $4.25, $4.65, $4.75 per bbl. are the popular prices at present date for the best bread flour. Our guarantee goes with every bag or barrel.

Rolled Oats, per bbl., $3.90
Rolled Oats, per half bbl., $2.00
Rolled Oats, 10 lbs. 25c.
Indian Meal, per bbl., $3.00
Indian Meal, 10 lbs., 19c
Graham Meal, per bbl. $3.75
Graham Meal, 10 lbs., 25c
Rye Meal, per bbl, $3.75
Rye Meal, 10 lbs., 25c

CEREAL GOODS.

3 pkgs. Rolled Oats, 20c
10 lbs. Pearl Barley 38c
10 lbs. Rye Flour, 25c
10 lbs. Entire Wheat, 35c
Shredded Wheat, 11c
10 pkgs. Shredded Wheat, $1.00
Ralston's Breakfast Food, 12c
10 pkgs, $1.15
Ralston's Barley Food.....12c.
10 pkgs.....$1.15
12 lbs. Ralston's Entire Wheat, 40c

CHEESE.

New Full Cream Fancy, 2 lbs. for 25c

JELLIES AND JAMS.

5lb. pail of Apple, Raspbery, Strawberry and Currant Jelly 18c
1 doz. pails of same.....$2.00

F. H. HODGES, Old Boston & Maine Station, Central Street.

Hedake

TRADE MARK

Kolone

A fragrant and delightful External Cure for all headaches, neuralgia, and car sickness. Soothing and comforting for heated, tired, and brain-worked heads and sleeplessness. Cures instantly; absolutely harmless.

It prevents dosing the stomach with poisonous drugs.

Endorsed by physicians. Your druggist has it.

JOHN H. LAKIN CO. - - - - BOSTON.

THE LOWELL SUN
JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press.
$3.00 Per Year. 25c. Per Month


ARE YOU AWARE

That THE SUN issues three editions daily,—two, five and six o'clock? *The Night Edition,* six o'clock, is on the street at five o'clock. It contains all the latest local and telegraphic news. It is the only paper in Lowell that has all the news, and that is why it prints more copies daily than any two other local papers combined. If you have not been getting the night edition, tell your newsboy or dealer that you want it. Compare it with the other papers and you will be convinced that it has the news from twelve to twenty-four hours ahead of its contemporaries.

THE AMERICA CUP RACES.

Mr. Editor: Please let me know the origin of the "America" cup contest between the Columbia, representing the United States, and the Shamrock, representing England. Also the winners in the various contests for this cup. A SUN READER.

The origin of the cup contest is given by the New York Times Saturday Review in a manner that will fully answer the above. This matter is of special interest to the people of Lowell inasmuch as the yacht America was owned by our illustrious townsman, General Butler, whose son, Paul Butler, now holds the canoeing championship of America. The article referred to is as follows:

"The America sailed for Havre and arrived there early in August, 1851. She rapidly fitted up for the race and then proceeded to Cowes. The visitor arrived on a dark night and it was not until dawn that the yachtsmen in the great fleet of English boats got a chance to size up the stranger. The Yankee craft was about as different from an English yacht as could be imagined, with her great beam and shallow hull, while the typical English cutter of the period was of the "plank-on-end" variety.

"She soon showed her mettle by defeating one of the fastest boats in a brush into Cowes and this achievement made it more difficult for her to arrange her races. At last, however, she was allowed to sail under the regulations of the Royal Yacht Squadron in the race around the Isle of Wight for a cup offered by the Royal Yacht Squadron. In those days, no allowances were made for tonnage, sail area, or anything else. All the boats, big or little, started off, and the one that came in first won. Eighteen yachts were entered, ranging from the little cutter Aurora, of forty-seven tons to the three-masted schooner Brilliant, of 392 tons, the America being a two-masted schooner of 170 tons. Fifteen of the yachts started.

"The America did not get off among the first, but before a third of the distance was traversed she had assumed the lead, and when the breeze freshened up she gained so decidedly that it was seen long before the end that the race was undoubtedly hers, barring an accident. Just as a big storm was settling down, the Yankee schooner crossed the line, winning forth the whole English fleet of yachts, her time being eight hours and forty-seven minutes, while the second in the race could do no better than eight hours and fifty-eight minutes and the third one was over half an hour later in getting over the line.

"The cup won by the America Aug. 22, 1851, remained the property of the owners of the yacht until 1857, when they presented it to the New York Yacht club, providing that it should be offered as a trophy for a race with any challenging yacht of any foreign country for yachts of not less than 30 or more than 300 tons."

The America cup was known as the One Hundred Guinea cup. For nineteen years there was no challenger for the cup. The contests up to 1851 were not of sufficient interest to arouse much international enthusiasm but in each case the American boat won. Since that year, however, the contests for the cup have enlisted the interest of the competing nations to an unusual degree and this year the contest will be of universal interest. The record of the contests from the beginning, the first boat mentioned in each case being American, is as follows:

1851—Aug. 22, around the Isle of Wight: America, 10:37:00; Aurora second.

1870—Aug. 8, New York Yacht club course: Magic, 3:58:21; Cambria, 4:37:38.

1871—Oct. 16. New York Yacht club course, Columbia, 6:19:41; Livonia 6:46:45. Oct. 18, 20 miles to windward off Sandy Hook and return; Columbia, 3:07:41 3-4; Livonia, 3:18:15 1-2. Columbia disabled in third race, Oct. 19. Oct. 21, 20 miles to windward off Sandy Hook and return; Sappho, 5:39:02; Livonia, 6:09:23. Oct. 23, New York Yacht club course: Sappho, 4:46:17; Livonia 5:11:55.

1876—Aug. 11, New York Yacht club course; Madeleine, 5:23:54; Countess of Dufferin, 5:34:53. Aug. 12, 20 miles to windward off Sandy Hook and return: Madeleine, 7:18:46; the Countess of Dufferin, 7:46:00.

1881—Nov. 9, New York Yacht club course; Mischief, 4:17:09; Atalanta, 4:45:29 1-4. Nov. 10, 16 miles to leeward off Sandy Hook and return: Mischief, 4:54:53; Atalanta, 5:33:47.

1885—Sept. 14, New York Yacht club course; Puritan, 6:06:05; Genesta, 6:22:24. Sept. 16, 20 miles to leeward off Sandy Hook light and return: Puritan, 5:03:14; Genesta, 5:04:52.

1886—Sept. 9, New York Yacht club course; Mayflower, 5:26:41; Galatea, 5:38:43. Sept. 11, 20 miles to leeward off Sandy Hook light and return: Mayflower, 6:49:00; Galatea, 7:18:09.

1887—Sept. 27, New York Yacht club course; Volunteer, 4:53:18; Thistle, 5:12:41 3-4; Sept. 30, 20 miles to windward off Scotland light and return: Volunteer, 5:42:56 1-4; Thistle, 5:54:45.

1893—Oct. 7, 15 miles to windward off Sandy Hook light and return: Vigilant, 4:05:47; Valkyrie, 4:13:35. Oct. 9, triangular 30-mile course, first leg to windward; Vigilant, 3:25:01; Valkyrie, 3:35:36. Oct. 13, 15 miles to windward off Sandy Hook light and return; Vigilant, 3:24:39, Valkyrie, 3:25:19.

1895—Sept. 7, 15 miles to windward and return, east by south off Point Seabright, N.J.; Defender 4:57:55; Valkyrie III, 5:08:44. Sept. 11, triangular course, 10 miles in each leg, Valkyrie, 3:55:09; Defender, 3:55:56; won by Defender on a foul; Sept. 12, Defender sailed over the course and claimed cup and race; claim allowed.

The die is cast on the South African trouble. The plotting of Cecil Rhodes and Dr. Jameson have at last had its effect. They have sought favor with the imperial government by planning how the Transvaal can be overcome and added to the British dominion. The home government at first affecting an air of disinterested justice went so far as to inflict a slight punishment upon Dr. Jameson for his famous raid upon the Boer country but now the government officials have thrown aside their hypocrisy and come out openly for war against the Transvaal. No such thing as independence can be tolerated so close to a British colony. The spirit might spread and cause trouble and hence England has decided to send out a sufficient force to conquer the Boers. She has steadily refused to be conciliated by any concessions to the Uitlanders.

Edward Atkinson's pamphlets reached Manila and were distributed to the soldiers in spite of the censorship and the interdict of the postal authorities on this side. Thus the government machinery lent itself to the dissemination of treason. Strange, isn't it?

The Boston and Albany stockholders have procured the services of Richard Olney to find flaws in the proposed lease of the Boston and Albany. With Mr. Olney's assistance they may be able to upset the arrangement which is said to be defective in many important respects.

CRISP GOSSIP.

School days return soon.

August is over a third gone.

A temperance lecture is naturally a dry discourse.

We ought to have a good long Indian summer to make up for this.

A true gentleman calls woman the greater, rather than the weaker sex.

Non-vacationists were glad they were at home the latter part of last week.

The doctor may be in business for his health, but he is in it for other people's.

Young women, go to West Australia. There are only 54,000 women in a population of 168,000.

Other women are the last ones to wonder that a man hates to encounter an angry woman.

The horse has one ray of hope left. Up to the present time no one has invented a motor plough.

The girl who can speak seven languages is less sought after than the girl who can hold her tongue in one.

Many farmers in the vicinity of Lowell are looking quite hopefully towards cutting a second crop of hay.

There seems to be a sort of tacit law permitting less fresh clothing on Saturday than on any previous day of the week.

The Prince of Wales holds the record as a godfather. He has acted in that capacity on no fewer than 75 occasions.

James Clark of Quincy, Ill., who celebrated his 104th birthday last week, is now the only bona fide oldest Mason in America.

Every day, extra freight trains are run over the Boston and Maine through Lowell and many orders are delayed owing to the scarcity of cars.

There's a church bell in the steeple,
There's a church belle in the choir;
The first to worship calls the people,
And the second calls them to admire.

At all times, but especially in hot weather when the water supply is low, every precaution should be taken to sterilize the water used for culinary purposes.

They have now taught a chimpanzee to play golf, observes an exchange. Pshaw! Chimpanzees have been playing it from the start at all the fashionable resorts.

Have you seen our new sign, "The Lowell Sun" over our building in Merrimack square? It will pay you to drop down town and see it. The largest gold-lettered sign in New England.

David Rankin of Tarkio, Mo., who is said to be the richest farmer in the world, made his beginning with no other capital than a horse. This he sold for $52, invested the money in calves, and bought an 80-acre farm. He is now at the age of 74, tall, athletic and raw-boned, with gray hair and beard, and keen blue eyes. He owns 23,000 acres of land, worth from $50 to $100 an acre.

7 SUTHERLAND SISTERS' HAIR GROWER
Is the only preparation that will restore the hair to its original healthfulness.
—AT ALL DRUGGISTS—

Bull frog hunting is just now a favorite pastime with the small boys along the banks of Hale's brook on upper Chelmsford street and as the market price for the legs is high, they can earn plenty of money.

A Chicago man has been fined $2 for throwing a woman down two flights of stairs, yet there are people who insist that amusements are expensive in the breezy city at the foot of Lake Michigan.

A Pennsylvania professor has discovered that asphalt can be made out of red herring. If he can demonstrate that red herring can be made out of asphalt, he could turn an honest penny with the process.

Tewksbury sends large delegations over to the band concerts at North Billerica and a wag remarked that they can be picked out of the crowd by the fact that every blessed one of 'em is munching peanuts.

The wool and cotton reporter in its regular semi-annual tables shows that 116 new textile mills were built or begun in this country during the first six months of 1899 against 107 during the first six months of 1898. New Hampshire contributed one woolen mill to the total.

At the last meeting of the American Publishing Health association, Dr. S. H. Durgin, health officer of Boston, contended that bad gas fittings are more dangerous to health than bad plumbing. He said that the medical profession believed that many deaths are caused by slow poisoning from illuminating gas.

'Tis not for me to know just how the lilies blow,
With their white petals lifted to the light,
Just how they came to be,
From out what mystery
They were evolved, as morning follows night.
'Tis not for me to find the pathway of the wind,
As o'er the hills and valleys it doth sweep,
Soft as the breath of spring,
Fierce as a Viking king,
When from the northland comes the snow and sleet.
'Tis not for me to look into God's open book,
And read the secrets of the vanished years,
Nor yet for me to see
Just what the end will be
And all the joys to greet us, or the tears.
'Tis not for me to tell where the freed spirits dwell,
Or to what land of beauty and of flowers
Our souls at last may go;
'Tis not for me to know,
But somewhere deathless life and love are ours

Eczema.

Mr. H. T. Shobe, 2704 Lucas Ave., St. Louis, Mo., says: "My daughter had Eczema, which covered her head and spread to her face. She was treated by physicians and taken to celebrated health springs, but only grew worse. Many patent medicines were taken, but without result, until we decided to try S. S. S. A dozen bottles cured her completely and left her skin perfectly smooth. Not a sign of the dreadful disease has ever returned."

S.S.S. For The Blood

(Swift's Specific) is the only cure for Eczema, and all other obstinate blood diseases. Valuable books mailed free by Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga

School Children

that were trouble with headaches last term should have their eyes examined this month, before entering upon the Fall Term. If glasses are needed, they should be fitted NOW.

OPTICIAN ROGERS,
138 Merrimack St.

LAST WEEK
GYPSY CAMP
32 Central St.

Butterine.

Send us $1.50 and we will deliver 10 pounds Butterine, at your house, express paid.
T. E. INGHAM, Nashua, N.H.

SUCCESS ASSURED

Interesting Study of Co-operation in England

How the Start Was Made—First Organized the Consumers, Then Started to Produce Co-Operatively—Burden of Accumulated Money

Some 80 miles northwest of London is the town of Kettering, a place of narrow and crooked streets, of houses very much of the same appearance, and nothing so far as historical setting or beautiful scenery is concerned to make it stand out from many other towns in England. It is, however, a noted place from an industrial point of view. In Kettering co-operation has been worked out. Large numbers of laborers own, manage and operate stores and factories. The same wages are paid as by private concerns and, in addition, the profits of the year divided among the members of the societies. The hours of labor are but eight. The management is in the hands of a man appointed by a committee elected by the workers. Such, in brief, is co-operation. The example in Kettering is worth closer attention.

Co-operation must be divided into two groups, consumers and producers. There is a close relation between them, and this relation has been clearly seen by the people of Kettering. One great reason why productive co-operation does not succeed is because there is no regular demand for the commodities of the producers. A society of laborers who have no trade connections will nearly always fail in productive enterprises for the reason that they have no way of ascertaining accurately the condition of the market or of bringing their goods before the public without great delay. The Kettering organizations saw this from the beginning. Instead of organizing productive societies they have spent their time and energy until the last ten years in thoroughly building up the consumers' co-operation and indirectly creating a market for the productive societies when they should come into existence.

The first co-operative society in Kettering dates its origin from the year 1865. At that time the town had a population of 6,500. Wages were very low, and the majority of workingmen had a severe struggle to make both ends meet. In the years just mentioned a few workingmen held several meetings and after discussing the situation unanimously decided to form a co-operative society. That was 34 years ago, and now this society possesses 21 stores, owns about $250,000 worth of property without incumbrance and does an annual trade of $300,000. So successful has it been that the members, now numbering about 5,000, two years ago voted to buy a farm, so that now all of the milk, eggs, butter and vegetables sold by the stores of the society are raised on the farm.

The society's method of doing business is interesting. It is necessary for each member to take £2 of capital stock. On the capital stock 5 per cent interest is paid, but this is by no means all the benefits secured by the member, or purchaser either for that matter. Anybody is allowed to buy at the shops of the society. For every purchase (no difference what the amount) a brass check is given, indicating how much the purchase was. At the end of the quarter the customer brings in his checks and receives a dividend on the amount of his purchase. This usually amounts to about 12 per cent. Each store is in the control of a storekeeper, who receives a salary and a commission on all sales above a certain amount. The people of Kettering now receive the best goods at the lowest price. The private dealer has in a large measure been driven out of business, so great has been the satisfaction of the people with the stores of the distributive society.

The success and the danger also of this enterprise are well indicated by a paragraph from a recent report, which I quote:

"A very important question was brought before the members at the last annual meeting. Notwithstanding the large amount of property belonging to the society—over 100 houses in addition to the business premises—we still had a surplus capital. A serious difficulty presented itself. Great difficulty was experienced in investing the money at anything like the 5 per cent paid to members. The committee did not feel justified in building to any further extent and was face to face with the question of what to do with the money. Two ways presented themselves—either some part of the capital must be returned to the members or a reduction in the rate of interest from 5 to 4 per cent must be allowed on shares. The committee recommended the members to adopt a reduction of interest. This, being put to the meeting, was carried unanimously. A further recommendation was passed that the committee be allowed, according to rules, to lend out money to members on freehold security at 4½ per cent interest, the capital to be repaid by installments. The members fully appreciated the scheme, and we are in hopes that the difficulty arising from surplus money has been overcome."

It is a matter well known to the managers of great insurance companies that large sums of money are very difficult to invest at a satisfactory interest. Although the sum spoken of above is not large, still the society has found it difficult to earn the 5 per cent upon it. If the policy of the society makes it possible for members to borrow at low rates and on comparatively good security, much indebtedness may be incurred that would hardly be justified. Money easily secured leads to large expenditure. And, on the other hand, the desire to earn interest on the funds of the society will prevent the use of funds in anything but remunerative enterprises. Such things as parks and trees are badly needed, but I saw no evidence of any attempts to beautify the town. The Industrial Co-operative society has a penny bank. Any one may make deposits with the bank. Here again interest is promised on the money deposited. The increase of such deposits means the necessity of earning more money and of making loans. Is there a limit to the possible development of such a society unless it is willing to forego mere mercenary reward? This is the question the members will have to meet sooner or later. I am afraid that money expenditure without reward will not meet with great favor. The tendency at present is to pile up money faster than in the opinion of committees it can be utilized.

The first producers' co-operative society was not organized in the town until 1888. This was the Kettering Co-operative Boot and Shoe Manufacturing society. It was inspired by what the distributive society was doing in the town and by what was also being done in neighboring towns by the more advanced wing of the movement in the direction of producers' societies. In this firm the worker was not only entitled to take part in the management of the business, but also to share in the profit of his labor. The enterprise began with a capital of $2,000. This was judiciously invested in land. In time a factory was erected. At present the association occupies about a block of ground covered by a large building. In the ten years the capital has grown to $40,000 and the trade to $150,000 a year. The profits average about 12 per cent. In addition to their regular wages the members received nearly $19,000 last year.

The second of the three productive societies was established six years ago. The growth of this one has been phenomenal. I refer to the Clothing Manufacturing Co-operative society. This society occupies a large, well constructed building of four stories, well equipped with machinery. In it are employed about 200 hands, most of them women and girls. The capital is now $25,000 and the trade $55,000 a year. The bonus to labor reaches about $2,700 a year.

The third enterprise is a corset factory, employing about 100 men and girls. This society has only been in existence about a year, but in that time it has justified its existence by paying 4 per cent interest on the capital and giving a small bonus to labor. The business is increasing. The present year will undoubtedly see larger things done in this factory.

It is possible that the reader may have confused the idea underlying co-operation with that of profit sharing. In the enterprises spoken of above the laborers furnish the capital, carry on the management, receive the dividends on stocks and are paid the bonus on labor. If a man, say, owns $25 worth of stock in the boot and shoe society, he would receive $1 interest at the end of the year. In addition to this he would receive a certain portion of the profits besides his wages. If his wages were one three-hundredth of the total amount paid in a year and the profits amounted to $18,000 that year, his share would be $60. The wages are very low from the American standpoint. A dollar and a quarter is paid a girl of 15 for a week's work. A girl of 20 may receive $4 if she is an extra good hand. Men get as high as $7.50 per week. This is the best wage. House rent is low, clothing is fairly cheap, but meats and groceries are expensive. The standard of living is lower and the facilities of living far less than with us. But without the assistance of co-operation it was almost impossible for the workers to get anything ahead.

As has been intimated in the course of this article, the laborers manage the business. Twice a year a meeting is called in each of the different societies. The manager makes his reports and announces the dividends. Each laborer in the factory has one vote, no matter how many shares he owns or what his wages or position. The girl who receives $1.25 per week is on a par with the manager. The whole organization is extremely democratic. The general oversight of the business is in the hands of a committee elected by the members. This committee selects the manager. The manager may be removed by the committee. In my conversation with some of the managers they stated very positively that there should be some limitation upon voting power. They agreed with me that extreme democracy was a danger, but they were at the same time hopeless of any change in this part of the plan. Thus far the managers have been retained, and every facility in the power of the committees has been given them to advance the business.

Bright as is the showing noted above, all is not peace in co-operative circles. A good many years ago the Co-operative Wholesale society was organized to supply the various retail co-operative societies in different parts of England. This society has grown to immense proportions, it employs a vast capital and does a business of $10,000,000 a year. The managers of the wholesale found it necessary to manufacture many of their goods. In these new factories the principle of co-operation was not introduced. When the Kettering clothing and corset societies were started, the wholesale objected, although it did not make these things for itself. The managers of the wholesale said it must all be in the hands of this great society. There is no place for producers' co-operation. The wholesale refused to give the new organizations any business. This spirit in co-operation is the one grave difficulty. In the same way the laborers in a producers' society do not like to let new members in, for after a certain point is reached the enlargement of the business will not benefit the old members at all. In other words, the test of the future growth of co-operation depends upon the domination of selfishness or the spirit of help. I am sure in the long run the more generous spirit will rule.

Co-operation has done wonders for England, and it can do a great deal more. In America the growth has been slow. When it does come, any great growth must depend first upon the development of consumers' societies. These will make a market for products. Then in time the producers' organizations can be built up.—Professor F. L. McVey in Minneapolis Journal.

STATE LABOR AGENCIES.

How They Are Operated Under the Illinois Law—Three Chicago Offices.

The Illinois state board of statistics has formally opened three free employment offices in Chicago. Since the law went into effect on July 1 the superintendents of the various offices have been fitting up their quarters and getting ready for active business, until now the three sides of the city each has its "Illinois free employment office."

That such a department was needed and that it will be beneficial not only to the laborer, but to the employer, has already been demonstrated, although active operations have hardly been begun. The superintendents say that before they even had a sign in front of their offices to designate their business they had several applications from employers for help, which have increased from day to day.

The manner of conducting these agencies is specifically provided in the law, and the work throughout the state will be carried on systematically. Superintendents must report on Thursday of each week to the state bureau of labor statistics the number of applications for positions and for help received during the preceding week, and also those unfilled applications remaining on the books at the beginning of the week. The secretary of labor statistics shall in turn cause to be printed each week, showing separately and in combination, the lists received from each office and shall mail a list to each agency. A copy of these lists must also be mailed to the factory and mine inspectors in the state.

Under the law it is made the duty of the various superintendents to place themselves in communication with the principal manufacturers, merchants and other employers of labor in order that the co-operation of employers of labor may be obtained. To this end the superintendents are authorized to advertise in the daily papers such situations as they can fill, and they may advertise in a general way for the co-operation of large contractors and employers in trade journals or other publications which may reach such employers. The sum of $400 per annum is allowed superintendents for advertising purposes.

An applicant for employment must fill out a regular blank, giving name, address, kind of employment desired, number of people dependent upon him or her, the reason for lack of employment and a statement as to whether prevented from obtaining work for religious or other prejudicial reasons.

After an applicant for work is registered return postal cards will be used to carry out the object of the law. One of these cards will be sent to an applicant stating that there is an opening at a certain place. When the applicant visits the employer named, the return postal card must be returned to the employment office containing information as to whether or not the position has been accepted, and, if not, briefly stating the reasons. The employer will be likewise informed by postal card that an applicant will call on him, and it is required that he return the card, stating the disposition of the application.

Members of labor unions and those who were instrumental in the passage of the law are well satisfied with the outlook and believe that it will prove to be all that its supporters claim for it. The only opposition comes from the managers of employment agencies for hire, who must, under the new law, pay a license of $200 per annum and give a bond of $1,000. Violation of this provision of the law is made punishable by a fine of not less than $50 nor more than $100.

Not a Place For Laboring Men.

It seems to be the opinion of most who have been to the Philippines that the islands will not prove to be an inviting field for immigration, at least from the United States. The population already there is sufficient for such work as is likely to be undertaken whenever peace and order are restored. There is so much competition that wages are very low, were low under Spanish rule, and always will be low. There may be opportunity for capitalists to invest money, but they will be apt to employ native workmen for the most part. Reports from Japan say that large numbers of Japanese are preparing to go to the Philippines when peace comes. They perhaps may succeed. Thousands of them have flocked to Hawaii. Few workingmen of this country can compete with the orientals in an oriental climate. No workingman that has a living job here will do well to throw it up and seek another in Luzon.—Boston Herald.

The Union and Good Order.

In the investigation of the Colorado smelter strike by the state board of arbitration a smelter superintendent was asked by a member of the board:

"Did you ever have to deal with such a peaceable strike as this one?"

"No."

"Would the 800 men have been so quiet but for the existence of the union, do you think?"

"No, I guess not."

"Then the union is a pretty good thing for peace, isn't it?"

"Yes."



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STATIONERY

Or your stationer, will enable you to use the best and latest

WRITING PAPERS.

At very little above the cost of the poor out-of-date kind.

We don't permit a lot of antiquated goods to accumulate here, consequently offer at all times, fresh, stylish stock. Your desk will be more useful when it contains some of these.

HARRIS'S
10 APPLETON STREET.

CORROSIVE SUBLIMATE
IN SOLUTION OR DRY FORM
C. B. COBURN & CO.
63 Market St.

Table Tumblers
19c Dozen.
1 dozen given with
1 lb. 60c Tea
O'Brien Bros.
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Comfortable

You will be if you secure your furnishings at our store.
STRAW HATS,
NEGLIGEE SHIRTS,
LIGHT UNDERWEAR,
FINE HALF HOSE,
WASH NECKWEAR.
Everything for the summer man's comfort is to be found in our large stock.

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Cor. Central and Middle Streets.

THE SIMPSON CASE

Several Hearings Have Been Conducted of Late

MASTER HURD MAKES A RULING

Concerning the Books of Verrazino Simpson

Theodore C. Hurd, master in the case of Parker adm., vs. Simpson has been conducting several hearings during the last few weeks at the court house in Gorham street. This is the case, as the readers of The Sun will remember, in which Percy Parker, adm. of the estate of the late Elizabeth Simpson, seeks to recover from her son Verrazano Simpson of Winona, Minn., property which it is claimed he obtained by fraud from her in 1887. The last few hearings have been devoted to an examination of the books used by Verrazano in his business, which has been sent on from the west, to be used at the trial. These books, according to the evidence of the experts for the plaintiff show that the property which Verrazano obtained from his mother in 1887 was worth more than $360,000. The plaintiff claims that Verrazano now owes that sum, together with interest, from that time. The defence claim that they have the right to meet these figures by sworn statements of Verrazano which had been filed in court. The master, after some consideration, ruled on Wesnesday of last week that such statements are not admissible as evidence. This decision was based largely upon a recent Massachusetts statute. The hearings therefore have been continued until Sept. 1, to give the defendant an opportunity of having the books examined by an expert, who can then testify in behalf of the defendant.

PRODUCED KNIFE

Patrick Kelly Arrested on Middlesex Street

CHASING BOYS WITH A KNIFE

Boys Had Been Plaguing Him

Officer Jack Tilton arrested a man named Patrick Kelly residing on the Hamilton corporation on Middlesex street this afternoon about half past three. It is alleged that he tried to stab some boys on Middlesex street. Kelly said that he was cutting tobacco when some boys started to plague him and he chased them.

IN GUARD HOUSE

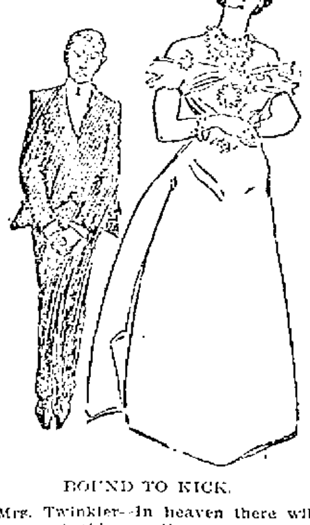
Eighty Illinois Militiamen Locked up

BECAUSE THEY THREATENED TO QUIT CAMP

If Their Captain Was Reprimanded

By Associated Press to The Sun.

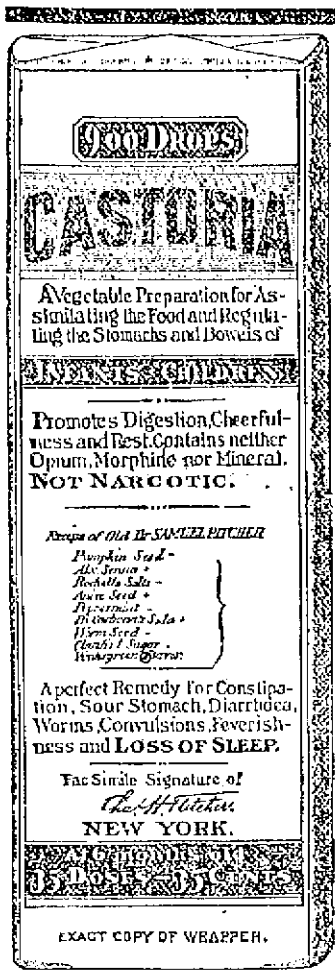
CHICAGO, Aug. 12.—Eighty members of the Illinois naval militia were placed under arrest last night. Some days since, Capt. William H. Thompson of the naval militia, now in camp at Waukegan, Ill. left camp and came to Chicago. He declares that he had permission and Captain Shaffner, the commanding officer, holds a contrary view. It was decided to reprimand Thompson and he declared that he would not accept a censure and demanded a court martial. This was refused and the reprimand insisted upon. The entire ship's crew commanded by Thompson sided with him and threatened to leave camp if Shaffner's orders were carried out. As a result, eighty men were placed in the guard house. The men insist that they will leave the camp if the reprimand is carried out.



BOUND TO KICK.

Mrs. Twinkler—In heaven there will be no such thing as time.

Mr. Twinkler—Yes, but what of it? The women who get to heaven would never keep their husbands waiting any way.



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

MacARTHUR AGAIN

Fighting General Keeps Insurgents Moving

AMERICANS DID NOT OCCUPY ANGELES

Because of Gen. Wheaton's Orders

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MANILA, Aug. 12.—Advices from Calulet under date of Aug. 11, report that General MacArthur took the Ninth regiment, a battalion of the 22d, and a detachment of the First Artillery from Calulet to Santa Rita near Bacolor on Friday morning. The entrance of the troops into the town was not opposed, the insurgents fleeing as the Americans approached.

The troops had a hard march of ten miles in some places being obliged to wade waist deep in water. Many were exhausted. The troops will spend the night at Santa Rita and proceed Saturday. Lieut. Hazard of General Wheaton's staff with five scouts from the Iowa regiment, marched up the railroad into Angeles. A small force of rebels attacked the scouts outside the town and Lieut. Hazard sent for reinforcements. General Wheaton's orders, however, were that the Americans should not occupy Angeles and a force of 600 or 700 rebels appearing, Lieut. Hazard retired.

IS UNDER ARREST

J. A. Nason Alleged Express Swindler Arrested

JUST RELEASED FROM LAWRENCE JAIL

Worked Boston, Lawrence and Lowell

Inspector Allen went to Lawrence Saturday and arrested J. A. Nason alias Charles Pendleton, who finished a six months' term in that city today.

Nason, it is alleged, goes around to different houses claiming he is in the employ of the American Express Co. He collects money on a fake package which he tells the people to call for at the office.

He has worked Lawrence, Boston and this city. The police have been after him for a long time. He was first suspected in Lawrence when a woman offered him a $2 bill in payment for a package. Upon receiving the bill, he assaulted the woman and ran away. He ran into a house and hid in the cellar where the police arrested him. Before they came he had thrown the books away. When shown the books, he said he never saw them before.

When brought to the police station by Inspector Allen, he registered his name as J. A. Nason, but was booked in Lawrence as Charles Pendleton.

DARMODY IS FREE

Discharged From Woburn Court This Morning

CHARGED WITH ASSAULTING EDW. JOHNSON

The Victim Died Shortly Afterward

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WOBURN, Mass., Aug. 12.—James Darmody, charged with assault upon James Patterson of Cambridge, at Woburn last Sunday as a result of which Patterson died two days later, was found not guilty and discharged by Judge Edward F. Johnson in the district court here today. The case was called this forenoon having been continued last Tuesday with Darmody under $2,000 bonds. Contradictory testimony was presented by eye-witnesses of the affair, while the medical examiner stated that Patterson died from a complication of diseases aggravated, doubtless, by the assault. The men quarreled over the right of way on a narrow road on which both were driving.

WERE MARRIED.

The marriage of E. A. Barrell, a former Lowell musician, of note, to Miss Louise Ellis Turner, daughter of H. E. Turner of Lowville, N. Y., took place on Thursday last.

SITUATION UNCHANGED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Aug. 12.—The leaders of the telegraphers' movement which may culminate in a strike against the New York New Haven and Hartford railroad company, state today that the situation is unchanged from yesterday. President Powell, of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers has not yet arrived nor has any word been received from him.

HACKETT WINS TENNIS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SORRENTO, Me., Aug. 12.—Contrary to expectations, Herbert H. Hackett, holder, defeated J. Parmely Paret, challenger, in straight sets today for the Maine state tennis championship. Hackett's victory puts his name on the cup a second time and prevents the cup going to Paret, who had already had two wins.

Black Stockings

"Black stockings will not crock if first dipped in salt water and then washed in a lukewarm light suds made from Fairy Soap."
—Mrs. Sarah Tyson Rorer.

FAIRY SOAP

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And no matter how careful we are sometimes get our clothing soiled and that makes us look shabby. It is not necessary to purchase a new suit of clothes on that account. Bring your suit to the

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and they will cleanse them for you, removing all stains and for a small cost will make them look as good as new. Remember the place

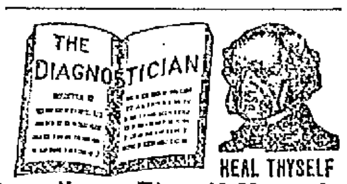
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Prof. W. H. Peeke, who makes a specialty of Epilepsy has without doubt treated and cured more cases than any living Physician; his success is astonishing. We have heard of cases of 20 years' standing cured by him. He publishes a valuable work on this disease which he sends with a large bottle of his absolute cure, free to any sufferer who may send their P.O. and Express address. We advise anyone wishing a cure to address, Prof. W. H. PEEKE, F. D., 4 Cedar St., New York.



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Boston & Maine Railroad

Corrected to June 26, 1899. Trains leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 5.45, 6.25, *6.45, *7.15, *8.50, *9.15, *9.40, 11 a m; 1.40, *3.00, 4.25, *5.41 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.45 a m.

Trains leave Middlesex Street Station Lowell as follows:

For Boston, 5.45, 6.25, *6.45, w6.50, 7.01, *7.20, *7.25, 7.30, *7.45, *7.51, w*8.03, *8.57, *9.14, w9.25, *9.50, w10.30, 11.02, *11.45 a m; w12.05, 12.10, w1.15, 1.41, w2.30, w3.10, *3.13, *3.47, w3.55, *4.01, 4.25, w5.15, 5.25, *5.45, w6.15, *6.25, 7.00, *7.45, 8.41, w9.25 p m. SUNDAYS, 7.35, 7.55, 8.15, 8.45, 9.10, a m; 12.05, 4.05, 4.25, 5.55, 6.45 p m.

For Lawrence and Haverhill, 6.33, w7.30, z7.31, w8.30, w9.25, 10.05, w10.50 a m; w12.05, w2.30, 3.15, 4.28, w5.15, w6.15, w7.00, w9.25, w11.45 p m. SUNDAYS 8.15 a m, 12.05, 5.30, 8.45 p m.

For stations between Reading and Boston, western division, 6.50, 9.25, 10.50 a m; 12.05, 2.45, 2.00, 3.50, 5.15, 7.00, 9.25 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a m; 12.05, 4.05, 5.30, 8.45 p m.

For Salem, Mass. w6.33, 7.31 a m; w12.05, 1.35, w5.15, 5.53 p m.

For Newburyport, Amesbury and Portsmouth, 6.25 a m; 12.05, 2.30, 2.30, 3.55, 5.15 p m.

For Haverhill, 6.25, 6.50, z7.31, 8.30, 9.25, 10.50 a m, 12.05, 2.30, 3.15, 4.28, 5.15, 6.15, 7.00, 9.25, 11.45 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a m; 12.05, 5.30, 7.25 p m.

For Amesbury, Newburyport, Hampton, North Hampton, Portsmouth and stations on York Beach, R. R., 2.30 p m, July 3 to Sept. 8 inclusive.

For Exeter and Dover 6.25, 6.50, z7.31, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 3.55, 5.15 p m. SUNDAYS, z8.15, 5.30 p m.

For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 3.55 p m.

For Somersworth, N. H. Saco, Old Orchard, and Portland, 6.25, 6.50, z7.31, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 3.55, 5.15 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.

For Lewiston, Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 6.50, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 5.15 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.

For Bangor, Belfast, Skowhegan and Rockland, 8.30 a m; 5.15 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.

For St John's, N. B. Halifax, N. S., Montreal and Quebec, 8.30 a m; 5.15 p m. (5.15 does not run Saturdays.) SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.

For Eastport and St John, (via steamer from Portland) on Mondays, and Friday at 12.05 p m.

For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgewick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport, (via steamer Frank Jones from Portland,) Tuesday and Friday at 5.15 p m.

For Woburn, 6.25, 7.01, 7.31, *7.45, 11.03 a m; 1.41, 4.28, 8.41, p m. SUNDAYS, 8.45 a m; 4.05, 5.55 p m.

For stations between Winchester and Boston, Southern Division, 5.45, 6.25, 7.31, 7.45, 9.25, 11.03 a m; 1.41, 4.28, 5.25, 8.41 p m. SUNDAYS, 7.30, 8.45, 9.10 a m; 4.05, 5.55 p m.

For Ayer Junction and Way Stations, 7.10 a m; 12.20, 5.01 and 5.42 p m. SUNDAYS, 2.15 p m.

For Amherst, Milford and Wilton, 9.12 a m; 1.05, 3.41, 5.29 p m. SUNDAYS, 2 p m.

For Greenfield, Peterboro, Bennington, Hillsboro and Keene, 9.12 a m and 5.41 p m. SUNDAYS to Hillsboro, 2 p m.

For Nashua, Manchester and Concord—7.10, 9.12, *9.50, *11.00 a m; *12.12, 1.05, *1.50, *3.24, 3.41, *5.29, 6.27, *8.10, *8.20 p m. SUNDAYS, 1.05 a m (to Nashua only), 2.05 a m; 2.00, 5.02, 5.12, 8.10 p m.

For Franklin, Lebanon and White River Junction—9.12, *9.50 a m; *12.12, *1.50, 3.41, *5.10 p m.

For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N H) Claremont and Claremont Junction—9.12 a m; 3.41 p m; 5.41 p m Saturday only till August 27th inclusive.

For St Johnsbury, and Lyndonville, via Wells River—*9.50 a m, *1.50, *8.40 p m.

For Montpelier, Essex Junction, Burlington, St Albans, St Johns and Montreal via the Central Vermont Line, *9.50 a m; *12.12, *8.20 p m.

For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line—*9.50 a m; *8.40 p m.

QUEBEC EXPRESS, via Plymouth and Sherbrook—*1.50, *8.10 p m.

Reference: *Express. †Daily. w Via Western Division. ‡Wednesdays and Saturdays only. ¶ Via Bedford. z Via Wilmington Junction. x To Exeter only.

D. J. FLANDERS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent. H. C. TAFT, Gen Agt., Lowell.

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All sizes and styles. 50c. to $6.00 each. Hammocks, hooks ropes, etc.

Ice Cream Freezers

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NEW STORE:

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Choice Teas, Coffees, and Spices

Try our New Brands of Flour, the Best in the City. "The King Arthur," "Crown of Gold," and Banquet."

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Perfect Remedy for

Ants, Cockroaches, Water-Bugs, etc.

Has No Equal.

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653 MERRIMACK STREET.

We have just received Samples of Suitings for for the Fall and Winter Trade, and in our judgment, they are the finest looking goods that have ever come to the city.

Call at A. M. BERTRAND,

The Fashionable Tailor,

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Price of Gas with the discount off for prompt payment, is

$1.00 ONE THOUSAND FEET.

First class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year. Piping included. Coke broken, screened and delivered at $4.50 per cauldron, $2.25 per half cauldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipe from street mains to consumer's meter. Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

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BAKERS,

Are working night and day to supply the demand for their celebrated Cream Bread and Cake. It is admitted by everybody that has used it, to be the best on the market. Watson's bakery supplies can be had at almost any well regulated grocery store. Call for Watson's and take no other.

PETER WATSON'S Home Made Bakeries

52 to 60 Charles St., 46 Lawrence St.

THE

STANDARD BOTTLING CO.

Is doing the largest business that they have ever done since they have been in business. There is one good reason for this, and that is that their

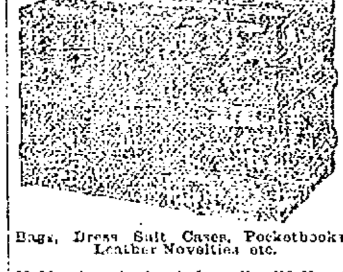
Carbonated Drinks

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Moxie Nerve Food

are the correct thing to have in the house when the weather is so warm. Just order a case, and see if you will not say that it is the best investment you have made this summer. The Standard Bottling goods are the best on the market. You can order by telephone.

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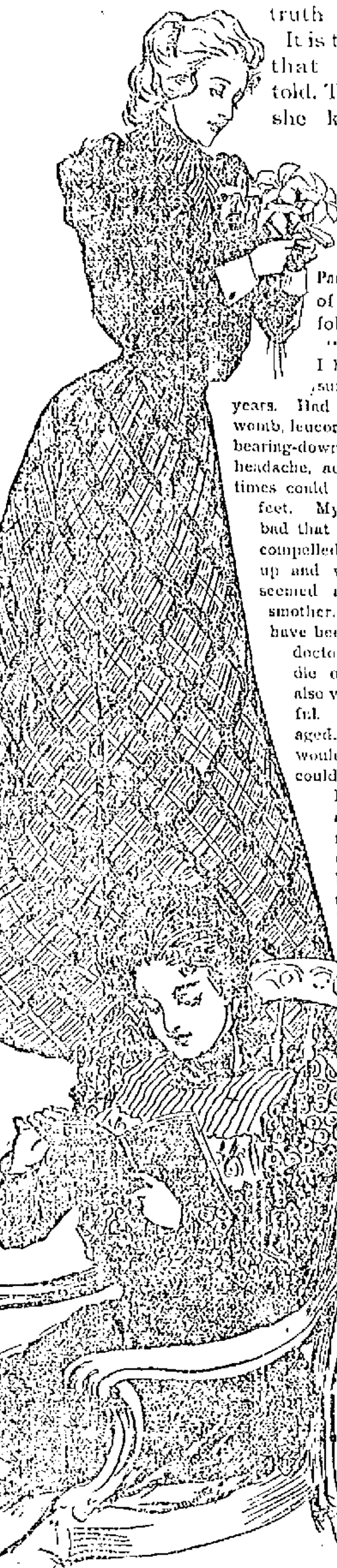


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The full story of suffering!
Can it be told to male physicians?
Can help be effectual when part of the truth is withheld?



It is to Mrs. Pinkham that everything is told. This is the reason she knows at once how to advise women. She is their confidential friend.

Miss Lula Evans, of Parkersburg, Ia., writes of her recovery as follows:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM: I had been a constant sufferer for nearly three years. Had inflammation of the womb, leucorrhœa, heart trouble, bearing-down pains, backache, headache, ached all over, and at times could hardly stand on my feet. My heart trouble was so bad that some nights I was compelled to sit up in bed or get up and walk the floor, for it seemed as though I should smother. More than once I have been obliged to have the doctor visit me in the middle of the night. I was also very nervous and fretful. I was utterly discouraged. One day I thought I would write and see if you could do anything for me. I followed your advice and now I feel like a new woman. That choking feeling and backache I have no more, and I have found Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Sanative Wash a sure cure for leucorrhœa. I am very thankful for your good advice and medicine."

It is easy and costs nothing to get right advice; write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass. for it. Discouraged women everywhere find in this way prompt and permanent help. They become warm friends of Mrs. Pinkham from that time forth.

Ella E. Brenner, East Rochester, Ohio, writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM: I shrank from the ordeal of examination by our physician, yet I knew I must have treatment. My troubles were backache, nervous tired feeling, painful menstruation and leucorrhœa. I am so grateful to you now that I am willing to have my name published to help others to take their troubles to you. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound used as you wrote me has made me entirely well and very happy. I shall bless you as long as I live."

Miss Nellie Russell Relieved of Pain.

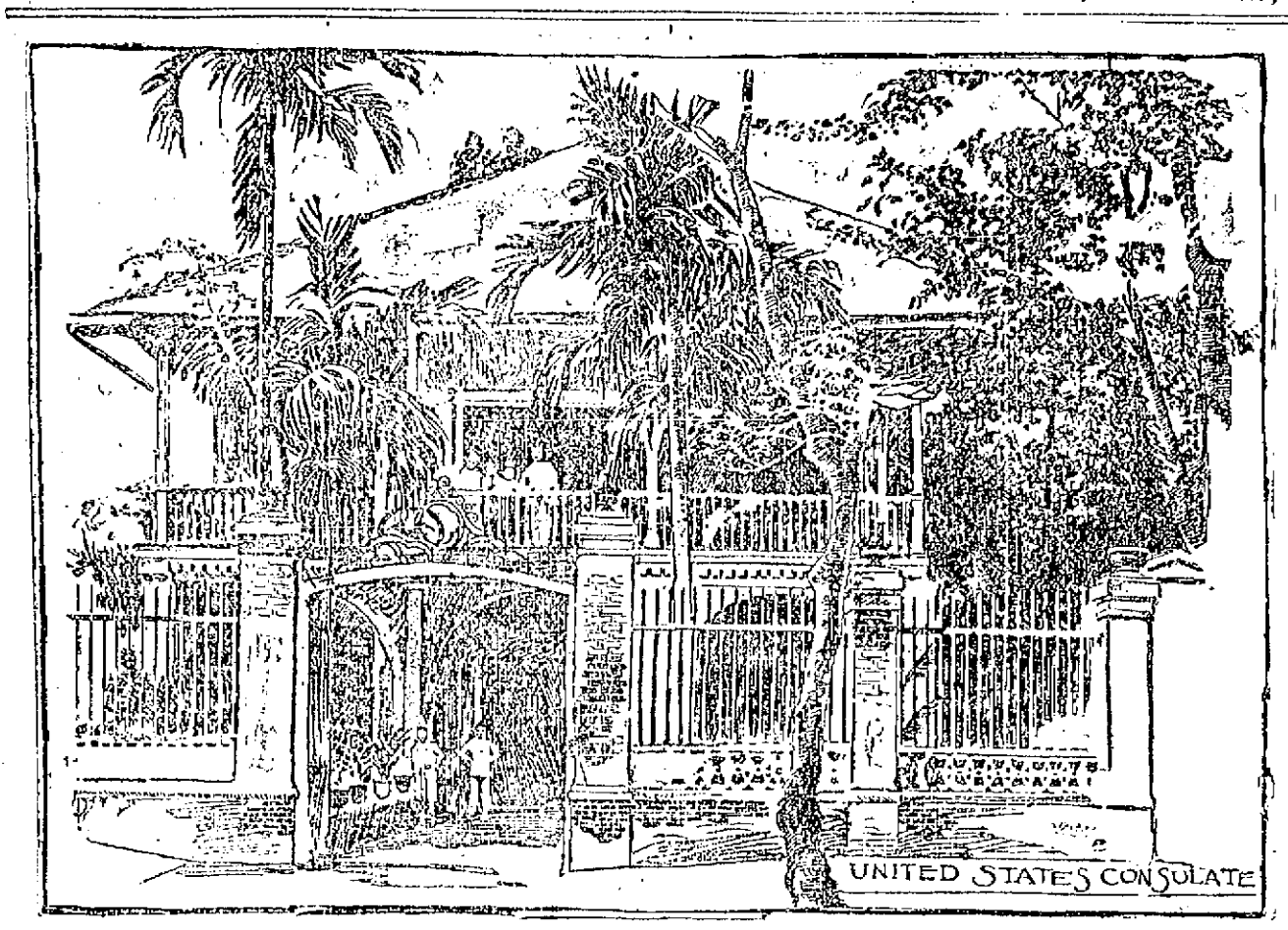
"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—From childhood I suffered from kidney trouble and as I grew older my troubles increased, having intense pain running from my waist to my womb and the menses were very painful. One day, seeing your advertisement in one of our papers, I wrote to you. When your reply came I began taking your Compound and followed your advice and am now in perfect health, and would advise any lady rich or poor to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which I can praise above all other remedies. It is a wonderful help to women."—Miss Nellie Russell, 138 Grace St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Years of suffering may be avoided by ailing women who heed Mrs. Pinkham's invitation and write to her for aid.

Ask Mrs. Pinkham's Advice—A Woman Best Understands a Woman's Ills

Fifty Cents Per Box TRADE MARK Palmo Tablets HEALTH, POWER, ENERGY. stop forever all weakening drains, feed the brain, replace wasted tissues, and send rich, flesh-building blood bounding through every part of the system, making every organ act, and causing you to glow and tingle with newly found strength. You're a new man and feel it! The greatest NERVE TONIC ever discovered. Palmo Tablets cure quickly and forever Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Atrophy, Loss of Memory, Sleeplessness, Dyspepsia, Kidney Ills, etc. 50c. a box; 12 boxes (with guarantee, good as gold), $5.00. Sent anywhere. HALSID DRUG CO., Cleveland, O.

Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 217 CENTRAL STREET.



A POST IN THE PHILIPPINES IS A PLEASANT ONE, FOR THE HOUSES ARE VINE-CLAD AND GREAT TROPICAL TREES REAR THEIR HEADS OVER THE HOUSE TOPS, GIVING SHADE AND BEAUTY.

WITH THE FILIPINOS IN THE PHILIPPINES.

Our Correspondent Describes the Condition of the Islands and Suggests Speedy Termination of the Revolution.

When the United States accepted the Philippines as one of its new colonial possessions it annexed a veritable hornet's nest that will continue to cause trouble for the government until every revolutionist has been thoroughly thrashed, individually as well as collectively.

For generations the natives of the Philippines have been in a state of revolt. They have formulated rebellions that have been nothing more than revolts against a particularly unpopular Governor, and they have inaugurated revolutions against the government as a whole.

In fact, it might be said that the history of the islands has proved that the people absolutely will not be controlled, and no one who has met them in their own land can feel surprised that such a condition of affairs has existed, for it cannot be denied that as a rule they are the least intelligent of our new colonists.

Of course there are intelligent and well-educated Filipinos, men and women who would compare favorably with many more civilized races, but they do not compose the mass and file of the inhabitants of the islands, who are savages pure and simple.

They may wear American clothing and may affect European airs, but they cannot conceal the savagery that is the controlling characteristic in their make up. Such people had rather fight than be at peace, for to fight means a long excursion for them—an excursion during which they will be provided with food and plenty of excitement, and occasional fatalities have no more effect upon them than upon any other savage people.

While it is true that there are men connected with the revolutionary cause who have intelligence enough to formulate a certain form of government, there are comparatively few such men, and the past has shown that even they are most corruptible. To place the government in their hands, therefore, would be to leave the islands at the mercy of a lot of half-breeds, and we should be kept busy in putting down the revolutions that they would certainly start among themselves.

The actual fact is that it will be years before they are competent to govern themselves, and the government is wise in attempting to keep control of the islands as long as it is determined to own them.

THE WAR.

What is needed, however, is a more aggressive policy on the part of the military officials in charge of affairs here, for a revolution that exists in the mountains and forest jungles is just as much to be dreaded as if it were being carried on in the streets of Manila.

A few months ago the natives of the Philippines had a great deal of respect for the American Government. They had seen Admiral Dewey destroy the Spanish fleet and the defenses in a few hours. They knew that other naval and military commanders had been just as successful in other parts of the world, and it required considerable nerve to put themselves in opposition to such a power.

That they have succeeded so well in their conflict against us, however, has given them new courage, and the longer we put off the extermination of the revolutionary army the more difficult it will be to conquer them at last. Our mistake has been in not sending a sufficient force to put down the rebellion in a few weeks, for the opinion that now prevails is that we are a very much over-estimated nation.

What we must do—if expansion is to be our policy, wise or otherwise—is to inaugurate a new system of warfare that will result in the complete downfall of Aguinaldo and his party, for the only way in which we can have peace on the islands is to overwhelm the native leaders with defeat and drive them from the country.

If they are permitted to remain we shall simply have a series of revolutions that will keep us in hot water all the time, but if they are disposed of, quiet may at last be obtained.

While this may not agree with the opinions of some American people, it is the truth of the matter, and it would be better for us to withdraw entirely and leave the Islanders to work out their own destruction than to adopt any other course.

The natives of the Philippines are composed of two distinct classes, the annexationists and the Independents. To the former belong the well-to-do people of the islands, who realize that their lives and property would be safe only under such a government as the United States would give them. To the latter belong the shiftless natives, who have nothing to lose and everything to gain by self-government. Of course there are exceptions, but they are very rarely found. The former class represents the intelligence of the islands, the latter the ignorance.

A more good-natured, credulous, lazy individual than the pure-blooded Tagal it would be difficult to imagine. Long years of oppression have left their stamp upon him until to-day he has no desire for prosperity, and is satisfied with a manner of existence that even a Chinaman would scorn.

If left to himself he would be harmless enough, but he is so simple minded that he can easily be imposed upon by the half-breed men, who believe that independence would enable them to gain control of affairs, a condition that would result in considerable financial profit to themselves. Of course these classes only exist in the cities and towns of the islands. In the interior there are the savages that constitute such a large part of the revolutionary army—savages who have not learned to wear clothing, and who do not know what they are fighting about.

Manila as a city is a surprise to Americans who see it for the first time. For some reason they have learned to expect a semi-barbarous condition, and they are astonished to see the large commercial buildings, the magnificent residences, the well-paved and well-kept streets and the beautiful drives that have made Manila a comfortable and rather pleasant place of abode.

What makes the city more picturesque, however, is that here are blended the civilization of the East with the civilization of the West—Europe of the sixteenth century and the Asia of to-day. There are the cathedrals, the monasteries and the convents, the religious processions, the pageants of old Spain, and by their side the modern buildings of the great commercial houses. It is said that before the arrival of the American soldiers dirt and filth predominated everywhere, but these conditions have now been largely overcome, and whatever may be said of General Otis as a military commander—and many uphold him—he is certainly an able sanitary official.

His work in this respect will be confined to the streets, however, for the people have no need for any instruction on this point. Be they ever so careless about their streets, they themselves are models of cleanliness. Every morning they bathe thoroughly, and if the tubs in which they perform their ablutions are used as receptacles for food later in the day, it must be said that they have been carefully cleansed in the mean time.

The popular native attire is not only comfortable, but clean and picturesque. It consists of a white suit of thin material, and shoes are never worn. In front of each house, however lowly, a bowl of water and a bunch of hemp are always found, and here the people always stop to wash their feet before crossing the threshold.

THEIR DRESS.

The mode of attire adopted by the Europeans is just as thoroughly in keeping with the requirements of the country, the men wearing white duck suits, without collar, and thin silk underwear, white pith helmet and canvas shoes the year round. The Spaniards, who still remain, and the Mestizo, or half-breed-native, go in for more gorgeous raiment.

As a rule the Filipino women are attractive, and many of them are really beautiful. They love jewelry, and are fond of display, and while never wearing hats or gloves, their clothing is often of the finest texture, beautifully embroidered and trimmed with the most magnificent lace. The better class of women wear shoes, but this is a luxury that is practically unknown among the poorer classes.

From a business point of view things in Manila have long been at a standstill. The trouble is that the native merchants have been unable to grasp the situation. The large business houses have recovered from the effects of the blockade, and are doing their best to bring the smaller dealers to their senses. The latter, however, have devoted their time to long discussions as to the advisability of going out of business, and their fears have not been assuaged by the fact that the more ignorant of the Chinese and Spanish merchants have done nothing but talk of going home ever since the war ended.

Of late, however, there has been an influx of hustlers from the United States, and they are going ahead to make money in a manner that is simply astounding to the old shop keepers whose antiquated methods of doing business seem ridiculous to one who is familiar with American habits of trade.

In the past it has been their practice to send an inventory of their stock to Spain twice a year. There the inventory has been gone over and the articles that seemed to be needed have been sent back.

If in a few weeks any particular article has been sold out the merchant has not sent for a new supply, but has waited patiently for the semi-annual stock-taking. The newly arrived American has not been bound by any such rules. He has felt the pulse of the market just as he has been in the habit of doing, and then has cabled for the goods that could not be obtained in other stores. As the result he is making money, and the other merchants are dazed by this exhibition of enterprise.

I suppose that in time the American merchant and his clerk will be just as lazy as others who have been doing business here for years, but at present he is industrious enough. He devotes his entire day to his business and hurries about the streets on foot just as if he were still in the United States.

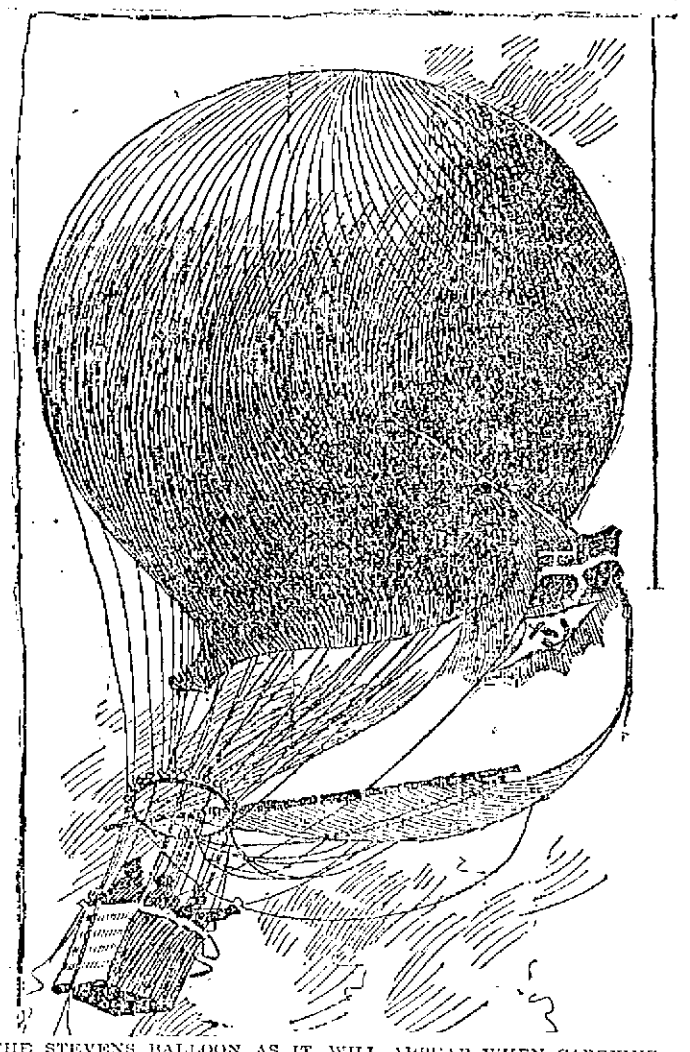
The foreign and native merchants, however, provide a striking example of the laziness that is inspired by the climate. They never walk a step outside of their offices. Generally their carriage stands at the door, but if not they call one of the cabs, of which there are so many in every street. The hours that are devoted to business are also a matter for surprise to the hustler who has been used to American ways. In Manila men go to their work at daylight and remain until noon, when they rest for two or three hours, returning to work till five o'clock. It has always been the practice to give each employee one year's vacation out of each seven as a "home leave." Besides this he is entitled to one month's vacation each year, to a good holiday each month, and no one in Manila would think of working on a Sunday or a saint's day.

As the result there have been about 130 days in each year on which the people have done no work, and while American competition may compel a change in this method of procedure, it is predicted that, instead, the Americans themselves will soon come to accept the conditions that have prevailed for so long, and that after they have become acclimated they will be no more anxious to perform mental or manual labor than the natives themselves.

While the wages for ordinary labor in Manila are very low, comparatively large salaries are paid to persons who hold good positions in the mercantile houses. The ordinary salaries range from $2,500 to $5,000 a year, and each employee is also provided with lodgings, a mess allowance sufficient to meet ordinary living expenses, medical attendance and all traveling charges.

To the American business men whom I have interviewed the outlook in Manila seems very bright. There is a good market here and plenty of money, and modern goods have never been introduced.

GEORGE ALFRED EDWARDS.



THE STEVENS BALLOON AS IT WILL APPEAR WHEN CARRYING PASSENGERS FROM ONE SECTION OF THE GROUNDS TO ANOTHER.

BALLOON FOR THE PARIS EXPOSITION.

Leo Stevens, the Great Aeronaut Describes the Wonderful Passenger Air Ship.

If the concession can be obtained from the Paris Exposition, I propose to establish there, with my assistant, La Strange, the best—in fact, the only aerial road that has ever been successfully operated between two long distance points.

The great difficulty in managing the grounds of the Paris Exposition will be, I am told, the transportation of the people. The grounds lie on opposite sides of the Seine, and boats and bridges will be packed at all hours. Many persons desiring to visit the old side of the river will be prevented on account of the stream of people pouring across the bridges. In this way valuable traffic will be prevented from passing over.

The mode of aerial transit which I have in mind is entirely novel. It is that of an electric balloon run on cables from a power house.

The balloon, which is fastened to an endless cable by powerful rings, is run up from the power house and is drawn across the cable by means of a taking cable operated by compressed air. There will be three balloons, each to have a capacity of 100,000 cubic feet of hydrogen gas, which will carry twelve to fifteen passengers each. These run along through the passenger stations, where they are pulled down by a windlass, which is operated in a manner similar to the ferryboat windlass, which is understood by all. It occupies about seven weeks for the building of each balloon.

THE TRIP.

After the car is filled with passengers the balloon which supports it rises again by means of the windlass, and soon as it has reached the cable it starts along the aerial roadway to its destination. It can travel very rapidly, nothing as swift as a balloon being known—not even cars or boat. The balloon can cross the Seine; or it can run the full length of the Exposition grounds to the stations. It is likely that stations will be placed at the four corners of the grounds and the balloons sent along the aerial line from one station to another, stopping at each until it has gone entirely around the grounds. Owing to the inexpensive method of operation the cost of transportation will be very small.

The method of getting up a balloon in these days is entirely different from former methods. In old days they made a balloon of silk and coated it with a varnish. Even the Andre balloon was made in this crude way, and it was bound, of course, to lose a certain amount of air all the time.

But the balloons which I am making for the Exposition are of cloth, which is cut into segments, as many segments being cut as are required for the balloon, which is about seventy feet in height. The pieces are dipped in a solution of boiled rubber, which is scarcely thicker than oil. The rubber is so offensive when it is being boiled that I have been obliged to remove my factory to New Jersey in order to operate my works properly. Another reason for the removal of the rubber is its high degree of explosiveness when going through the boiling process, this fact barring it from all city limits.

After the segments are dipped in rubber they are cooled, becoming hard, yet not too hard to be appliable. They are now sewed together, and after they are all fitted nicely in shape the balloon is inflated with hydrogen gas and is tied to the ground.

The hydrogen gas which will be used is a very powerful material, and has five times the lifting power of illuminating gas. After the balloon is inflated with this wonderful fluid, it is coated with a solution of rubber and oil, which is put on with a big, soft brush. The oil immediately hardens and becomes a part of the balloon.

It is impossible for gas to escape from the balloon, and the only time it will ever fall comes after the air within has, to use a common expression, "grown heavy," which will not occur short of three or four weeks.

The car which will be attached to the balloon is made of rattan, and looks like an immense basket, with a cover to protect the passengers in case of rain. It always hangs in a perfectly horizontal position below the balloon, and is as safe as a rocking chair. The netting will be made of No. 2 gray linen tape, which will be sewed instead of tied, thus making a flat seam and a building knots.

The mode of propelling the balloon along the wire is most interesting. It was proposed at first to pull the balloon along by means of a cable which could be attached to it and gradually hauled in. But this seemed rather crude, and robbed ballooning of its element of sport and scientific construction. Therefore we have decided to fix sails to the balloon, and are, in fact, now operating several of them in this way.

A sail containing perhaps 800 yards of linen drill, which is the best sail cloth for ballooning, is fitted to the side of the balloon upon a sort of revolving mast, which swings around the balloon as required, and the handling of the sail is the same as on a yacht.

After the balloon runs up the cable and reaches its line high in midair, the sail is swung around to catch the air, and whiz! away goes the balloon skimming along the right direction. It is decidedly in the air, yet it cannot get off the track, owing to the great ring which holds it to the cable. The general elevation is to be 1,000 feet in the air, affording a bird's eye view of some thirty miles of magnificent country.

Balloonists have long been at work trying to perfect something of this kind, but up to date this is the very best aerial rapid transit that has been invented.

LEO. STEVENS.



THE NATIVES OF THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS GREATLY RESEMBLE THE NATIVE CUBANS, OF WHOM THE GREAT ARTIST, FREDERIC REMINGTON, DRAWS THIS STRIKING AND CHARACTERISTIC LIFE SKETCH.

EMERALDS DONE

Were Walloped to Pieces by South Ends

IN TWO GAMES PLAYED SATURDAY

South Ends are Now Champions

HAVING WON THE ENTIRE SERIES

Unions Will Challenge the Winners

The gradual degeneracy of the famous old "Acre," which popularly speaking includes the vicinity of the North common, was never so strongly felt as it was on Saturday when the Emeralds the erstwhile crack ball team of the North End of the city, the successors to the great Columbians of almost a decade back, went up against their great rivals, the South Ends and were trimmed up with disgusting ease.

An old time North common rooter who had laid his money on the Emeralds as a matter of principle sitting beside me in the grand stand, left the grounds during the second game with the sadly expressive if inelegant remark "Well, the Acre has gone to —— entirely when the Acre lads can't get one game out of two from the South Ends."

You'd have to agree with him if you were there for the Acre lads couldn't play ball well enough to get a show on a juvenile team and from start to finish they entirely forgot that time honored injunction to all good Acre lads about "sticking together," and they played like men on nine different teams. Maurice Dineen has vowed that he'll never, never be seen upon the North common while the Walla Walla wonder has gone out to Long Sought For to weep alone over the degeneracy of his pupils.

"But what can you expect?" says Teddy Fitz, mournfully. "In Suffolk street and Doyle's alley where once the gang talked nothing but base ball you now find a swarthy crowd who don't know a base ball from an onion poultice. What can you expect?"

They were the third and fourth games in the series of five out of seven between the South Ends and Emeralds for a $100 purse and the championship of the city and the South Ends by winning both won the series, the money and the championship. An immense crowd went up to the Fair Grounds to see them and it was only in the second game when the South Ends walloped their rivals all over the field that they lost their gameness and left the grounds.

The first game was something after the style of a ball game. What I saw of the second game beggared description. I have never seen any kind of a sport that it resembled.

It was in the fourth inning of the second game that the Emeralds were finally throw down and even Dr. Henotte the king base ball crank of the city got up and went out and when the doctor quits, its time for every self-respecting rooter to make his escape.

The umpire this time was all right. His name is Ryan and he hails from Haverhill. He looks like a tragedian but he isn't and what he lacks in size he makes up in lung power and the cranks are all stuck on him.

In the first game the Emeralds were whitewashed and if it were not for Dan Murphy they would have been shut out without a hit. Bacon, the South End pitcher made them feel like a plugged quarter which is less than "25 cents," and a pitcher named Schneider from Bacon's town had charge of the interment.

Clancey pitched for the Emeralds. He was wild and when he did get the ball over the plate it was hit hard. He gave 12 bases on balls and was touched up for eight hits, one of which was a triple by Roche.

The features of the first game was the phenomenal fielding of Oanley in left field for the South Ends a phenomenal one-hand catch by Jack Roche in the eighth inning and the fielding of Flanagan. The score:

SOUTH ENDS.

Reagan ss	5	1	2	2	0	5	1
Perry, 2b	3	1	0	0	2	4	1
Flanagan 1b	1	0	0	0	12	0	0
Farley c	4	2	1	1	5	0	1
Thorne, rf	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
Roche, cf	4	1	1	3	3	1	0
Slines, 3b	3	1	1	1	1	0	0
Qualey, lf	4	0	1	1	2	0	1
Bacon p	3	1	2	2	0	5	2
Totals	31	9	8	10	27	15	6

EMERALDS.

Connors, lf	4	0	0	0	2	0	0
Balcomb, 1b	4	0	0	0	6	0	0
Den Murphy, 3b	4	0	0	0	1	2	1
O'Brien, ss	4	0	0	0	0	0	1
Clancey, p	4	0	0	0	0	3	1
Dan Murphy, c	3	0	1	1	9	0	1
Mulvaney, rf	4	0	0	0	1	0	0
Donovan, 2b	2	0	0	0	1	3	1
Kane, cf	3	0	0	0	2	0	0
Totals	32	0	1	1	*22	8	5

* Flanagan and Perry out for interfering with players.

South Ends ....5 0 1 0 0 2 1 0 *—9
Emeralds ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Earned runs—South Ends 1. Three-base hit—Roche. Stolen bases—Flanagan 2, Reagan, Bacon, Perry, Slines, Qualey, Din Murphy. Base on balls, by Clancey 12, by Bacon 1. Hit by pitched ball—Farley, Perry, Dan Murphy. Struck out—By Bacon 5, by Clancey 7. Passed balls—Murphy. Time, 2h. 25m. Umpire—James Ryan.

THE SECOND GAME.

The second game wound up in darkness in the eighth inning with the score 16 to 4 in favor of the South Ends. A pitcher named Schneider was given a trial by the South Ends, and he was invincible. He hails from Natick, Bacon's town, and was recommended by Bacon. He had fine control of the ball and allowed the Emeralds only six scattered hits, all of which were singles. Besides he struck out ten men. Billy Connors was on the rubber for the Emeralds and he was batted hard. His support was ragged as may be seen by consulting the error column. The longest hit of the afternoon was made in this game a home run by big Ed. Flanagan, who sent the ball clear to the race track in the fourth inning.

It's now up to the Unions to get in the game again and trim the South Ends. The crowd is hot for base ball and the season is by no means over.

SOUTH ENDS

Reagan, ss	6	1	0	0	1	0	1
Perry, 2b	6	2	2	5	2	1	0
Flanagan, 1b	5	2	2	6	6	0	0
Farley, c	5	2	3	6	10	0	1
Thorne, rf	6	2	2	2	0	0	0
Roche, cf	3	2	0	0	2	0	0
Slines, 3b	4	2	0	0	2	1	1
Qualey, lf	3	2	0	0	1	0	0
Schneider p	5	1	1	3	0	2	0
Totals	42	16	10	22	21	4	3

EMERALDS.

Balcomb, 1b	4	0	0	0	7	1	1
O'Brien ss	4	0	0	0	2	4	2
Din Murphy, 3b	4	1	2	2	0	1	3
Dan Murphy c	4	1	0	0	6	0	1
Mulvaney rf	3	1	1	1	0	0	0
Donovan, 2b	4	0	0	0	1	1	2
Connors p	3	1	1	1	2	2	1
Kane cf	3	0	2	2	2	1	0
Clancey lf	3	0	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	32	4	6	6	21	9	13

South Ends ....6 0 1 7 1 0 1 * 16
Emeralds ....0 1 0 0 0 3 0 0—4

Earned runs—South Ends 6, Emeralds 2. Two base hits—Flanagan, Farley, Perry. Three base hits—Perry, Farley, Schneider. Home run—Flanagan. Stolen bases—Slines, Reagan, Din Murphy 2, Connors, Dan Murphy, Mulvaney. Bases on balls—By Connors 4, by Schneider. Hit by pitched ball—Qualey. Struck out—By Schneider 10, Connors 5. Passed balls—Murphy 3, Farley. Wild pitches—Schneider, Connors. Umpire—James Ryan. Attendance, 1960.

MERRIMACKS 25, ATLANTICS 21.

The Merrimacks defeated the Atlantics on Fels' field in Dracut Saturday afternoon by a score of 25 to 12. The score:

MERRIMACKS.

Roddy lf 3b	2	3	0	0	1	0	0
Sullivan, 2b	4	5	4	4	2	2	1
Flynn ss	5	5	2	2	2	2	1
Hansbury 3b	5	3	1	4	0	1	1
Fitz c	6	2	1	1	13	1	1
Moran, p	4	2	1	1	0	1	1
Morris 1b	4	0	1	1	8	0	1
Keith cf	5	1	3	8	1	0	0
Kelly rf	3	4	1	1	0	0	0
Totals	39	25	14	22	27	7	6

ATLANTICS.

W. Riley lf	3	1	1	1	2	0	0
M. Murphy 2b	3	1	1	1	4	3	0
Duffy p	5	0	0	1	1	2	1
Willis, 1b	5	2	2	3	9	0	1
T. Murphy ss	6	0	0	0	2	1	1
Gleason 3b	5	2	2	2	1	1	1
Harrington cf	4	2	2	2	0	0	0
M. Riley c	4	1	2	2	5	0	0
Kerry rf	4	3	2	2	2	0	0
Totals	39	12	13	17	24	4	7



M. PAUL DEROULEDE, Arrested for Conspiring against the French government.

MORTUARY REPORT

REPORT OF DEATHS FOR THE WEEK ENDING AUGUST 12, 1899.

3. Benjamin M. Blake, 45, intestinal obstruction.
4. Mary A. McCabe, 71, general debility.
   Owen Quinn, 61, pneumonia.
   Bridget Myers, 28, rheumatism.
   Daniel O'Brien, 7 mos., diarrhoea.
5. Ann Sykes, 57, carcinoma.
   Ida Elms, 16, peritonitis.
   Emma Lamontagne, 2, diphtheria.
6. Emelle Careful, 48, heart disease.
   Ethel Sims, 2, spinal meningitis.
   Robert A. Luce, 1, chol. infantum.
   Rosalia Duval, 10 mos., debility.
   Margaret S. Lavigne, 6 mos., meningitis.
   Katie V. Gargan, 5 mos. marasmus.
   Laura Cossete, 4 mos., chol. infantum,
   Marie B. Ouellette, 1 mo., debility.
   Alice Cloutier, 15 days, convulsions.
7. Bridget Casey, 55, disease of heart.
   Mary E. Hilton, 54, colitis.
   Edward Hussey, 40, tuberculosis.
   Winnie Molloy, 1, gastro-enteritis.
   Viateur Ducharme, 5 mos., cholera infantum.
   Frederick Morrison, 5 mos., cholera infantum.
   Ernest W. Cairns, 4 mos., chol. inf.
7. George Farrell, 3 mos., entero colitis.
   Diana M. Frye, 63, disease of kidneys.
8. Patrick Shaughnessy, 29, pulm. phthisis.
   Lizzie Lizotte, 1 mo., debility.
   John Sullivan, three days, debility.
9. Susan Riley, 26, peritonitis.
   Esther Mitchell, 1, gastro enteritis.
   Mary A. Anderson, 5 mos., chol. inft.
10. Charles G. Day, 55, cer. hemorrhage,
   Henry C. Cockerille, 54, suffocation by gas.
   Della Ancoin, 32, puerperal fever.
   Anna Picanso, 4 mos., gastro enteritis.
   John A. Johnston, 3 mos., enteritis.
   John Pombriard, 1 day, debility.
11. Annie Lahiff, 7 mos., chol. inft.
   Joseph N. Eno, 7 mos., cap. bronchitis.
   Olevine Duchesne, 6 mos., enteritis.
   Fannie M. Bird, 2 mos. chol. inft.

GIRARD P. DADMAN, City Clerk.



CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

FOR GENUINE BARGAINS IN

Household Furniture

YOU SHOULD CALL AT

PETER DAVEY'S, on Market St.,

He is selling the best and most economical Refrigerators and Ice Chests; the Crescent has no superior for a cold blast. Also a full line of Baby Carriages will be closed out at almost Cost Prices.

Call and examine before purchasing.

PETER DAVEY,

134 Market Street - - - Opposite Palmer

TELEPHONE. RESIDENCE—458-2. STORE—314-2.

DR. WILLIAMS'
PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE
Nerve tonic. Blood Maker. Send for descriptive pamphlet. Sold by druggists everywhere, 50 cents per box—six for $2.50.
DR. WILLIAMS' MED. CO., Schenectady, N. Y.

For Women.
Dr. Tolman's Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women; have never had a single failure; longest cases relieved in 2 to 5 days without fail; no other remedy will do this; no pain, no danger, no interference with work; by mail or at office $2. write for further particulars. All letters truthfully answered.
DR. E. M. TOLMAN CO., 170 Tremont St., Boston.

MORTALITY OF LOWELL

FOR THE WEEK ENDING AUG. 12, 1899.

Population 88,641; total deaths, 43, deaths under five, 25; infectious diseases 1; acute lung diseases 2.

Death rate for the week ending August 12, 1899, 26.30 against 35.19 and 22.87 for previous two weeks.

Infectious diseases reported for the week ending Aug. 12, 1899.

Scarlet fever 6; diphtheria 1.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Herbert E. Grover of Young's hairdressing rooms, with his family is at the Addine, Old Orchard.

it's neglect of throat and bronchial troubles that leads to death-dealing disease.

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

No wonder Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar is praised by its users. Its curative effects are like magic. Sold by druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

DR. WALKER DENTIST

$100 Reward $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

$19.60
TAX RATE FOR 1899.
Our rates same as usual on all Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry of all description, Silver and Silver plated ware, Gold and Gold filled Spectacles, etc., etc.

J. D. Grant
64 Merrimack Street.

Grand Clearance Sale

AT J. DRAIN'S, 111 GORHAM ST.

Our entire stock marked down about one half in order to reduce our enormous stock.

This is a genuine clearance sale, no humbug nor no bluff but the goods must go, we must have the money and we must have the room, and in order to accomplish this we will sacrifice our entire stock at about one half. Great opportunity, don't miss it.

Come Everybody to the Great Clearance Sale.

J. DRAIN 111 CORHAM ST.

A. G. POLLARD & CO.

MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

MID-SUMMER SALE OF COTTONS.

We Are Stocked Very Heavily This Time For Our

Semi-Annual Sale of Cotton

With the Following Good Values.

BLEACHED.		UNBLEACHED.	
Yard wide, good strong cotton. Remnants 1 to 5 yards,	4c yard	Brown cotton 30 inch wide, 2 qualities,	3 cents
Yard wide, fine and soft, No. 1 remnants 1 to 6 yards, Dwight C, soft finish, heavier thread, both at	5c yard	Yard wide, standard cotton, firm and heavy, remnants 1 to 15 yards	4 cents
Dwight Anchor, 4-4 extra good cotton, 1 to 4 1-4 yards, worth 9c,	6¾ cents	Yard wide, finer quality, 2 to 15 yards,	5 cents
Dwight Anchor, 42 and 45 in., pillow casing, 1 to 5 yards, worth 11c and 12 1-2c,	8½ cents	40 in. wide, Andros Coggin cotton, 1 to 10 yards,	5½ cents
Yard wide, fine Cambric, equal to Lonsdale, worth 12 1-2c, at	8 cents	40 in. wide, Dwight C, very firm and fine,	6½ cents
Dwight sheetings, 9-4 and 10-4 wide, 2 to 15 yards, worth 25c and 27c, at	17 cents	8-4 Sheeting,	14 cents
		9-4 Sheeting,	15 cents
		10-4 Sheeting,	16 cents

We have also remnants of all the odd widths such as 50 in., 54 in., 61 in., and 98 in. at low prices. BASEMENT.

A. G. Pollard & Co.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Cheap for cash, a Chickering square piano in good condition. For particulars address P. S. P., Sun office.

FOR SALE—Democrat wagon, horse and buggy. Call at [illegible] blacksmith shop, 1115 [illegible] st.

FOR SALE—Union bakery, 133 Church street, sickness only cause. Come and make your own price.

RARE CHANCE—Hotel Edwards for sale or to let, 35 rooms, in perfect order, present occupant 8 years. Apply to Chase & Lunt, Real Estate Brokers, Newburyport, Mass.

BARBER SHOP on Bridge street must be sold, regardless of cost, terms easy. Apply to Joseph A. Lozeau, [illegible] Central st., room 6.

COTTAGES FOR SALE—Cottage of seven rooms, $1000. Cottage of seven rooms, $1700. Cottage of seven rooms, set tubs, bath room and furnace, 6250 feet of land, $2850. Cottage of nine rooms, $2800. If you want a home within fifteen minutes' walk from Centralville bridge for $50, come and see me at 1125 Bridge street. Telephone 1553.

FOR SALE—Periodical and cigar store for sale at 189 Middlesex street.

FOR SALE—Best fitted and cleanest restaurant in Lawrence; first class location; boards all classes and is paying good money. Price reasonable. Anyone that wants a good business and make money this is the one. Address or apply to C. W. Howard, 521 Essex street.

FOR SALE—The entire outfit for preparing fried fish and chipped potatoes. We are going out of the business for good reasons and offer the outfit at a bargain. For full particulars apply to J. W. Robinson, 119 Tenney street, Methuen, Mass.

WAGONS—Inspection invited to my select stock of Concords, democrats, square wagons, panel side wagons, and an assortment of second hand jumpers, Stanhope buggies, wagons in good condition, all of which I will sell at bargains. J. F. Libby, 62 Robbins street.

FOR SALE—A first-class cobbler's shop, including all kinds of tools, lasts, machines, etc. Apply at 111 Pleasant street.

MUST SELL my upright piano, stool, scarf, and 25 sheets of music; would prefer cash, but will sell on instalments. Address P. O. Box 187.

FOR SALE—Lot of land on Highland avenue, 600 feet, by Lewis D. Gunn, 214 Gorham street.

FOR SALE—Ten R-I-P-A-N-S for 5 cents at druggists. One gives relief.

FOR SALE—On Jewett street, 6-room house and pantry; small lot of land. Price $1500. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—On July street, 7-room cottage house, all modern improvements, large lot of land. Price $2200. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—Near Courthouse, 6-room house, good size lot of land. Price $1200. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—Near Central street, 2 tenement house, 5 rooms to each tenement. Price $1500. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—One of the best boarding and lodging houses in Lowell; must be sold on account of sickness. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—Near Chelmsford street, cottage house of 7 rooms, large barn. Price $1750. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. A. MICHAUD, Grocer, 171 E. Merrimack street, has one of the best and most reliable cures ever discovered for chills of all kinds, malaria, hay fever, fever and ague, etc. All persons suffering from any of these diseases should call or address the above.

LAST WEEK in town. Satisfaction guaranteed to all who consult the Gypsy Fortune Teller, card reader, clairvoyant and palmist, 7 Merrimack street, Suite 7.

DRESSMAKING—Misses Sheeran and Cummings wish to inform their friends and the public that they have opened dress making apartments at 73 West 6th street. Work well done. Satisfaction guaranteed.

WE WILL EITHER buy or store second-hand furniture at No. 54 Charles street. When we buy we pay the highest price and in the [illegible] [illegible] of antique pieces. Will be on premises every day from 9 to 9 p.m. E. O'Brien, attorney.

LOOK HERE.

New and second-hand carpets, rugs, furniture and bicycles sold at less than half price at W. Evans, 473 Gorham st. Tel. [illegible]

RUBBER STAMPS—At wholesale prices, 1 inch one line stamps 10c; 11-12 inch 15c; 25c, ink pads 25c; 35c; ink pads 10c; 5c; linen markers 25c; business stamps 15c per line. J. M. Fellows, 157 Merrimack street.

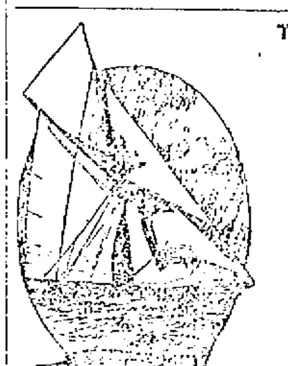
CALL at 472 Merrimack street to buy or sell second-hand furniture. Telephone 668-4.

WATER CLOSETS and bath tubs from $5.00 up. All first class plumbing at lowest prices. J. H. Barry, 13 Market street.

MADAME ALVARDE

The popular card reader of Boston, has returned to this city for a short time only, where she can be consulted on business affairs, love, etc., lost articles found, names called. The Madame, born in a veil, has since earliest recollection been gifted with power to reveal the past, present and future. Call and be convinced. Fees, ladies, 25c; gents, 50c. Hours 10 a. m. to 9 p. m., at 119 Church street.

Madam Stewart,
New York's Most Celebrated Life Reader and Palmist,
—Will give the great success. Come and be advised on all matters of business speculation, investments, love, law, travel and all perplexities of life. The past is recalled to assure that you are receiving honest, straightforward truths. If consideration is lacking consult the best. As the madam has no equal in her profession, all are invited to call and investigate. Perfect satisfaction or no pay.
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The American Cup [illegible] for [illegible] all others. It's the same way with our coal. A ton of it will prove this to you.

D. T. SULLIVAN,
Coal, Wood, Lime, Etc.
984 Gorham St.
Branch Office, 217 Central street.
Telephone 713-2.

J. F. ROGERS,
UNDERTAKER.
OFFICE—816 Central Street.
RESIDENCE—24 Cedar Street.
Telephone connection. Hacks furnished for all occasions.

CONSUMPTION
To THE EDITOR—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy free to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and post office address.
Respectfully, T. A. Slocum, M. C., No. 183 Pearl Street, New York.

WANTED.

PROF. DOUGLASS, Astrologer, reads the nativity and gives advice on all business affairs. By mail or in person. Parties corresponding should state age in full. 195 Merrimack street, Bascom Block, Room 19.

WANTED by a gentleman and wife, 2 rooms and board with a private family in Belvidere. Address D., Hinckley, Locke & Canals office, 68 Broadway.

CALL AT GONZALES, the Cutler, 123 Gorham street, if you want a first-class razor or strop. He has the new Xavier razor which excels all others. Razors concaved and honed.

A SNAP—Fine business opportunity for active young man with about $150. No agents. Address or call, E. W., 83 West Third st.

WANTED—Elderly lady to take care of house, good pay. Mrs. A. Davis, 30 Olive st.

WANTED—First-class Carriage Blacksmith at P. A. Mackenzie's, 562 Broadway, steady work for the right man.

WANTED—Girl for folding and finishing; experienced. Greenwood & Payton Hosiery.

WANTED—Any lady having two or three hours spare time a day can make $5 weekly working for us at home; nothing to sell. Send self addressed envelope for free sample. Manhattan S. M. Co., 101 Beekman street, N. Y.

THOS. DON, 128 Merrimack street, over Shanley's, wants and furnishes reliable help.

WANTED—Hoisting engineers. Apply at Norcross Bros., cor. Huntington Ave. and Massachusetts Ave., Boston, Mass.

WANTED—1000 up-to-date people to carry our Aluminum Card Cases. Only 50c for 100 cards and beautifully engraved case. Call at room 1, 23 Central st. Agents wanted in every factory and mill in Lowell. Open evenings.

WANTED—Lady agents for medicine company. Salary and expenses at the start. No experience necessary. Call in person at once at 56 First street.

WANTED—Names of ruptured people. We cure rupture free to introduce our method. Dr. Speirs, 51 Main street, Westbrook, Me.

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter—A young man, competent stenographer and typewriter desires employment. Best of references. Address X., Sun office.

WANTED—Room with power for light manufacturing, about 20x30. Address P. O. Box 375, city.

WANTED—A second hand refrigerator or ice chest. Address D., Sun office.

WANTED—First class paper hangers and painters. 330 Gorham street.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c in stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

LOST AND FOUND.

DOG STOLEN—If the party who stole the white bull terrier from 2 Riverbank, Lakeview avenue will return same to the owner, no questions will be asked. If not returned within three days proceedings will be taken.

LOST—A pocketbook containing a sum of money, between Moore street and the Fair Grounds Saturday night. Reward at 40 Fay street.

LOST—A gold Greek letter pin, with name on back. Reward at 281 Pawtucket street.

FOUND—The best place in Lowell for ladies to buy hats, bonnets, sailors, etc. at moderate prices is at No. 160 Merrimack street, Mlle. Maxime Lapine, formerly 327 Moody street. Call in and ask prices.

LOST—A valuable diamond shirt stud this forenoon, either on the electrics or on the street. Finder will be rewarded by returning same to owner, J. P. Dugdale, 18 Marlboro street.

TO LET.

TO RENT—5-room tenement and stable, 131 Powell street; keys at store, next door.

TO LET—Some first class tenements in all parts of the city. Apply A. G. Beharrell, Room 8, Bon Marche Block.

TO LET—Nice furnished and unfurnished rooms at 507 Central street.

TO LET—A tenement of 6 rooms on Fayette street; rent reasonable. Apply at 818 High street.

TO LET—First floor, 25x65, with basement, very central location; good place for carriage or repair shop, plumber, hay and grain. Also a large basement on Button street, near freight depot. Apply at 88 Central street.

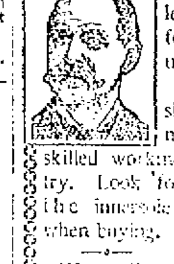
TO LET—Two first-class tenements near Shaw Hosiery. Price $13 and $9. Apply A. G. Beharrell, Room 8 Bon Marche Block.

TO LET—A convenient 4-room tenement. Inquire at 39 Chestnut street.

TO LET—Rooms with or without board, one large front room on first floor with gas, furnished or unfurnished. Price low. 92 Fayette street.

WANTED.
Pattern Makers.
Open Shop.
Steady Work Guaranteed.
Write or apply, 42 Centre Street, Lynn, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES BEST IN THE WORLD



For 15 years the leader in men's fine footwear at a popular price.
W. L. Douglas shoes are Union made, by the best skilled workmen in this country. Look for the stamp on the inner sole when buying.
We are the exclusive agents for LOWELL

J. D. HALEY, 33 Gorham St.

STOCKS AND BONDS

E. C. Stanwood & Co.
BANKERS.
121 Devonshire St.
BOSTON, MASS.
Investment Bonds.
LISTS SENT ON APPLICATION.

During July
Are you looking for BARGAINS in
DIAMONDS, JEWELRY,
SILEVR WARE, CLOCKS, etc.
Come direct to
LEGAULT & CO.,
RELIABLE JEWELERS.
70 Central St., cor Prescott.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE SUN ON SALE IN BOSTON.

The five o'clock edition of The Sun is on sale at the news stand in the Union Station, Boston.

AT SUGAR AGAIN.

You may not think that we are selling sugar cheap because we are not advertising it. Take a little trouble and find out. Dickson Bros., The Big Tea Dealers, 46 Merrimack street.

V. A. MARET,

Merchant-Tailor, Dyeing, Cleansing, Repairing, Pressing, etc. Goods called for and returned. 40 Chester street, Lowell.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAFTS.

Sold on the Cunard, Dominion, White Star, American, Anchor Allen, French and German lines to and from Boston, New York, Queenstown and Liverpool. Drafts issued for any amount on all parts of Ireland at Murphy's agency, 18 Appleton street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Try Horne's coal.

F. A. M. Tobin, Printery. 'Phone, 5-43-2.

BURN WILSON'S COAL.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred cigars.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's. Telephone, 394-4.

A regular meeting of the board of health will be held tomorrow afternoon.

The health department has built two new garbage carts at the yard on Broadway.

SPANISH WAR VETERANS.

At their last weekly meeting in the upper hall in the Memorial building, the Spanish-American war veterans adopted a constitution and by-laws and transacted much other important business.

They expect soon to move into permanent quarters of their own but in the meantime will meet in the upper hall in Memorial building where they will have the privilege of smoking, a privilege not allowed in the main hall.

Their next meeting will be held this evening Aug. 14, and will be the last meeting at which participants will have an opportunity to become charter member, the fee being one dollar ($1.00). All applicants are notified to bring their discharge papers for examination by the standing committee.

PERSONAL.

Misses Helen Craig, May Scanlon, Margaret Ford, Mary E. Wood, Misses Ellen and Katherine Doyle, Misses Josephine and Bridget Connor, Miss Mary McGirr and Miss Anna Holland have returned from Crescent and Lynn beaches after a two weeks' vacation.

William Gordon has gone to St. Albans, Vt., for a month's vacation.

B. G. Day has returned from Underhill, Vt.

George Parks is at Ocean Park, Me.

F. E. Snow has returned from Salem Willows, Mass.

F. W. Davis, paymaster and foreman at E. Hapgood and Sons, is spending a few days at Salem.

Mrs. R. D. Taylor and Miss Minnie Clifford will spend the remainder of this month at East Vassalboro, Me.

Rev. Philip J. Garrigan, D. D., of Washington, his niece, Miss Alice T. Lee of this city and Rev. D. F. Feehan of Fitchburg, are at the Cataract House, Niagara Falls.

Perry Thompson and family are at Winter Island.

Miss Swain, head saleslady in charge of the glove department at A. G. Pollard and Co.'s left yesterday for Nantucket for a two weeks' vacation.

Misses Hettie and Hattie Dewett are rusticating at Crescent beach for one week.

Bert and Gordon Foster of Pleasant street started this morning on a tandem for a month's vacation at their former home in Canada.

W. W. O. Coram sails today from Boston to join his wife and daughter in Penbrooke, Me. Mr. Coram will join a fishing party in charge of Rev. Allison Currier.

Among the people registered at the Atlantic House, Salem Point, are R. M. Staples and family, and Mrs. Olive Leach and Miss H. Wheeler and Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Colburn.

Epping, N. H., will be the address of L. F. Yeoman of Plain street for the next few days.

Thomas Kennedy of the Wm. Kittredge Co. will take a part of his vacation in New York and vicinity.

Miss Nettie Studley and Miss Nellie Fairweather have returned from a two weeks' stay at Old Orchard.

Among the list of passengers on the steamer New York for Southampton, London and Paris appears the name of Elizabeth S. Hawes, formerly of Lowell, now of Cleveland.

Mrs. H. S. Eustman of Cleveland, Ohio, is visiting her sister, Mrs. George H. Frye of Second street.

Mr. and Mrs. Spillane of Lynn are spending their honeymoon at the residence of the bride's sister, Mrs. E. J. Mason, 112 Marshall road. Mrs. Spillane was formerly Miss Lilla Jones of this city.

Mrs. E. M. Brainard and daughter Blanche Hazel Brainard, have returned from a delightful trip through Vermont. They were registered at the Montpelier House, Montpelier, and Hotel Burlington, Burlington, for eleven days.

Miss Louise Lavine has resumed her position after a brief stay at Nahant.

Mr. Joseph Nolan is stopping at the Bay View hotel at Nahant beach.

Miss Ray Kelly of Nantasket beach has recovered from her recent illness.

Mr. Roy Proctor formerly of this city now holds a responsible position with one of the large shoe houses in Lynn.

Miss May O'Brien is at Gloucester.

Miss Katharine Bushnell and Miss Cullen are at Juniper Point.

Miss Minnie Brainard will soon leave for New York.

Mr. P. Murray of Kinsman street is camping at Concord, Mass.

Mr. William J. Cullinan has returned from Jefferson, N. H., after a very pleasant vacation.

Mr. Thomas Cuff of the Belvidere Pharmacy will leave next week for Salisbury beach where he will join the Y.M.C.I. who are occupying a cottage there.

Dr. Carlton DENTIST 21 KIRK ST.

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.



MAJOR M. G. PERKINS, Who Celebrated His 80th Birthday Saturday.

AN OCTOGENARIAN

Major Gilbert Perkins Celebrates His 80th Brithday

ENJOYABLE RECEPTION MARKED OCCASION

Was Prosonted Many Beautiful Gifts

Major Gilbert Perkins an old and distinguished resident of this city, observed his 80th birthday, Saturday at his home on Liberty street, where between hours of 4 and 7 p. m. he received the personal congratulations of many friends, including his brethren of Grand Canton Pawtucket who in full uniform did honor to their venerable host. He was assisted in receiving in the parlor [illegible] by his wife, his daughter, Mrs. Ella F. Judkins, and his nephew, Mr. William C. Perkins of Boston and his wife, while Hadley's orchestra played on the floor above. The D. L. Page company served supper for 500 people.

Mr. Perkins received over 100 letters from friends in different sections of the country. He was also the recipient of many rich and beautiful gifts, prominent among which were: A veteran Patriarch's Militant charm of solid gold from Canton Pawtucket; gold headed canes appropriately inscribed from the Middlesex North Agricultural society; a beautiful natural birchwood arm chair from Passaconaway Tribe of Red Men, and a morocco bound autograph album from the Highland Congregational church, containing the following inscription:

Mr. Maj. Gilbert Perkins:

Dear Friend and Neighbor: Within this volume are inscribed the names of friends who desire not only to show some recognition of your 80th birthday, but also to provide some tangible assurance of the high esteem in which you are held by them. Your friends appreciate the sturdy manhood and erectness of the character which you have exhibited all those years and many of them are not unmindful of your generosity in giving that sweet-toned bell that tells the hour for worship from the steeple of the Highland Congregational church. Its tuneful tones are ever turning men's thoughts to higher and more divine things. Your friends all join in praising God for vouchsafing to you such a vigorous, hearty old age and their earnest prayers are that you and your estimable may be blessed with many more years of enriching life and gracious and endearing fellowship."

This inscription is followed by the names of the officers of the church and of the members of the congregation.

The president, vice president, secretary pro tem., treasurer and trustees of the Middlesex North Agricultural society, were all present. The presentation speech was made by the treasurer, Mr. S. Prescott.

The speech in behalf of the Passaconaway Tribe of Red Men was made by Past Sachem John L. Stevens. Col. John C. Bennett of the Patriarchs Militant presented the charm.

Major Perkins was visibly affected but thanked his friends in neat remarks.

Among the out-of-town people present were Rev. Mr. Haynes of Chester, Mr. David C. Perkins, brother of Major Perkins of Dutton, P. Q., and Mr. and Mrs. John Swasey of Juniper Point, most of the prominent people of the city, and all of Mr. Perkins' immediate neighbors called during the afternoon and paid their respects to their old and much-loved friend.

Major Gilbert Perkins was born in Potton, P. Q., Aug. 12, 1819. He is descended from old colonial families on both his father's and mother's side. The origin of the family being at Upton Court, Berkshire, England.

Major Gilbert Perkins came to Lowell in September, 1836. After leaving the public schools he entered business and for a period of thirty years engaged in manufacturing but for a number of years has been a real estate broker. He is a justice of the peace and his first commission was issued by Governor Bullock in 1867. Mr. Perkins has been married three times. First to Nancy Haynes in 1843; second to Harriet E. Smith in 1868; and third to Caroline J. Simpson in 1885. He has had the following children: Rollin, born in Troy, Vt.; Ella, born in Lowell; Edward C., Carrie L., and Arthur G. Mr. Perkins has traveled extensively in this country and Europe and acquired a fund of interesting and instructive information.

Originally a Whig, Mr. Perkins is now a republican in politics and served in the common council in 1861 and 1865. He is an attendant of the Highland Congregational church; a member of the Lowell board of trade; Middlesex North Agricultural society; Old Residents' association, and the Lawrence Debating club. Fraternally he is a member of Veritas lodge, I.O.O.F. Monadnake Encampment; Grand Canton Pawtucket, Patriarchs Militant; Passaconaway Tribe of Red Men and of the Knights of Pythias.

FOR LABOR DAY

Trades and Labor Council Arranging Events

COMMITTEES REPORTED PROGRESS YESTERDAY

Speakers to be Procured for Labor Domonstration

There was a meeting of the Trades and Labor council Sunday afternoon in Building Laborers' hall in Middle street.

A delegation of the Iron Moulders' union was admitted. A check for $10 was received from the Harvard Brewing company to help pay the expenses of the Labor Day parade and the council extended a vote of thanks to the company.

The matter in regard to the affiliating with the state federation of labor came up and it was voted to buy the same you want an oil cloth for the kitchen or

Chief marshal John J. Mahoney gave notice that he desired a meeting of the aids next Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock in Building Laborers' hall in Middle

A committee of three was appointed to secure Labor speakers for the labor rally that will take place on the common Labor Day evening.

At a meeting of the Labor Day committee Timothy J. Keagan was authorized to receive entries for the various sports to be held on the South common.

General Manager Convery was authorized to take charge of and let the booth privileges.

Albert H. Hunt, treasurer of the council, was elected treasurer of the Labor Day committee.

The sports on the common will start at 1.30 o'clock with a ball game between two good amateur teams.

PRIVATE SHEEHAN

Now in an Hospital in San Francisco

Mrs. John Coarsey of Swift street, sister of Mr. George B. Sheehan received word yesterday from San Francisco stating that after the hospital ship "Phillip" landed, Private Sheehan was immediately removed to a San Francisco hospital where he is now undergoing a painful operation caused by injuries received at Manila.

Mr. Sheehan is well known by the military men of Lowell and has been a resident of Lowell for nearly twenty-five years. Having a great desire for States regular army four years before army life he enlisted in the United the war with Spain broke out and was sent to Manila. He was in Manila when Dewey destroyed the Spanish fleet and he took part in most of the battles with the insurgents until wounded and sent to a hospital. His friends entertain the hope that he will recover from his injuries now that he is on American soil and sure to get the best of care.

An Epicure's Idea.

Pineapple Jelly made with KEYSTONE Silver White GELATINE

Recipes with every box. If your grocer cannot supply you, send us his name and we will send you a sample package free, with recipes by the leading cooks of the country. A full size box mailed for 15 cents.

MICHIGAN CARBON WORKS, Detroit, Mich.

The largest manufacturers of gelatine in the world

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of The Kind You Have Always Bought. Chas. H. Fletcher

After Stock Sale Still On

AT THE BON MARCHE.

SPECIAL SLAUGHTER SALE OF COLORED SILKS

All our 39c. and 49c. Satin Brocades, 49c. Bengalines, 39c. Fancy Plaid Silks, some 2700 yards, to go now at the ridiculous price of

25c. a yard

Sale to commence Thursday A. M., at 9 o'clock sharp. No samples. Quantity limited.

All our 75c. Figured Taffetas, 59c. Fancy Figured Foulards, 75c. Brocade and Plain Taffetas, Fine Jap. Fancies, to go out quick at the nominal figure of

37c. a yard

Sale to commence Thursday morning at 9 o'clock sharp. Not more than 2 patterns to a customer.

See Window Display Thursday.

TREMENDOUS UPHEAVAL IN SHOE DEPT. CLOSING OUT THE MEN'S SHOES ROOT AND BRANCH.

This is no bluff closing out scheme, but a genuine going-out, cleaning up sale of all Men's Shoes. Every pair, also odds and ends of Women's Shoes to be thrown in to make things hum. We will not quote prices here, suffice to say $4 and $5 for $1 and so on. Not all reduced so much as this, BUT ALL REDUCED to prices unprecedented. See window display Tuesday. See window display.

Remember the Day! Thursday, Aug. 17, at 9 o'clock a. m.

AT THE BON MARCHE

GOSSIP OF LONDON

Emperor William to Decorate Victoria's Yacht

British Admiralty is Constructing a New and Wonderful Warship—Hotel Wants Guests to Dine Only in Evening Dress—Sir Ellis Bartlett Going to Live in Turkey

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Aug. 11.— Bright, warm weather still prevails throughout England. The wells and springs are beginning to run dry and a serious state of things is expected unless it rains soon. Doubtless, owing to the fine weather, the holiday traffic continues to be the largest known. The railroads to the north were specially crowded during the last few days with those who were bound to the grouse moors.

The Prince of Wales started for Marienbad Thursday, to which place a large number of Americans and English are already following.

Mr. John Hays Hammond, the American engineer has been seriously ill ever since he returned from South Africa a few weeks ago. He is at Dinard at present and will be taken to Carlsbad as soon as he can be moved.

Truth says, F. W. Harkis of Chicago, who poses as "Chancellor of the National University of Chicago," and whose methods were exposed a few years ago, has broken out again, from 151 Troop street, Chicago, offering degrees to musicians and others in Europe for 20 pounds. Mr. Harkins in a letter, says:

"This university has proved a boon to non-resident scholars in the past, but this may not continue long. Our council expect to pass a rule soon that will require at least a year of resident work for all graduates, thus barring out all who cannot attend a year here in Chicago."

EMPEROR WILLIAM'S DESIRE.

Emperor William has expressed a desire to furnish three sea-scapes painted by himself for the decoration of Queen Victoria's new yacht, which is nearing completion. His Majesty's enthusiasm as a painter of marine subjects is well known. The Imperial yacht, Hohenzollern, is adorned with a series of Imperial works, which include representations of Great British naval victories.

The directors of the new Carlton hotel have aroused a hornets' nest by an attempt to compel diners at the Table d'Hote to don evening dress. Several well known club men have been refused admittance and protests are appearing in the newspapers. It is pointed out that it is obvious there must be many occasions when it is impossible to dress for dinner, and there is general approval of the expressed intention of some of the victims of the regulation to carry the matter into the courts, as hotels under their license, have no right whatever, to refuse to accommodate any well-behaved person who is willing to pay.

GOING TO TURKEY.

His fellow-commoners have started a story that Sir Ellis Ashmeade Bartlett, who was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., and who is a conservative member for the Ecclesastis division of Sheffield, contemplates residing in Turkey and donning the Fez. Probably the story originated from the fact that he has just obtained concessions for an electric traction road from Smyrna to Salonica. It is understood some Americans will be interested in these concessions. Commenting on the subject, the Constantinople Palace Organ, Ikdam, says Mr. Bartlett has been one of the most distinguished well-wishers of the Ottomans for twenty years and that all his speeches have testified to his sound, impartial judgment and his friendship for them.

NEW WARSHIPS.

At the moment Emperor William was telling Congressman Foss that the best peace conference is a strong navy, plans had just passed the British Admiralty for an entirely new class of warships. Great interest is taken in the new vessel, which was designed by Sir William White, Director of Naval Construction, who has given a representative of the Associated Press the following particulars:

"We believe she will be the greatest triumph in naval architecture, both for speed and fighting. She will cost, ready for sea, about a million and a quarter. Her speed will be a knot in excess of any British battleship, and her guns, turrets, torpedo tubes nets and booms will embody ideas which experience and experiment have proven far beyond anything yet attempted in this or any other country. Her guns will be generally of smaller calibre than those of the Bulwark, now building. She will be the lowest and broadest warship ever laid down in a government dock yard, while her draught will be shallow. Her breadth is designed to attain the maximum steadiness under fire, and from her new steer gear very excellent results are certain. Forward will be circular tops mounted with rapid fire guns. Her total armament will be fifty-two guns. The detail as to their calibre for the present must be kept secret. Six torpedo tubes will complete her equipment. Her protection of Harveyized steel will be less than on the ships now building. The Spanish-American war directed our attention to coal capacity and nothing will be wanting in that respect. Her displacement will be 13,000 tons. The new vessel, which will be laid down in November, at Devonport, immediately after the Bulwark is off the slip, should be ready within a year. She will be the nearest approach yet attained to a perfect combination of the fighting capacity of a battleship with the mobility of a cruiser of that type advocated by one of the highest naval authorities in the world, Captain Mahan."

J. D. Poore will spend the next two weeks at Rye beach, N. H.

SORE FEET

Caused by corns, bunions, or callouses, quickly cured by using WAKEFIELD'S PIN BALSAM SALVE. Price, 25c.

Goodale's Drug Store, cor. Central and Jackson Streets

WE MAKE SUITS

To Suit men who will not be Suited with Suits which are not all right.

LOUIS ALEXANDER MERCHANT TAILOR 68 Central Street.

Paul O. Kablo, Assistant.

LIVERITA

THE UP-TO-DATE LITTLE LIVER PILL

CURES Biliousness, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Sick-Headache and Liver Complaint.

SUGAR COATED.

100 PILLS 25 CTS.

Sold by all druggists or sent by mail. Neville Medical Co., Chicago

For sale by Ellingwood & Co., Druggists, Lowell, Mass.

Cook, Taylor & Co., Central St. Store.

WILL CONTINUE THE

Boom in Bargains This Week

Money in the Till is Better than

Summer Goods

On the shelves.

We need every inch of space for fall goods, so if you want midsummer merchandise at cut prices, remember we cut deep and always show a clean, fresh stock for you to pick from.

This week will close out lots of Wrappers, Shirt Waists, Infants' Bonnets, Children's Hats, Misses' Dresses, Ladies' Neckwear, Summer Knit Underwear and Hosiery.

On Thursday next at 8 o'clock a. m., we expect to show nearly 100 dozen all new styles fall and winter Wrappers and reliance House Dresses which have been made to our special order during the past two months. The shapes, colors, combination combined with perfect fit and low prices will attract the attention of every lady in town.

SPECIAL DRIVES.

Little Girls' Printed Duck Dresses made to sell at 50c, now 25c each.

Men's 10c quality Fast Black Brown and Tan Hose, 5 pairs for 25c.

Men's 12 1-2c and 15c Fast Black and Tan Hose in seconds, 1 pairs for 25c.

50 dozen Little Children's 12 1-2c quality Lisle Thread Vests in seconds; only 6c each.

DOUBLE THE THREE.

There are three afternoon papers besides the Sun in Lowell. Take the combined circulation of these three papers, then double it and The Sun would still lead the lot in circulation. It is Lowell's greatest newspaper.

THE LOWELL SUN

CANNOT DO IT.

No man or newspaper can serve two masters. A paper that is controlled by stockholders, banks, syndicates or other corporate interests must stand by those interests first and the people last. The Sun being owned by one man is free to stand by the people against their enemies at all times. It is the people's paper.

22ND YEAR. LOWELL, MASS., MONDAY, AUGUST 14, 1899. 8 PAGES 1 CENT

NIGHT EDITION

SIX O'CLOCK.

PERIER TESTIFIES

Ex-President of France Heard at the Dreyfus Trial

He Confronts Gen. Mercier and Denies Statements of the Latter—M. Demange Let Mercier Off Very Easily

By Associated Press to The Sun.

RENNES, Aug. 14. The shooting of M. Labori, leading counsel for Captain Alfred Dreyfus, took all the life out of this morning's session of the Dreyfus court-martial. The murderer apparently chose today for the attempt because it was known that M. Labori would crush General Mercier, the former minister of war, with his cross-questioning.

The news caused an immense sensation in the court room, where the usual audience had assembled, awaiting the entrance of the judges. Col. Jouaust, president of the court, when the news reached him, suspended the sitting of the court-martial until 7.15 o'clock.

When the court-martial was resumed, General Mercier was confronted with M. Cassimir-Perier, the former president of France. The latter declared Mercier's story, told on the witness stand Saturday of the imminence of war between Germany and France in 1894, was grossly exaggerated, and complained of the action of the then minister of war, Mercier, in moving 60,000 troops to the frontier without consulting him. As it was M. Labori's task to poke General Mercier in hand and M. Demange, associate counsel, was quite unprepared for the task, the few questions the latter put were practically of little effect and General Mercier escaped cheaply. Moreover, M. Demange was deeply affected by the attempt to assassinate his colleague and was quite unable to do himself justice.

M. Demange soon announced that though M. Labori's wound was not so serious as at first supposed, it would be impossible for the latter to participate in the proceedings.

When General Mercier was recalled in reply to the president of the court, he reiterated his belief that Maj. Count Esterhazy, in spite of the latter's own declaration, was not the author of the bordereau, which, the witness claimed, was written on tracing paper and was found in an embassy.

The president asked M. Cassimir-Perier to explain the circumstances of the confession Dreyfus is alleged to have made to Captain Labrun-Renault. M. Cassimir-Perier persisted in his statement of Saturday that he had never received any confidences of this character from Captain Labrun-Renault.

He added that M. Dupuy, the then premier, was present when Captain Labrun-Renault called at the Elysee Palace. "Moreover," said M. Cassimir-Perier, "here is a letter from M. Dupuy which I ask may be read."

The letter asserted that Captain Labrun-Renault when questioned by M. Dupuy, replied that General Mercier had sent him to the president to receive a dressing down for his indiscreet disclosures to Figaro.

General Mercier here interposed, saying: "Captain Labrun-Renault spoke to me in regard to the confessions in the presence of General Cosse who will testify thereto. It was then that I ordered him to go to the president of the republic."

Regarding General Mercier's declarations on Saturday last, on the witness stand, M. Cassimir-Perier said:

"General Mercier had no right whatever to intervene in a diplomatic conversation. I would have prevented such interference. It was I alone who conferred with the minister and I declare that the impression I derived from that conversation was one of complete calm, otherwise the incident would not have been closed by the framing of a note."

General Mercier replied that he went to the Elysee Palace as minister of war. He recalled that General de Boisseffe could testify in regard to the orders received.

M. Demange seized upon this declaration and insisted that General Mercier repeat the statement that he had given orders to General de Boisseffe on the sixth relative to mobilization.

M. Cassimir-Perier, resuming his testimony, said he did not desire to reply to certain of General Mercier's insinuations. "I do not wish to answer them," said the former president. "The circumstances are too sad and too tragic for me to desire to envenom the discussion. I am master of myself and of my conscience. I would only state that General Mercier has made every effort to mix me as deeply as possible in this affair. But I have remained aloof, I affirm during the progress of the investigation."

At this moment M. Demange asked M. Cassimir-Perier if on the sixth an understanding had not been reached between France and Germany on the subject of Dreyfus.

M. Cassimir-Perier replied that before his interview with the minister on the sixth the question of Dreyfus had never been raised between them and Germany.

M. Demange asked General Mercier why he had not included in the dossier of 1894 the doubtful translation of the telegram of gent "B" to his government until the date of November 3rd.

General Mercier said not one of the translations of the telegram had been communicated to the judges because there still existed doubts in his mind.

M. Demange remarked that the text had been communicated to Sandherr as official and therefore doubts were impossible.

M. Demange then asked that M. Paleologue of the Foreign office be recalled in order to state that only a single version of the telegram was given him as he understood General Mercier's uncertainty was aroused by the receipt of a semi-official draft of the telegram.

At this point Major Carriere, the representative of the government asked that it be clearly shown that two versions of the telegram were given, one official and one semi-official.

M. Demange stated that in communicating the official text on November 2 Sandherr emphasized its official character.

Counsel next asked General Mercier why the explanations of the secret dossier were not included in the dossier relating to the revision.

The General replied that he considered these explanations for his personal use and that was why he destroyed the document.

At this M. Demange expressed a sense of astonishment and asked General Mercier if he did not have reasons for suppressing the document.

The witness repudiated the suggestion.

Dreyfus at his point rose from his seat and asked leave to explain in regard to the assertion that he had traced on a card the itinerary of a certain journey of the general staff. Both the itinerary and journey he asserted were purely fictitious.

M. Cassimer Perier then said he desired to reiterate that he had never promised anything to Dreyfus adding that it was with M. Waldeck-Rousseau alone that he had spoken in regard to the condemned man. Therefore, M. Cassimir-Perier reiterated his protests at the letters of Dreyfus referring to negotiations.

This caused M. Demange to explain how Dreyfus came to say M. Cassimir-Perier had promised him a public trial. After M. Demange had asked M. Waldeck Rousseau to intervene with M. Cassimir-Perier (then president of France) to obtain publicity, M. Waldeck-Rousseau reported that the president appeared favorable to the suggestion and counsel therefore thought he might communicate the fact to Dreyfus.

After Min. Cavaignac and Hanotaux, former ministers of foreign affairs had testified the court adjourned at noon until Wednesday.

ITALIAN MURDERED

His Body Was Found by the Roadside

Four Knife Wounds in His Back and One in His Neck—the Police Believe That a Fight Occurred Last Night and the Man Was Stabbed

By Associated Press to The Sun.

FITCHBURG, Mass., Aug. 14.— The body of an unknown Italian was found by the side of the Westminster road near the Westminster town line this morning. The Italian had evidently been murdered during the night as four knife wounds were found in the back and one in the neck. There were also traces of a struggle. The police believe that a fight of some sort occurred about 100 feet distant from the place where the body was found as spots of blood and many footmarks were plainly discernible in the dust of the road at that point. It is supposed that the Italian was able to drag himself to the spot where his body was found, and there expired.

The police spent the forenoon in making investigations. They learned that two gangs of Italians are working in this vicinity. One gang is working on a grade crossing here and another on the street railroad in Westminster. Andrew A. Lopardo, superintendent of the Westminster street railway viewed the body and he says he recognizes the dead Italian as one who applied for work last week. Lopardo hired the man and he worked on the street railroad two days but at the end of that time, Lopardo says, he discovered that the new laborer was a Sicilian and as he had a bad opinion of Sicilians, he discharged him. Last Saturday the man, accompanied by one of his countrymen, applied to Lopardo and asked to be taken back. The laborer said he had been working on the grade crossing in Fitchburg for a few days. The Italian was not taken back, however, and Lopardo says he did not see him again alive. The police made inquiries among the laborers on the grade crossing contract, but the foreman said that no such man had worked there. The foreman of the Westminster street railroad gang says that he did not know the name of the man.

The Italian was identified at noon as Lorenzo Almia.

MUTINY ON BOARD

Crew of the Transport Warren Rebel

TWENTY-FOUR OF THEM SENTENCED

Men Quit Work Out of Sympathy

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Aug. 14.— From advices brought here by the transport Centennial it is believed the transport Warren, bringing the Colorado regiment which sailed from Manila July 16, and which was expected to arrive here on Wednesday next, will not reach this port earlier than next Friday. After leaving Manila, the Warren ran up against a typhoon which battered her considerably and also had to face a mutiny among her men. As a result twenty-four of the Warren's crew underwent a trial and were sentenced for terms varying from three months to two years and the Warren is sailing for San Francisco with a green crew of Filipinos. The mutiny was brought about by one of the men claiming that he was sick, and refusing to work. He was placed in irons. Every man in the crew then quit work and declared that they would not resume until their comrade was released and sent to the hospital. They were all court-martialed and sentenced as above indicated.

DUFRESNE FUNERAL.

The funeral of the late John Henry Dufresne will take place tomorrow forenoon at 9 o'clock from St. Joseph's church.

CORONER FOSTER'S REPORT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Aug. 14.—Coroner Cameron F. Foster, today filed his report of the inquest in the case of the murder of Sadie Mathewson by Samuel R. Owen with whom she was living. The coroner finds that she came to her death on June 27, by Owen's hands, death being due to wounds by an axe and a knife.

Mr. John A. Connelly, who has been employed for some time past upon the Citizen, has joined the editorial staff of The Sun. Mr. L. J. Thyne is still a member of The Sun staff, notwithstanding the statement of a local paper to the contrary.

A POLICE GUARD

Watched Over Anti-Semite League Officers

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PARIS, Aug. 14.—The official quarters of the anti-Semite league in which M. Guerin, president of the league, and Max Regis, the noted Jew-baiter and ex-mayor of Algiers, sought refuge from arrest on Saturday were still besieged today. They were guarded throughout the night by a force of police armed with revolvers.

M. Guerin, his friends declared, would fire on the troops if attacked. After attempting to gain the besiegers over to their side, the besieged men threatened to pour boiling oil on those outside.

STORM COMING

It Will Strike New England Tomorrow

WASHINGTON, Aug 14—The weather bureau has issued the following bulletin:

"Storm center moving north off Jacksonville, Fla. In its future course the storm will not be of unusual severity although northeast gales with rain will prevail along the South Atlantic coast this afternoon and tonight and along the middle Atlantic and South New England coasts Tuesday."

COLUMBIA WON

DEFEATED THE DEFENDER IN TODAY'S RACE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEWPORT, Aug. 14—The Columbia defeated the Defender again today. The race was a very pretty one and the new boat held a lead throughout the entire race. The Columbia crossed the finish line one mile and a half ahead of the Defender.

SECURITY COMBINED

When You

RENT A DEPOSIT BOX,

$5.00 Per Annum

AT THE

TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK

GRAND FAIR Agricultural Park BEDFORD and WAKEFIELD

4 Days

SEPT. MIDDLESEX EAST 27-30. AGRICULTURAL ASS'N

RAFFLE FOR BIKE

Latest Scheme in the Sewer Department

TO TAKE THE LABORERS' COIN

The Raffle at the City Barn

THE OBJECT SAID TO BE CHARITY

The Wheel is Said to be Cheney's

The poor toilers under Supt. Cheney are doubtless wondering if their bosses will ever cease "grafting" at their expense, for after asking them for money for a watch for Cheney and a diamond for Hartwell, they now come around with tickets for a raffle of a bicycle said to belong to Supt. Cheney.

Every sewer boss, it is said, is now selling tickets to the help and those laid off and when the boss says: "It's Cheney's wheel and is going to be raffled at the barn" the poor laborer knows that it will be well for him to purchase a ticket.

On Saturday a number of employes who had been laid off were summoned to appear at the Jenness street sewer. Believing that the summons meant work, they all went up there. According to the claim of one who was there the only information they received was that Cheney was raffling a wheel and they could buy a ticket for 25 cents. All the bosses had them and from all accounts if all the tickets printed are sold, the receipts will buy several wheels.

The tickets are the common yellow variety, printed as follows:

CHARITY RAFFLE

For a Bicycle.

Tickets 25 Cents.

No. ——

A quarter is considerable to a man out of work and with a family to support, but when his boss asks him to blow it in for a ticket for a raffle he is generally afraid to refuse lest he incur the displeasure of his boss and lose his job for good.

The Sun reporter attempted to purchase a ticket for the raffle in Supt. Cheney's office this morning but the only man present, George Frye didn't have any. He referred the reporter to Asst. Supt. Hartwell, the recipient of the diamond who had some for sale.

Mr. Frye didn't know much about the raffle but he said: "They thought at first that they'd give the wheel to a poor widow but later they thought they'd make more money by raffling it." It is charitable to suppose that George meant that they'd make more money for the widow by raffling it.

If the object of the raffle is really charitable it is passing strange that Supt. Cheney and his understrappers with their extensive acquaintance among heavy salaried officeholders and moneyed men generally confine their sale of tickets to poor laborers who have to sweat nightly to make both ends meet.

This raffle is worthy of the official consideration of His Honor, Mayor Crowley.

STRIKE ENDED

SMELTER MEN'S UNION DECLARED IT OFF.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

DENVER, Col., Aug. 14.—The strike of the employes of the American Smelting and Refining company's plants in Colorado was declared off at a meeting of the smelter men's union in this city last night. The decision to call off the strike was due to the defection of the American members of the union, the foreigners having all along stood out for a readjustment of the lockout. It is thought now that it is but a question of a short time until all the plants of the American Smelting and Refining company in Colorado will be going full blast.

STEAMER ASHORE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—The British steamer Croma, Captain Claxton bound from Dundee for New York is ashore on Swona Island one of the Orkney group. Her forehold is are full of water.

STEAMER RESOLUTE SUNK.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—A dispatch from Calcutta says that the surveying steamer Resolute was sunk in collision with the British steamer Scindia last reported from Calcutta July 9 for Bombay. Several lives were lost in the disaster.

THE WEATHER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Aug. 14.—Forecast for Boston and vicinity: Fair tonight; rain Tuesday; continued cool; north to northeast; increasing in force.

J. F. O'DONNELL, UNDERTAKER.

THE SUN EXTRA

AN ARREST MADE

Gallon is Believed to be Laborl's Assailant

HE IS A MARINE ENGINEER

And Was Arrested at Le Mans

HIS GENERAL APPEARANCE TALLIES

With Description of Laborl's Assailant

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PARIS, (Aug. 14.—A dispatch from Le Mans, 130 miles southwest of this city, says a commissary of police has arrested at the railroad station a man named Gallon, a marine engineer who was on his way from Rennes to Havre. His appearance corresponds with the description of the man who attempted to assassinate M. Lambori.

TWO COLLIER STORM COMING ....

WITHOUT BAIL

Four Alleged Robbers Held Till Friday

CONFINED IN NEW COUNTY JAIL

Crowds of People Gaze on Prisoners

THE MEN PLEADED NOT GUILTY

To the Charge of Robbery

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 14.—The four men who were arrested in Bridgeport, Conn. Friday night and Saturday morning, and who have been identified as part of the gang who participated in the hold-up and robbery at the car barn at Portsmouth, Sunday night, July 30, were brought here this morning by Chief of Police Kauil and Detective Richards of this city, Detective Saville of the Pinkerton agency and Detective Cronin of Bridgeport. They were arraigned before Judge Baker in the district court on charges of robbery, pleaded not guilty and were held without bail for trial next Friday. The men were arraigned under the names of Arthur G. Webster, James Maxwell, Joseph Curran and William Thompson.

A large crowd was at the boat landing to see the prisoners and many followed the patrol wagon to the police station and filled Market Square so thickly that it was impossible to reach the station on foot. The crowd was orderly and assembled only out of curiosity. The prisoners will be taken to the new county jail, which is thoroughly strong enough to hold the shrewdest and most desperate prisoners.

SELECTMAN McMANMON

SAYS THAT DRACUT IS FREE FROM LIQUOR LICENSES.

The Nashua correspondent of the Boston Herald in an article Sunday said that the majority of Nashua's drunks are furnished by the town of Dracut. This Selectman McManmon and the other selectmen of Dracut stoutly deny.

Mr. McManmon is especially indignant at such an allegation. He says that the town of Dracut is expending considerable money in enforcing the no-license law. Mr. McManmon says that Nashua persons do not go to Dracut for their liquor. Instead they get it at places just across the New Hampshire line. They don't have to go quite so far as Dracut.

The same writer also alleges that in Dracut liquor is sold both Sundays and week days in unlimited quantities. This is another falsehood. The Dracut police are ably enforcing the law and there is no cause for complaint.

ADMIRAL DEWEY ILL.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LEGHORN, Italy, Aug. 14.—Admiral Dewey, being ill with fever, remained today on board his flagship, the United States cruiser Olympia which arrived here yesterday from Naples. The captain of the vessel received the visits of officials and others.

When you want a plumber or a gas or water piper, you should call on Sweeney & Welch. They are practical plumbers and are a reliable firm and all work entrusted to their care will be promptly attended to. Their place of business is at 262 Middlesex street. Tel. 539-4.

Putnam & Son

WE MADE a lucky strike in Umbrellas a short time since—found a manufacturer who had to raise money—and bought some large lots of Umbrellas at very low figures. Here are our prices—are they cheap enough to interest you?

Serge Umbrellas, fast color, natural wood handles, steel rod and frame. Regular price 50c,

Our Price 39 cents.

Serge Umbrellas, fast color, very stylish, natural wood handles, sterling silver trimmed, silk cases and tassels. Regular price $1.50,

Our Price 98 cents.

Twilled Gloria Umbrellas, natural wood handles, paragon frame, steel rod. Regular price $1.00,

Our Price 69 cents.

Taffeta Silk Umbrellas, handsome natural wood handles, silk case and tassels, elegant Umbrellas. Regular price $2.00,

Our Price $1.12½.

Women's Taffeta Silk Umbrellas, very stylish handles, paragon frame. Regular price $1.50,

Our Price 98 cents.

Women's Taffeta Silk Umbrellas, elegant princess handless of natural wood and gun metal, paragon frame, silk case, silk ribbon and tassels, very swell Umbrellas. Regular price $2.50,

Our Price $1.47.

PUTNAM & SON,

166 Central Street.

We're Taken at Our Word So Quickly

Having educated the people by object lessons to believe our advertisements, that we don't like to advertise

A SMALL LOT.

There are so many people after the BARGAINS, that the late comers find the goods all gone, and they may think (if they don't know us) that it was a fake.

NOW WE SAY TO YOU

We have about 35 Remnants of FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, from 4 to 17 yards in a piece, which we shall sell at from one-half to two-thirds the regular price that is from 12 1-2c. TO 34c. a YARD.

If you want the goods come at once to

The People's Favorite Furniture Store.

A. E. O'HEIR & CO., 14, 16 and 18 Merrimack St.

Near Electric Car Waiting Room.

THE SUN LATEST!

5 O'CLOCK

SAN MATEO TAKEN

After a Hot Battle by Young's Brigade

Three Killed and Thirteen Including an Officer Wounded—The Town Will be Held by Our Troops—Recruiting to be Pushed by War Department

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MANILA, Aug. 13, 3.10 p. m.—A reconnoisance yesterday by troops of General Samuel B. M. Young's brigade, with the object of discovering the whereabouts of the enemy near San Mateo, northeast of the San Juan reservoir, about ten miles from Manila, resulted in the occupation of San Mateo. The American loss was three killed and thirteen wounded, including a lieutenant of the 21st Infantry. Twenty-three of the enemy are known to have been killed.

The Americans approached San Mateo in three columns. Major Cronin with 150 men of the 25th Infantry advanced from Novaliches five miles west of San Mateo. Captain Rivers with a hundred men of the Fourth cavalry and Captain Parker, formerly lieutenant colonel of the 12th New York volunteer regiment with 280 men of the 21st and 24th Infatry and the Fourth cavalry, approached in two columns from the south.

Major Cronin experienced many difficulties arising from the condition of the country and failed to effect a junction with Captain Rivers west of San Mateo.

Captain Rivers advancing took an outpost of the enemy two miles southwest of San Mateo. He then encountered strong resistance among the hills the enemy firing from excellent positions. Having failed to connect with Major Cronin and seeing that the town was already occupied by the Americans Capt. Rivers withdrew covering his withdrawal by heavy volley firing. He lost a sergeant killed.

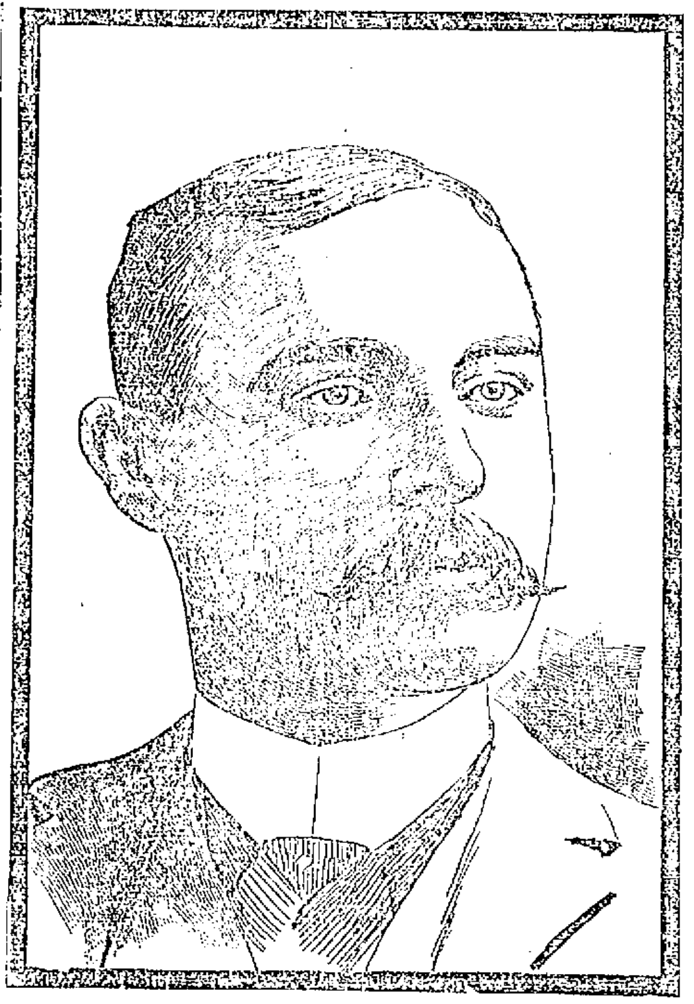
Capt. Parker, on advancing found the enemy strongly entrenched on the far side of some rice fields, about a mile wide and covered with deep mud. Pushing forward rapidly he routed the Filipinos after forty minutes fighting and thence continued the march upon San Mateo which he entered without serious resistance about half past one in the afternoon.

Major Cronin entered the town about half past four. The Americans still occupy the place. Our men were exhausted by the heavy marching. This is the first action in which Colonel Burt's colored troops participated. They behaved well, their leaders having difficulty in holding them back. General Young accompanied Captain Parker's column and was under fire throughout the engagement. It is estimated that the enemy numbered between 300 and 400 men.

TO PUSH ENLISTMENTS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—Secretary Root has decided to enlist at once 35,-000 volunteers authorized. Of this number 17,417, including the battalion of natives in Porto Rico will be contained in the regiments now being organized leaving 17,583 who can be recruited and sent to reinforce General Otis.



The Late J. DUFRESNE.

THE L. A. W. WON

Cyclist Challenge Shield at Montreal

ALSO THE SALTONSTALL AGGREGATE PRIZE

Watson Coleman Wins 5 Mile Handicap

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MONTREAL, Aug. 14.—"One of the most successful international meets in the history of the I. C. A." This was the remark made by Secretary Henry Sturmey of Coventry, England, as he left Queens Park after the decision of the international championships.

The delegates of the I. C. A. who were in attendance voiced this sentiment.

While England secured the amateur mile championship, America secured the professional mile championship. To the League of American Wheelmen comes the Saltonstall trophy and the Cyclist Challenge shield. This in a measure ought to compensate that body for the trouble it has had in the government and control of racing during the past season.

As to the United States riders, honors were divided about evenly between the various sections of the country. Major Taylor, by securing the mile championship, represents the ability of eastern riders; John A. Nelson, by winning the 150-kilometer championship, ably represented the west. Of amateurs from the East, Lester Wilson of Pittsburg and Moran and Ingraham from Boston demonstrated their speed and headwork in a most able manner throughout the week. The Butler boys rode in fine form and all of them maintained their reputation as fast men.

Following the winning of the amateur team trophy by the American team, consisting of Moran, Wilson, Peabody and Ingraham, came the five-mile tandem pursuit race, which was won by Hooper and Nelson in a nip-and-tuck finish.

Watson Coleman of Boston scored the five mile handicap, starting from the 225-yard mark. The fifteen mile road race was won by the Royal Canadian team, the Queen City team taking second. History repeated itself when Major Taylor refused to ride against Tom Summersgill, the amateur champion of the world. Last year George Banker of the United States refused to ride against Albert, the German, at Vienna.

Major Taylor was hard pushed in the final of the two-mile professional, but managed to snatch the prize from the teeth of Tom Butler.

Earl Peabody distinguished himself by winning the Columbus trophy, Jas. Drury and Lester Wilson taking second and third respectively. The summary:

Five mile tandem pursuit race, amateur, won by Fred Hooper, Des Moines, and John A. Nelson, Chicago; J. F. Moran and J. F. Ingraham, Chelsea, Mass., second; Ben Goodson, Sydney, N. S. W., Australia; and John Caldow, Glasgow, Scotland, third. Time, 10m. 14 1-5s.

Five mile handicap, professional—Final heat won by Watson Coleman, of Boston, 225 yards; T. B. McCarthy, Toronto, 350 yards, second; Alfred Beake, Toronto, 375 yards, third; R. O. Blaney, Brantford, Ont., 150 yards, fourth. Time 10m 45 1-5s.

World's championship, one mile, won by Tom Summersgill, Leeds B. C., England. Time 2m 13 3-5s. Only starter.

Two-mile professional: First heat won by C. R. McCarthy, St. Louis; John T. Colgan, Trenton, N. J., pacemaker, time, 5m 22s. Second heat won by Major Taylor, Worcester, Mass; Jerry Woodward, Detroit, pacemaker, time 4m 38 4-5s. Third heat won by Tom Butler, Cambridge, Mass.; Watson Coleman, Boston, pacemaker; time 5m 29 1-5s. Final heat won by Major Taylor, Tom Butler second, C. R. McCarthy third, Watson Coleman fourth; time 4m. 32 1-5s.

Fifteen mile road race, amateur—Won by Royal Canadian B. C., Toronto, second. Winning riders, W. Vennels, R. C. B. C.; Stat: I. Smith, Q. C. B. C.; second: J. E. Short, R. C. B. C., third: N. Sheffer, R. C. B. C., fourth.

Columbus Trophy race, amateur one mile. Won by Earl W. Peabody, Chicago; James Drury, Montreal, second; Lester Wilson, Pittsburg, third. Time 2m 28 3-5s.

Five kilometres (three miles, 185 yds) amateur team race. Won by United States team. Lester Wilson, Press Cyclers, Pittsburg; J. F. Ingraham, Chelsea C. C., Lynnfield, Mass.; Earl Peabody, Woodlawn C. C., Chicago; and J. F. Moran, Chelsea C. C., Chelsea, Mass. Total points, 14. Canadian team second: Alf Sherrett, Brantford, Ont.; Jas. Drury, M. A. A., Montreal; Ralph Aston, Brantford; and C. P. Rosser, Montreal; total points, 2[illegible]. Time [illegible]. Team scoring [illegible] points winning.

[illegible]-kilometer championship, professional: Won by Harry A. Gibson, Cincinnati; Alfred Beake, Toronto, second; A. A. McLeod, Chelsea, Mass., third. The winner led Beake by [illegible] and a [illegible] miles at the finish. Gibson's time:

5	[illegible]
10	[illegible]
15	[illegible]
20	[illegible]
25	[illegible]
30	1 01 [illegible]
35	1 15 [illegible]
40	1 2[illegible]
45	1 35 23 1-5
50	1 46 32 3-5
55	1 58 47
60	2 10 18 2-5
100	4 15 11 2-5

One hour, 29 1-2 miles; two hours, 5[illegible] 2-2 miles.

"Do Not Grasp at the Shadow and Lose the Substance."

Many people are but shadows of their former selves, due to neglect of health. Look out for the blood, the fountain of life, the actual substance; keep that pure by regular use of Hood's Sarsaparilla and robust health will be the result. Be sure to get only Hood's, because

Hood's Sarsaparilla Never Disappoints

LOWELL MUSICIAN

J. Henry Dufresne Died Saturday Afternoon

AT LOWELL GENERAL HOSPITAL

After Being Taken Suddenly Ill at Portland

A wide circle of friends will grieve to learn of the death of John Henry Dufresne, better known as Henry Dufresne, one of Lowell's most popular musicians which took place Saturday afternoon at the Lowell General hospital, at the age of 40 years, 5 months, and 2 days. The cause of death was cerebro-spinal meningitis.

Although the illness had been of short duration, still the end had not been unexpected to those intimately acquainted with him. He had been playing at a summer theatre near Portland, Me., up to within a week ago Friday when he was obliged to give up, and return to Lowell, where he was taken to the hospital and subsequently died.

Mr. Dufresne was the popular drummer of Borjes' band and of the American orchestra and thousands of persons have been pleased by his performance on the xylophone. The musical fraternity have not only lost an artist in his line but one of the very best and most popular members of their brotherhood.

He was a native of Canada but came to the states when but a boy. In his early years he was employed in the mills of this city and also at the J. C. Ayer company, but later gave up his position, his musical engagements making it necessary for him to do so. He was associated with the American Orchestra for over 15 years, with Borjes' band for about four years, and formerly with the old American Brass band of this city. The members of the band have decided to attend the funeral in a body in full uniform and further action is also contemplated by the band members.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP

Has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

WE DO NOT EXPECT

a rushing business for the next month, but you can never have a better time to look over our finely selected stock of goods and we can take better care of you now than when the busy season commences. Call at 23 Palmer street.

Gorman & Sullivan, Fashionable Tailors.

Omega Oil



SOUND SLEEP

comes from a sweet stomach, pure blood, strong nerves and hearty health. The surest way to acquire these is by an honest use of this famous medicine, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. For fifty years it has never failed to cure stomach disorders, beginning with constipation and ending with kidney or liver trouble. See that a PRIVATE REVENUE STAMP covers the neck of the bottle.

GET WHAT YOU ASK FOR. TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE **Hostetter's Stomach Bitters**

A Pleasant Tonic.

Invaluable in Diarrhoea, Dysentery and a superior, rich Cordial for Weak, Debilitated Stomachs.

Perhaps there is no pleasanter remedy on the market today, that is so effective in its medicinal qualities, than

Dows' Blackberry Wine.

It is made of the juice of high-bush blackberries. It is what is known as a mild astringent and invigorator.

Pints, 50c. Quarts, 75c.

A. W. DOWS & CO.

389 Central St.

THIS GREAT

Deck-Clearing August Sale

is a hummer. When we say that the average saving on all our remaining Summer Stock is at least half, we are rather underrating than exaggerating the facts. It is a big sacrifice but we do not flinch. We want the goods out of the way. Bear in mind that trash, soap-bubble stuff, we do not handle. New, fresh, up-to-date and dependable merchandise is the only kind that finds admission to our big store.

YOUTH'S SUITS, $1.97, $2.48, $4.95, $5.95, $7.87, 9.80.

Over half a hundred kinds to select from, containing from one suit up. Whether there are few or many, the price named means a cut away below possible profit paying, and in many cases below actual cost of trimmings.

MEN'S SUITS, $3.93, $4.47, $5.95, $6.95, $7.95, $8.95, $12.

Fifty per cent. under value. We want to sell these goods at once—that is why we name such prices. These figures do not represent the value of the cloth. Every suit must go within ten days. Money saved for you if you buy now.

MEN'S PANTS, 59c., 85c, $1, $1.68, $2.25, $2.98, $4.

Over 1000 to select from. Men wonder how we came to have so many. Never mind. We will soon have a good deal less at these prices. The prices represent an actual cash bonus of 75c to $3.50 per pair, which we offer you to carry them away.

Lowell One-Price Clothing Company.

72-86 MERRIMACK STREET.

GOING AWAY?

Hope you'll have a good time and we know you will, if you . . . . .

Take One of Our

CAMERAS!

We carry a full line of

Eastman's Kodaks,

and all kinds of supplies. Also all the leading makes of Cameras.

ONE OF OUR

Hammocks

will make things easy for you. Prices from

75c to $6.00.

The Thompson Hardware Co.

SOLE AGENTS.

LADIES' OXFORDS.

In russet and black kids, they are the regular $1.25 line of goods. They have narrow toes and the russet color is a little faded. For this reason we offer them at

75 Cents a Pair.

J. J. LONERGAN,

215 DUTTON ST.

DAILY BARGAINS.

$100

UPRIGHT PIANO.

Seven and one-third octaves. Used but little. Condition fine.

GEORGE A. GARDNER

10 PRESCOTT STREET.

"GLORIA"

IS NOT A MEDICINE.

Drink GLORIA and cultivate good sense
When appears a big scheme get behind the fence
And hear the good man shout and holler.
Put a copper in this hole, and then take out a dollar.
Drink more GLORIA and think about
The little echo, to the shout.
Put in a dollar, and in the end
The cent will come a dividend.
Drink GLORIA then and wiser grow
The good from good for nothing know.
The moral: If GLORIA gives good health
It helps along towards fame and wealth.

5 Cents a Glass.

S. Bartlett, Agt., 160 Middlesex St.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Sold by all Local Druggists. PHILADA., PA.

Sold by Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., General Agents. Boston, Mass

JOHN W. McEVOY, 117 Central St. Opposite American House. COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM, 182 Merrimack Street. PHOTOGRAPHERS

W. A. LEW, 49 John Street. CLOTHING CLEANSED, DYED AND PRESSED.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 377 Bridge St. MEATS AND PROVISIONS

Marked Down to the Bottom

WHEELS

A good stock now to select from. Don't wait for your neighbor to get the pick, for they are going quick.

4 MONTHS GOOD RIDING YET

And styles will not change in 1900. Now is your opportunity.

BATCHELDER'S,

18 Central St.

Telephone

"Good Wheels and Fair Treatment."

LAKEVIEW PARK

FAMILY DAY RESORT

Bowling, Dancing, Boating, Fishing, Carousel, Swings.

A Rare Collection of Birds, Beasts and reptiles at the

MOUNTAIN ROCK ZOO

Unsurpassed Accommodations for Private Parties in the Pavilion, conducted by the D. H. Page Co.

THE LAKEVIEW THEATRE

JAMES GILBERT, Manager for Grant & Flynn.

WEEK OF AUG. 14.

GRAND PRODUCTION OF

GILBERT AND SULLIVAN'S

Nautical Opera.

H. M. S. PINAFORE,

And the Wonderful

BIOGRAPH,

Reproducing persons, places and incidents from life.

Orchestra (Reserved) .... 20 cents
Parquet .... 10 cents
Balcony .... 5 cents

FARE 5 CENTS.

Star Theatre, 312-314 Middlesex Street, FRANK KNIGHT, Proprietor.—This Week

MISS MARY MELVILLE, Contralto,
LAVARNIE & LASEUR, Novelty (Frank) (Jessie) Sketch Artists
JOHN NOON, Coon Specialist.
JOHN CANNON, The Happy Tramp.
Concluding with a funny afterpiece.
Admission 5c. Reserved Seats 5c extra.

Our Special, Easy Payment Scholarships, Limited to 40.

Guarantee the best Business and Shorthand instruction that money can buy.
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N. E. BUSINESS UNIVERSITY, Runels Building, Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass.

Great No Cash Down Sale —OF— Ladies' and Gentlemen's Clothing

LOWELL CO-OPP. SUPPLY CO.

26 Central Street,

Up One Flight Open Evenings

DR. DONEHUE DENTIST

When We Strike

We Cut Prices Deep

The public knows very well our Shoes have been leaders. Our styles have been the latest; our prices the lowest. Our stock has been the newest in town. When we say Cut Prices we do cut them. You get manufacturers shoes at our store and you save the middle man's profit.

See our windows.
See our windows.
See our windows.

SUNLIGHT Shoe Store

100 CENTRAL ST.

High Grade Repairing.

W. S. CRADY.

CLOSING OUT SALE OF BUILDING LOTS. AT HALF PRICE,

Over New Moody Street Bridge On the EMERY LAND

Several new modern houses to be sold at a sacrifice. EASY TERMS.

A. J. RYAN, Agent. 3 HILDRETH BUILDING.

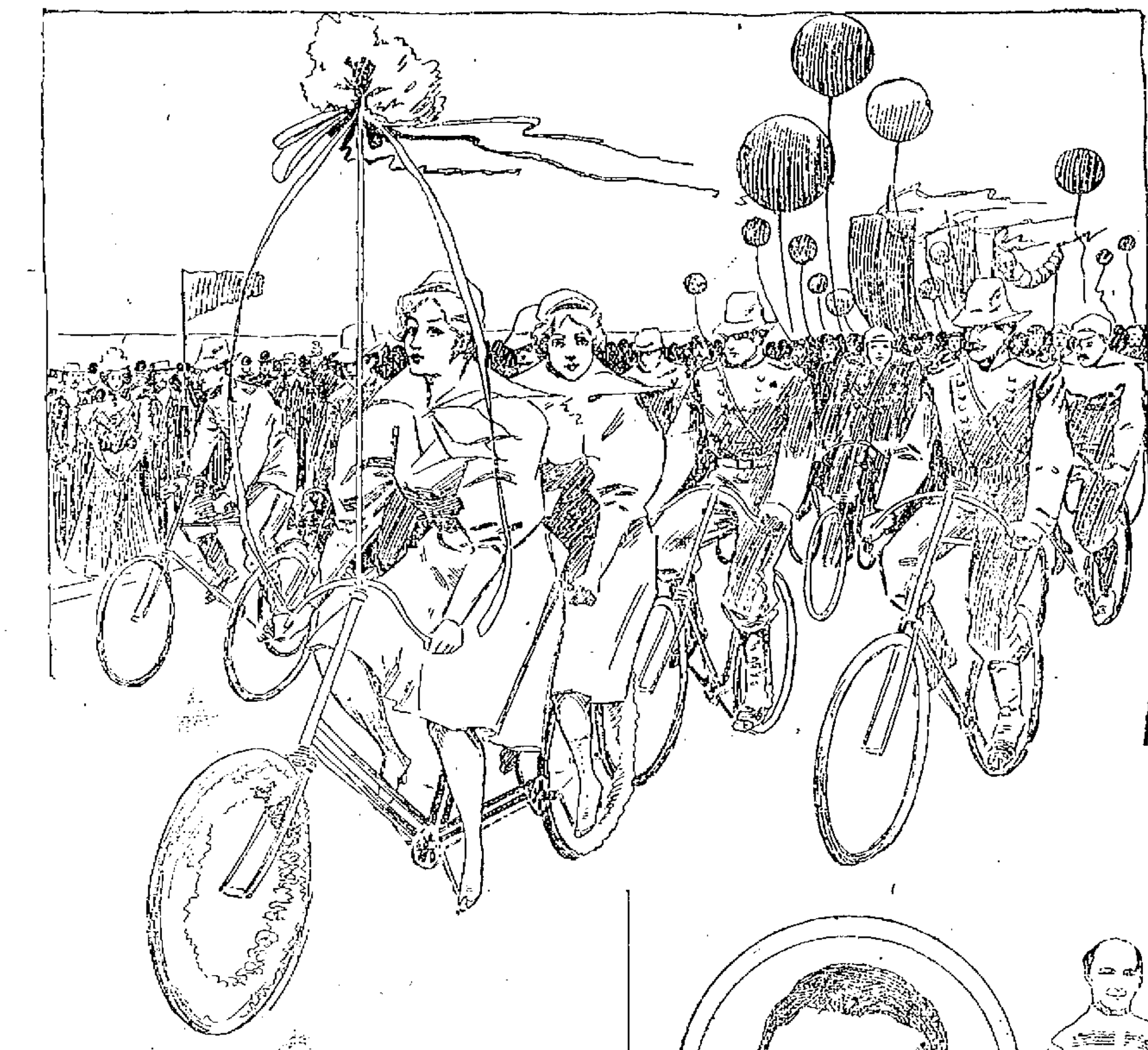
Grand Closing Out Sale

Of Summer Millinery.

Everything must go this month for just what it brings. We want the money and room, you want the goods. Come and get them.

HEAD & SHAW, "THE MILLINERS" 169 MERRIMACK ST.

THE SCENE IN THE PROCESSION TO THE L. A. W. HEADQUARTERS IN BOSTON



THE NATIONAL MEET

Of the L. A. W. Brings Thousands to Boston

Professionals and Amateurs From All Points—The Day's Program Opens at 4 p. m.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Aug. 14.—Today the city is filled with bicyclists who came from all directions to attend the world's meet which opens at 4 p. m. today. All the professionals came from Montreal by rail, arriving yesterday and early this morning and taking up quarters. The throng of cyclists makes Boston a dangerous place for pedestrians and wheelmen unless great care is taken to avoid collisions. Today's program is as follows:

4 p. m.—Opening of official headquarters of meet committees, national and division officers at Hotel Brunswick, Boylston and Clarendon streets.

7.15 p. m.—Moonlight run through Boston park system, including Back Bay fens, Riverway, Jamaicaway, Arnold arboretum, Forest Hills to Franklin park; distance, 12 miles.

7.30 p. m.—Boston municipal band concert at Highland street, West Roxbury. Also moonlight run through Longwood and Brookline to Chestnut Hill reservoir and pumping station around the reservoir, through Brookline woodlands to Jamaica Plain, and return via Park system; 14 miles.

8 p. m.—Lawn party given by the Tiger Roadsters at their club house, Dorchester. Also entertainment at rooms of the Roslindale C. C.

8.30 p. m.—Press banquet at Revere House.

THE CINCINNATIS

Won a Double Header From Boston

NEW YORKS DEFEATED CLEVELAND TWICE

Brooklyns and Louisville Broke Even

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Aug. 14.—Boston dropped both games with Cincinnati Saturday afternoon and curiously enough by the same score in each game, 7 to 2. This was a remarkable proceeding after winning six of seven games in Cincinnati.

Inability to bat the Cincinnati pitchers was the primary cause for the defeats. With Willis pitted against Taylor, the first game looked easy in every respect for Boston, but things do not always go as they are booked in base ball and so it was in that game. Taylor was very lucky in keeping the hits scattered. He has excellent command far excelling Willis in this regard, giving but one base on balls and hitting one man. In the first five innings but two gifts were given by him and these were not costly but in the last four innings he gave three gifts that resulted in runs.

In the second game the young left hander, Bailey, was pitted against Phillips of the Cincis. The latter has been remarkably successful of late, and yesterday was the fifth victory in succession that he has won. He is a tall blond young man with good curves and excellent command. Last season he was with the Indianapolis club and was the mainstay of the club in the box. Bailey's name was not down on the score card to pitch but Nichols had a lame elbow and Lewis a bad finger so that there was no alternative but to put Bailey in.

Bailey had his periods of weakness and these were enough to lose him the game. These occurred in the third, fourth and seventh innings when the Cincinnatis did all of their run getting. With the bases filled and two runs in in the seventh Nichols was called upon to stem the tide and did so for but one more run was made. Boston failed to make a batting rally however and Cincinnati succeeded in making a new record for the season, securing its 14th consecutive victory.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	1	2—7
Boston	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0—2

Earned runs—Cincinnati 2, Boston 2. Two-base hits—Corcoran, Smith. Sacrifice hits—Beckly, Peltz 2, Taylor Stahl. Stolen bases—Long, Stahl. First base on balls—McBride, Smith, Steinfeldt. First base on errors—Cincinnati 2. Left on bases—Cincinnati 5, Boston 9. Struck out—Corcoran, Beckley Tenney Bergen 2. Double plays—Long and Tenney; Corcoran McPhee and Beckley. Hit by pitched ball—McPhee 2, Long. Time—1h. 50m. Umpires—Messrs. Lynch and Connolly.

SECOND GAME.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Cincinnati	0	3	1	0	0	0	3	0—7	
Boston	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0—2	

Earned runs—Cincinnati 6, Boston 1. Two-base hits—Peitz, Long. Three base hit—Beckley. Home run—Selbach. Sacrifice hit—McPhee. Stolen base—Stahl. First base on balls—By Bailey, Peitz, Selbach, Beckley; By Philips, Stahl, Bailey. First base on errors—Cincinnati 2, Boston 1. Left on bases—Cincinnati 7, Boston 6. Struck out—By Phillips—Clarke, Duffy; by Bailey, Beckley, McPhee. Double play—Lowe, Long and Tenney. Time 1h. 59m. Umpires—Messrs. Lynch and Connolly. Attendance 10,000.

The other league games resulted as follows:

New York 13, Cleveland 1. First game

New York 6, Cleveland 2. Second game.

Louisville 7, Brooklyn 6. First game.

Brooklyn 6, Louisville 2. Second game.

St. Louis 9, Washington 3.

Philadelphia 5, Chicago 0.

Baltimore 16, Pittsburg 2.

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won	Lost	Pc. won
Brooklyn	63	34	.649
Boston	60	36	.625
Philadelphia	60	39	.606
Baltimor	57	39	.594
Cincinnati	54	41	.568
Chicago	53	43	.552
St. Louis	54	45	.541
Pittsburg	49	50	.495
Louisville	42	54	.438
New York	38	54	.413
Washington	35	64	.350
Cleveland	17	84	.168

NEW ENGLAND LEAGUE.

Manchester 14, Portland 11. First game.

Manchester 6, Portland 2. Second game.

Taunton 9, Newport 6.

NEW ENGLAND LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won.	Lost.	Pc. Won
Portland	50	25	.666
Manchste	44	32	.579
Newport	38	36	.513
Taunton	29	50	.367

FALL RENOVATING

Time is coming you may need a piece of matting or carpet.

When you do, you'll find our goods and prices satisfactory to you. Should you want an oil cloth for the kitchen or dining room. A very small amount of money will furnish it.

THE GRAND PRIZE RANGE.

Remember has now more practical improvements than any other range in Lowell. Don't miss seeing it.

Refrigerators, Baby Carriages and Go Carts down to hard pan prices.

GAYNOR & CO.

35 Prescott Street,

Telephone, 659-5.

DR. MARTEL'S BOOK,

"Relief for Women"

Sent free, in plain, sealed envelope. Write to day for this Book, containing Particulars and Testimonials of DR. MARTEL'S

French Female Pills.

Praised by thousands of satisfied ladies as safe, always reliable and without an equal. Sold by all druggists in metal box, French flag on top in Blue, White and Red. Take no other. French Drug Co., 381 & 383 Pearl St., New York City.

QUESTION OF ROOM, NOT OF PROFIT.

The limit of low prices is reached. Such splendid values for the money heretofore unheard of. Our Fall stock will soon begin to arrive and we simply have to make room for it—even if we have to sell some of the broken lots at a loss.

$2.95 worth $6. For men's neat Scotch mixed wool Cheviot Suits, all sizes.

$3.95 worth $8. For handsome brown check, strictly all wool Cheviot men's Suits, sizes 35 to 44, a rare bargain.

$3.75. For men's all wool bluish gray Tweed Suits, clay weave, sizes 34 to 44.

$4.95 worth $8. For men's fancy Worsted Suits in natty designs, all sizes.

$4.95 worth $8. For men's very fine all wool blue Serge Suits, all sizes, excellently made and trimmed.

$5.95, worth $10. For men's dark brown and green plaid fine Cassimere Suits, all sizes.

$7.95 worth $13. For men's, fancy check and plaids, all wool worsted Suits in several designs.

$8.75 worth $14 and $15. These men's Suits are the biggest values offered. We have them made in stouts and regular. The cloth is warranted all worsted and of the latest design. We have them in light and dark shades.

See Our Window Display And Match Us if you Can.

J. L. CHALIFOUX.

Central and Middle Sts.



MAJOR TAYLOR.



NAT BUTLER.



WATSON COLEMAN.

By J. E. Conant & Co., - - - - Auctioneers

Office, Lowell, Mass.

TOMORROW AFTERNOON.

Peremptory sale of an extensive and valuable lot of renting property, numbered 283-285, 289-291 Lakeview avenue; cottage house, No. 20 Fulton street; cottage house, No. 5 Devlin's avenue; and the lot of land at the corner of Fifth avenue and Mt. Hope street; also the lot adjoining on Fifth avenue.

On the premises, rain or shine, without limit or reserve of any kind or nature, Tuesday, the 15th day of August, 1899. It is my firm determination and mind to sell at absolute auction to whomsoever will bid the most for it, all the real estate I stand possessed of in the city of Lowell. I have lost my health; I am utterly unable to care for or look after my property; as a matter of fact I am actually compelled from necessity to dispose of some of the best paying tenement realty in Centralville.

PROMPTLY AT 4 O'CLOCK P. M.

The three story 14 tenement block with store, 283-285 Lakeview avenue. The tenements have either four or five rooms each; with the store are two back rooms; each tenement has a water closet, sewerage, city water and cellar; part of the tenements are supplied with gas. The lot has an area of 6959 square feet, extends through from Lakeview avenue to Devlin's Court; has frontage of 50 feet on both streets; the block is well rented, and always rents; the income today is $26 a week or at the rate of $1352 a year.

PROMPTLY AT 4.15 O'CLOCK P. M.

The two-story 4-tenement block, 289-291 Lakeview avenue; and the three story three-tenement block with store, 293-295 Lakeview avenue In one lot. Each tenement has water closet, sewerage, city water and cellar. With the two blocks are 5922 square feet of land reaching from Lakeview avenue to Devlin's avenue and it is fifty feet wide from one end to the other. This estate brings a rental of $15 a week or $775 a year.

PROMPTLY AT 4.30 O'CLOCK P. M.

The cottage house and lot. No. 20 Fulton street at the corner of Devlin's avenue. The cottage has six rooms, water closet, sewerage, city water and cellar. The lot has 1376 square feet of land, 40 feet on Fulton street and 54 feet on Devlin's avenue. It is a snug little property abundantly supplied with fruit and well rented.

PROMPTLY AT 4.45 O'CLOCK P. M.

The cottage house and 1799 square feet of land, No. 5 Devlin's avenue, and adjoining the lot just described above. There are six rooms in the cottage; the lot has a frontage of 47 feet the premises have both water closet, city water, sewerage, etc. It is a very comfortable and a rather attractive cheap home.

PROMPTLY AT 5.30 O'CLOCK P. M.

The corner lot at the corner of Fifth avenue and Mt. Hope street, Pawtucketville. The area is 7500 square feet; the frontage on Fifth avenue, 50 feet; the frontage on Mt. Hope street, 150 feet; the two opposite corners are improved; the lot is high and it appears to be the choicest corner in the neighborhood.

PROMPTLY AT 5.40 O'CLOCK P. M.

7500 square feet of land adjoining the last described lot; frontage 50 feet; it is on a par with any lot in the vicinity with the exception of the corner lot, the sale of which just precedes it.

The purchaser of the first property sold must deposit with or secure to the auctioneers $1000 as soon as the property is struck off, the purchaser of the second property sold must do the same with $500; the purchasers of the two cottage houses must each do the same with $100, and the purchasers of the two vacant lots much each do the same with $100.

You are to make all inquiries at the office of the auctioneers.

THOMAS D. LYONS.

O'Donnell & Gilbride Co.

Headquarters for Bargains.

Bargains! Bargains!

LOOK AT THE BIG

INDUCEMENTS

OFFERED FOR THIS WEEK.

BARGAINS IN COTTON UNDERWEAR.

Ladies' Night Robes, hamburg trimmed and plain, regular price 75c, now 50c.

Another lot of Night Robes, regular price, $1, now 75c.

One special bargain in Ladies' Drawers, to close at 19c.

BARGAINS IN CHILDREN'S DEPT.

Children's Mull Bonnets that have retailed all season at $1.75 and $1.98, we have placed in one lot to close at $1.25.

Children's White Dresses in a splendid assortment of styles now on sale at 50c, 75c, 98c, $1.23 and $1.49.

Children's Woolen Reefers at 98c, $1.49, $1.98, $2.49 and $2.98.

Boys' Fauntleroy Waists at 49c, 98c, $1.39 and $2.98.

3—SPECIALS—3.

Special No. 1. Ladies' Dressing Sacques 98c, regular price $1.25.

Special No. 2. Ladies' Dressing Sacques, $1.23, regular price $1.50.

Special No. 3. Ladies' Dressing Sacques, $1.49, regular price $1.75.

BARGAINS IN CORSET DEPT.

1 lot Summer Corsets, regular price, 50c, to close 39c.

1 lot Summer Corsets, regular price 75c, to close 69c.

1 lot Summer Corsets, regular price $1, to close 89c.

1 odd lot of Corsets in white and drabs, sold at $1.75, to close $1.25.

BARGAINS IN PETTICOATS.

Ladies' Black Mercerized Skirts, regular price $2, to close $1.50.

Ladies' Black Sateen Skirts, regular price $1.75, to close $1.25.

Ladies' Black Sateen Skirts, regular price, $1.50, to close $1.

Ladies' Black Silk Moreen Skirts, regular price $5, to close $4.

STORM PROOF SERGES.

A Special Inducement for This Week Only.

10 pieces 46 inch All Wool Storm Proof Serges in blues, greens, browns, garnets and blacks, bought to retail at 75c, for this week only 69c.

SPECIAL—We are sole distributors of Butterick's Patterns and Publications for Lowell and vicinity.

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE CO.

MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

WALL PAPER AT LOW PRICES.

PARQUET FLOORS ARE SOMETHING NEW.

WE ARE AGENTS.

LOWELL WALL PAPER COMPANY,

GEORGE W. CHASE, Prop., 42 Church St., Lowell, Mass

Groceries, Wholesale and Retail. Prices

MOLASSES.

5 gal. Very Best............38c. per gal.

5 gal. Good..................28c. per gal.

5 gal. Cooking..............19c per gal.

5 gal. Best Syrup...........20c. per gal.

PORK.

5 lbs. Best Pork..........................35c

LARD.

50 lb. Tub Best Lard.................$3.00

25 lb. Tub Best Lard.................$1.45

10 lb. Tub Best Lard......................75c

1 lb. Best Lard...............................8c

TEAS.

1 lb. Good Formosa Oolong..........41c

COFFEES.

5 lbs. Good Mocha and Java......$1.00

CRACKERS.

1-2 bbl. 15 lbs.. 5c lb.

1 box 15 lbs. Soda Crackers, 6 1-2c lb.

1 box 15 lbs. Milk Lunch, 6 1-4c lb.

1 box 10 Crackers, 20c

1 box Spiced Cookies........8 1-4c lb.

1 box Orange Wafers............8 1-4c lb.

1 box 50 lbs. Grandmother's Cookies, 8 1-2c

BUTTER.

If you like good Butter, try Franklin Co. Creamery; it's the best that Vermont can produce. Prices today in 5 lb. boxes, $1.25. Very best Vermont Dairy in 5lb. boxes, $1.15.

FLOUR.

55c., 60c., 65c. per bag, $4.25, $4.55, $4.75 per bbl. are the popular prices at present date for the best bread flour. Our guarantee goes with every bag or barrel.

Rolled Oats, per bbl., $3.90

Rolled Oats, per half bbl., $2.00

Rolled Oats, 10 lbs. 25c.

Indian Meal, per bbl., $3.00

Indian Meal, 10 lbs., 18c

Graham Meal, per bbl. $3.75

Graham Meal, 10 lbs., 25c

Rye Meal, per bbl. $3.75

Rye Meal, 10 lbs., 25c

CEREAL GOODS.

3 pkges. Rolled Oats, 20c

10 lbs. Pearl Barley 35c

10 lbs. Rye Flour, 25c

10 lbs. Entire Wheat. 25c

Shredded Wheat, 11c

10 pkges. Shredded Wheat, $1.00

Ralston's Breakfast Food, 12c

10 pkges, $1.15

Ralston's Barley Food..........12c.

10 pkgs...............................$1.15

12 lbs. Ralston's Entire Wheat, 40c

CHEESE.

New Full Cream Fancy, 2 lbs. for 25c

JELLIES AND JAMS.

5lb. pail of Apple, Raspberry, Strawberry and Currant Jelly 15c

1 doz. pails of same..........$2.00

F. H. HODGES, Old Boston & Maine Station, Central Street.

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TRADE MARK

Kolone

A fragrant and delightful External Cure for all headaches, neuralgia, and car sickness. Soothing and comforting for heated, tired, and brain-worked heads and sleeplessness. Cures instantly; absolutely harmless. It prevents dosing the stomach with poisonous drugs.

Endorsed by physicians. Your druggist has it.

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JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press
$3.00 Per Year. 25c. For Month

ARE YOU AWARE

That THE SUN issues three editions daily,—two, five and six o'clock? *The Night Edition,* six o'clock, is on the street at five o'clock. It contains all the latest local and telegraphic news. It is the only paper in Lowell that has all the news, and that is why it prints more copies daily than any two other local papers combined. If you have not been getting the night edition, tell your newsboy or dealer that you want it. Compare it with the other papers and you will be convinced that it has the news from twelve to twenty-four hours ahead of its contemporaries.

THE AMERICA CUP RACES.

Mr. Editor: Please let me know the origin of the "America" cup contest between the Columbia, representing the United States, and the Shamrock, representing England. Also the winners in the various contests for this cup. A SUN READER.

The origin of the cup contest is given by the New York Times Saturday Review in a manner that will fully answer the above. This matter is of special interest to the people of Lowell inasmuch as the yacht America was owned by our illustrious townsman, General Butler, whose son, Paul Butler, now holds the canoeing championship of America. The article referred to is as follows:

"The America sailed for Havre and arrived there early in August, 1851. She rapidly fitted up for the race and then proceeded to Cowes. The visitor arrived on a dark night and it was not until dawn that the yachtsmen in the great fleet of English boats got a chance to size up the stranger. The Yankee craft was about as different from an English yacht as could be imagined, with her great beam and shallow hull, while the typical English cutter of the period was of the "plank-on-end" variety.

"She soon showed her mettle by defeating one of the fastest boats in a brush into Cowes and this achievement made it more difficult for her to arrange her races. At last, however, she was allowed to sail under the regulations of the Royal Yacht Squadron in the race around the Isle of Wight for a cup offered by the Royal Yacht Squadron. In those days, no allowances were made for tonnage, sail area, or anything else. All the boats, big or little, started off, and the one that came in first won. Eighteen yachts were entered, ranging from the little cutter Aurora, of forty-seven tons to the three-masted schooner Brilliant, of 392 tons, the America being a two-masted schooner of 170 tons. Fifteen of the yachts started.

"The America did not get off among the first, but before a third of the distance was traversed she had assumed the lead, and when the breeze freshened up she gained so decidedly that it was seen long before the end that the race was undoubtedly hers, barring an accident. Just as a big storm was settling down, the Yankee schooner crossed the line, winning from the whole English fleet of yachts, her time being eight hours and forty-seven minutes, while the second in the race could do no better than eight hours and fifty-eight minutes and the third one was over half an hour later in getting over the line.

"The cup won by the America Aug. 22, 1851, remained the property of the owners of the yacht until 1857, when they presented it to the New York Yacht club, providing that it should be offered as a trophy for a race with any challenging yacht of any foreign country for yachts of not less than 30 or more than 200 tons."

The America cup was known as the One Hundred Guinea cup. For nineteen years there was no challenger for the cup. The contests up to 1870 were not of sufficient interest to arouse much international enthusiasm, but in each case the American boat won. Since that year, however, the contests for the cup have enlisted the interest of the competing nations to an unusual degree and this year the contest will be of universal interest. The record of the contests from the beginning, the first boat mentioned in each case being America, is as follows:

1851—Aug. 22, around the Isle of Wight: America, 10:37:00; Aurora second.

1870—Aug. 8, New York Yacht club course: Magic, 3:58:21; Cambria, 4:37:38.

1871—Oct. 16, New York Yacht club course, Columbia, 6:19:11; Livonia, 6:56:45. Oct. 18, 20 miles to windward off Sandy Hook and return: Columbia, 3:07:43 3-4; Livonia, 3:18:15 1-2. Columbia disabled in third race. Oct. 19, Oct. 21, 20 miles to windward off Sandy Hook and return: Sappho, 5:39:02; Livonia, 6:00:24. Oct. 23, New York Yacht club course: Sappho, 4:16:17; Livonia 5:11:55.

1876—Aug. 11, New York Yacht club course; Madeleine, 5:23:54; Countess of Dufferin, 5:34:53. Aug. 12, 20 miles to windward off Sandy Hook and return: Madeleine, 7:18:40; the Countess of Dufferin, 7:46:00.

1881—Nov. 3, New York Yacht club course; Mischief, 4:17:09; Atalanta, 4:45:39 1-4. Nov. 10, 16 miles to leeward off Sandy Hook and return: Mischief, 4:64:53; Atalanta, 5:33:17.

1885—Sept. 14, New York Yacht club course; Puritan, 5:06:05; Genesta, 5:22:24. Sept. 16, 20 miles to leeward off Sandy Hook light and return; Puritan, 5:03:14; Genesta, 5:04:52.

1886 Sept. 9, New York Yacht club course; Mayflower, 5:26:41; Galatea, 5:38:43. Sept. 11, 20 miles to leeward off Sandy Hook light and return, Mayflower, 6:49:10; Galatea, 7:15:09.

1887—Sept. 27, New York Yacht club course; Volunteer, 4:56:18; Thistle, 5:12:41 3-4; Sept. 30, 20 miles to windward off Scotland light and return; Volunteer, 5:42:56 1-4; Thistle, 5:54:45.

1893—Oct. 7, 15 miles to windward off Sandy Hook light and return, Vigilant, 4:05:47; Valkyrie, 4:11:22. Oct. 9, triangular 30-mile course, first leg to windward; Vigilant, 2:25:01; Valkyrie, 3:35:35. Oct. 13, 15 miles to windward off Sandy Hook light and return: Vigilant, 3:24:39; Valkyrie, 3:-:25:19.

1895—Sept. 7, 15 miles to windward and return, east by south off Point Sandy Hook light, N.J.; Defender 4:57:55; Valkyrie III., 5:08:41. Sept. 11, triangular course, 10 miles in each leg; Valkyrie, 3:55:09; Defender, 3:55:56, won by Defender on a foul; Sept. 13, Defender sailed over the course and claimed cup and race; claim allowed.

The die is cast on the South African frontier. The plotting of Cecil Rhodes and Dr. Jameson have at last had its effect. They have sought favor with the imperial government by planning how the Transvaal can be overcome and added to the British dominion. The home government at first affecting an air of disinterested justice went so far as to inflict a slight punishment upon Dr. Jameson for his famous raid upon the Boer country but now the government officials have thrown aside their hypocrisy and come out openly for war against the Transvaal. No such thing as independence can be tolerated so close to a British colony. The spirit might spread and cause trouble and hence England has decided to send out a sufficient force to conquer the Boers. She has steadily refused to be conciliated by any concessions to the Uitlanders.

Edward Atkinson's pamphlets reached Manila and were distributed to the soldiers in spite of the censorship and the interdict of the postal authorities on this side. Thus the government machinery lent itself to the dissemination of treason. Strange, isn't it?

The Boston and Albany stockholders have procured the services of Richard Olney to find flaws in the proposed lease of the Boston and Albany. With Mr. Olney's assistance they may be able to upset the arrangement which is said to be defective in many important respects.

CRISP GOSSIP.

School days return soon.

August is over a third gone.

A temperance lecture is naturally a dry discourse.

We ought to have a good long Indian summer to make up for this.

A true gentleman calls women the greater, rather than the weaker sex.

Non-vacationists were glad they were at home the latter part of last week.

The doctor may be in business for his health, but he is in it for other people's.

Young women, go to West Australia. There are only 54,000 women in a population of 168,000.

Other women are the last ones to wonder that a man hates to encounter an angry woman.

The horse has one ray of hope left. Up to the present time no one has invented a motor plough.

The girl who can speak seven languages is less sought after than the girl who can hold her tongue in one.

Many farmers in the vicinity of Lowell are looking quite hopefully towards cutting a second crop of hay.

There seems to be a sort of tacit law permitting less fresh clothing on Saturday than on any previous day of the week.

The Prince of Wales holds the record as a godfather. He has acted in that capacity on no fewer than 75 occasions.

James Clark of Quincy, Ill., who celebrated his 109th birthday last week, is now the only bona fide oldest Mason in America.

Every day, extra freight trains are run over the Boston and Maine through Lowell and many orders are delayed owing to the scarcity of cars.

There's a church bell in the steeple,
There's a church bells in the choir:
The first to worship calls the people,
And the second calls them to admire.

At all times, but especially in hot weather when the water supply is low, every precaution should be taken to sterilize the water used for culinary purposes.

They have now taught a chimpanzee to play golf, announces an exchange. Pshaw! Chimpanzees have been playing it from the start at all the fashionable resorts.

Have you seen our new sign, "The Lowell Sun" over our building in Merrimack square? It will pay you to drop down town and see it. The largest gold-lettered sign in New England.

David Rankin of Tallio, Me., who is said to be the richest farmer in the world, made his beginning with no other capital than a horse. This he sold for $52, invested the money in calves, and bought an 80-acre farm. He is now at the age of 71, tall, athletic and raw-boned, with gray hair and beard, and keen blue eyes. He owns 25,000 acres of land, worth from $50 to $100 an acre.

Bull frog hunting is just now a favorite pastime with the small boys along the banks of Hale's brook on upper Chelmsford street and as the market price for the legs is high, they can earn plenty of money.

A Chicago man has been fined $2 for throwing a woman down two flights of stairs, yet there are people who insist that amusements are expensive in the breezy city at the foot of Lake Michigan.

A Pennsylvania professor has discovered that asphalt can be made out of red herring. If he can demonstrate that red herring can be made out of asphalt, he could turn an honest penny with the process.

Tewksbury sends large delegations over to the band concerts at North Billerica and a wag remarked that they can be picked out of the crowd by the fact that every blessed one of 'em is munching peanuts.

The wool and cotton reporter in its regular semi-annual tables shows that 116 new textile mills were built or begun in this country during the first six months of 1899 against 107 during the first six months of 1898. New Hampshire contributed one woolen mill to the total.

At the last meeting of the American Publishing Health association, Dr. S. H. Durgin, health officer of Boston, contended that bad gas fittings are more dangerous to health than bad plumbing. He said that the medical profession believed that many deaths are caused by slow poisoning from illuminating gas.

'Tis not for me to know just how the lilies blow,
With their white petals lifted to the light.
Just how they came to be,
From out what mystery
They were evolved, as morning follows night.
'Tis not for me to find the pathway of the wind,
As o'er the hills and valleys it doth sweep,
Soft as the breath of spring,
Fierce as a Viking king,
When from the northland comes the snow and sleet
'Tis not for me to look into God's open book,
And read the secrets of the vanished years,
Nor yet for me to see
Just what the end will be
And all the joys to greet us, or the tears.
'Tis not for me to tell where the freed spirits dwell,
Or to what land of beauty and of flowers
Our souls at last may go;
'Tis not for me to know,
But somewhere deathless life and love are ours

SUTHERLAND SISTERS' HAIR GROWER
Is the only preparation that will restore the hair to its original healthfulness.
AT ALL DRUGGISTS

Eczema.

Mr. H. T. Shobe, 2704 Lucas Ave., St. Louis, Mo., says: "My daughter had Eczema, which covered her head and spread to her face. She was treated by physicians and taken to celebrated health springs, but only grew worse. Many patent medicines were taken, but without result, until we decided to try S. S. S. A dozen bottles cured her completely and left her skin perfectly smooth. Not a sign of the dreadful disease has ever returned."

S.S.S. For The Blood

(Swift's Specific) is the only cure for Eczema, and all other obstinate blood diseases. Valuable books mailed free by Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

School Children

that were trouble with headaches last term should have their eyes examined this month, before entering upon the Fall Term. If glasses are needed, they should be fitted NOW.

OPTICIAN ROGERS,
138 Merrimack St.

LAST WEEK
GYPSY CAMP
32 Central St.

Butterine.

Send us $1.50 and we will deliver 10 pounds Butterine, at your house, express paid.

T. E. INGHAM, Nashua, N.H.

SUCCESS ASSURED

Interesting Study of Co-operation in England

How the Start Was Made—First Organized the Consumers, Then Started to Produce Co-Operatively—Burden of Accumulated Money

Some 80 miles northwest of London is the town of Kettering, a place of narrow and crooked streets, of houses very much of the same appearance, and nothing so far as historical setting or beautiful scenery is concerned to make it stand out from many other towns in England. It is, however, a noted place from an industrial point of view. In Kettering co-operation has been worked out. Large numbers of laborers own, manage and operate stores and factories. The same wages are paid as by private concerns and, in addition, the profits of the year divided among the members of the societies. The hours of labor are but eight. The management is in the hands of a man appointed by a committee elected by the workers. Such, in brief, is co-operation. The example in Kettering is worth closer attention.

Co-operation must be divided into two groups, consumers and producers. There is a close relation between them, and this relation has been clearly seen by the people of Kettering. One great reason why productive co-operation does not succeed is because there is no regular demand for the commodities of the producers. A society of laborers who have no trade connections will nearly always fail in productive enterprises for the reason that they have no way of ascertaining accurately the condition of the market or of bringing their goods before the public without great delay. The Kettering organizations saw this from the beginning. Instead of organizing productive societies they have spent their time and energy until the last ten years in thoroughly building up the consumers' co-operation and indirectly creating a market for the productive societies when they should come into existence.

The first co-operative society in Kettering dates its origin from the year 1865. At that time the town had a population of 6,500. Wages were very low, and the majority of workingmen had a severe struggle to make both ends meet. In the years just mentioned a few workingmen held several meetings and after discussing the situation unanimously decided to form a co-operative society. That was 34 years ago, and now this society possesses 21 stores, owns about $250,000 worth of property without incumbrance and does an annual trade of $700,000. So successful has it been that the members, now numbering about 5,000, two years ago voted to buy a farm, so that now all of the milk, eggs, butter and vegetables sold by the stores of the society are raised on the farm.

The society's method of doing business is interesting. It is necessary for each member to take £2 of capital stock. On the capital stock 5 per cent interest is paid, but this is by no means all the benefits secured by the member, or purchaser either for that matter. Anybody is allowed to buy at the shops of the society. For every purchase (no difference what the amount) a brass check is given, indicating how much the purchase was. At the end of the quarter the customer brings in his checks and receives a dividend on the amount of his purchase. This usually amounts to about 12 per cent. Each store is in the control of a storekeeper, who receives a salary and a commission on all sales above a certain amount. The people of Kettering now receive the best goods at the lowest price. The private dealer has in a large measure been driven out of business, so great has been the satisfaction of the people with the stores of the distributive society.

The success and the danger also of this enterprise are well indicated by a paragraph from a recent report, which I quote:

"A very important question was brought before the members at the last annual meeting. Notwithstanding the large amount of property belonging to the society—over 100 houses in addition to the business premises—we still had a surplus capital. A serious difficulty presented itself. Great difficulty was experienced in investing the money at anything like the 5 per cent paid to members. The committee did not feel justified in building to any further extent and was face to face with the question of what to do with the money. Two ways presented themselves—either some part of the capital must be returned to the members or a reduction in the rate of interest from 5 to 4 per cent must be allowed on shares. The committee recommended the members to adopt a reduction of interest. This, being put to the meeting, was carried unanimously. A further recommendation was passed that the committee be allowed, according to rules, to lend out money to members on freehold security at 4½ per cent interest, the capital to be repaid by installments. The members fully appreciated the scheme, and we are in hopes that the difficulty arising from surplus money has been overcome."

It is a matter well known to the managers of great insurance companies that large sums of money are very difficult to invest at a satisfactory interest. Although the sum spoken of above is not large, still the society has found it difficult to earn the 5 per cent upon it. If the policy of the society makes it possible for members to borrow at low rates and on comparatively good security, much indebtedness may be incurred that would hardly be justified. Money easily secured tends to large expenditure. And, on the other hand, the desire to earn interest on the funds of the society will prevent the use of funds in anything but remunerative enterprises. Such things as parks and trees are badly needed, but I saw no evidence of any attempts to beautify the town. The Industrial Co-operative society has a penny bank. Any one may make deposits with the bank. Here again interest is promised on the money deposited. The increase of such deposits means the necessity of earning more money and of making loans. Is there a limit to the possible development of such a society unless it is willing to forego more mercenary reward? This is the question the members will have to meet sooner or later. I am afraid that money expenditure without reward will not meet with great favor. The tendency at present is to pile up money faster than in the opinion of committees it can be utilized.

The first producers' co-operative society was not organized in the town until 1888. This was the Kettering Co-operative Boot and Shoe Manufacturing society. It was inspired by what the distributive society was doing in the town and by what was also being done in neighboring towns by the more advanced wing of the movement in the direction of producers' societies. In this firm the worker was not only entitled to take part in the management of the business, but also to share in the profit of his labor. The enterprise began with a capital of $2,000. This was judiciously invested in land. In time a factory was erected. At present the association occupies about a block of ground covered by a large building. In the ten years the capital has grown to $40,000 and the trade to $150,000 a year. The profits average about 12 per cent. In addition to their regular wages the members received nearly $10,000 last year.

The second of the three productive societies was established six years ago. The growth of this one has been phenomenal. I refer to the Clothing Manufacturing Co-operative society. This society occupies a large, well constructed building of four stories, well equipped with machinery. In it are employed about 200 hands, most of them women and girls. The capital is now $25,000 and the trade $55,000 a year. The bonus to labor reaches about $2,700 a year.

The third enterprise is a corset factory, employing about 100 men and girls. This society has only been in existence about a year, but in that time it has justified its existence by paying 4 per cent interest on the capital and giving a small bonus to labor. The business is increasing. The present year will undoubtedly see larger things done in this factory.

It is possible that the reader may have confused the idea underlying co-operation with that of profit sharing. In the enterprises spoken of above the laborers furnish the capital, carry on the management, receive the dividends on stocks and are paid the bonus on labor. If a man, say, owns $25 worth of stock in the boot and shoe society, he would receive $1 interest at the end of the year. In addition to this he would receive a certain portion of the profits besides his wages. If his wages were one three-hundredth of the total amount paid in a year and the profits amounted to $15,000 that year, his share would be $50. The wages are very low from the American standpoint. A dollar and a quarter is paid a girl of 15 for a week's work. A girl of 20 may receive $4 if she is an extra good hand. Men get as high as $7.50 per week. This is the best wage. House rent is low, clothing is fairly cheap, but meats and groceries are expensive. The standard of living is lower and the facilities of living far less than with us. But without the assistance of co-operation it was almost impossible for the workers to get anything ahead.

As has been intimated in the course of this article, the laborers manage the business. Twice a year a meeting is called in each of the different societies. The manager makes his reports and announces the dividends. Each laborer in the factory has one vote, no matter how many shares he owns or what his wages or position. The girl who receives $1.25 per week is on a par with the manager. The whole organization is extremely democratic. The general oversight of the business is in the hands of a committee elected by the members. This committee selects the manager. The manager may be removed by the committee. In my conversation with some of the managers they stated very positively that there should be some limitation upon voting power. They agreed with me that extreme democracy was a danger, but they were at the same time hopeless of any change in this part of the plan. Thus far the managers have been retained, and every facility in the power of the committees has been given them to advance the business.

Bright as is the showing noted above, all is not peace in co-operative circles. A good many years ago the Co-operative Wholesale society was organized to supply the various retail co-operative societies in different parts of England. This society has grown to immense proportions, it employs a vast capital and does a business of $10,000,000 a year. The managers of the wholesale found it necessary to manufacture many of their goods. In these new factories the principle of co-operation was not introduced. When the Kettering clothing and corset societies were started, the wholesale objected, although it did not make these things for itself. The managers of the wholesale said it must all be in the hands of this great society. There is no place for producers' co-operation. The wholesale refused to give the new organizations any business. This spirit in co-operation is the one grave difficulty. In the same way the laborers in a producers' society do not like to let new members in, for after a certain point is reached the enlargement of the business will not benefit the old members at all. In other words, the test of the future growth of co-operation depends upon the domination of selfishness or the spirit of help. I am sure in the long run the more generous spirit will rule.

Co-operation has done wonders for England, and it can do a great deal more. In America the growth has been slow. When it does come, any great growth must depend first upon the development of consumers' societies. These will make a market for products. Then in time the producers' organizations can be built up.—Professor F. L. McVey in Minneapolis Journal.

STATE LABOR AGENCIES.

How They Are Operated Under the Illinois Law—Three Chicago Offices.

The Illinois state board of statistics has formally opened three free employment offices in Chicago. Since the law went into effect on July 1, the superintendents of the various offices have been fitting up their quarters and getting ready for active business, until now the three sides of the city each has its "Illinois free employment office."

That such a department was needed and that it will be beneficial not only to the laborer, but to the employer, has already been demonstrated, although active operations have hardly been begun. The superintendents say that before they even had a sign in front of their offices to designate their business they had several applications from employers for help, which have increased from day to day.

The manner of conducting these agencies is specifically provided in the law, and the work throughout the state will be carried on systematically. Superintendents must report on Thursday of each week to the state bureau of labor statistics the number of applications for positions and for help received during the preceding week, and also those unfilled applications remaining on the books at the beginning of the week. The secretary of labor statistics shall in turn cause to be printed each week, showing separately and in combination, the lists received from each office and shall mail a list to each agency. A copy of these lists must also be mailed to the factory and mine inspectors in the state.

Under the law it is made the duty of the various superintendents to place themselves in communication with the principal manufacturers, merchants and other employers of labor in order that the co-operation of employers of labor may be obtained. To this end the superintendents are authorized to advertise in the daily papers such situations as they can fill, and they may advertise in a general way for the co-operation of large contractors and employers in trade journals or other publications which may reach such employers. The sum of $400 per annum is allowed superintendents for advertising purposes.

An applicant for employment must fill out a regular blank, giving name, address, kind of employment desired, number of people dependent upon him or her, the reason for lack of employment and a statement as to whether prevented from obtaining work for religious or other prejudicial reasons.

After an applicant for work is registered return postal cards will be used to carry out the object of the law. One of these cards will be sent to an applicant stating that there is an opening at a certain place. When the applicant visits the employer named, the return postal card must be returned to the employment office containing information as to whether or not the position has been accepted, and, if not, briefly stating the reasons. The employer will be likewise informed by postal card that an applicant will call on him, and it is required that he return the card, stating the disposition of the application.

Members of labor unions and those who were instrumental in the passage of the law are well satisfied with the outlook and believe that it will prove to be all that its supporters claim for it. The only opposition comes from the managers of employment agencies for hire, who must, under the new law, pay a license of $200 per annum and give a bond of $1,000. Violation of this provision of the law is made punishable by a fine of not less than $50 nor more than $100.

Not a Place For Laboring Men.

It seems to be the opinion of most who have been to the Philippines that the islands will not prove to be an inviting field for immigration, at least from the United States. The population already there is sufficient for such work as is likely to be undertaken whenever peace and order are restored. There is so much competition that wages are very low, were low under Spanish rule, and always will be low. There may be opportunity for capitalists to invest money, but they will be apt to employ native workmen for the most part. Reports from Japan say that large numbers of Japanese are preparing to go to the Philippines when peace comes. They perhaps may succeed. Thousands of them have flocked to Hawaii. Few workingmen of this country can compete with the orientals in an oriental climate. No workingman that has a living job here will do well to throw it up and seek another in Luzon.—Boston Herald.

The Union and Good Order.

In the investigation of the Colorado smelter strike by the state board of arbitration a smelter superintendent was asked by a member of the board:

"Did you ever have to deal with such a peaceable strike as this one?"

"No."

"Would the 800 men have been so quiet but for the existence of the union, do you think?"

"No, I guess not."

"Then the union is a pretty good thing for peace, isn't it?"

"Yes."



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You will be if you secure your furnishings at our store.
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WASH NECKWEAR.
Everything for the summer man's comfort is to be found in our large stock.
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Cor. Central and Middle Streets.

THE SUN EXTRA!

6 O'CLOCK

THE ASSASSIN'S AID

Invoked by the Conspirators Against Dreyfus



MAITRE LABORI.

The Prisoner's Counsel, Maitre Labori Shot and Fatally Wounded—The Assassins Made Their Escape—Great Excitement in Today's Trial

By Associated Press to The Sun.

RENNES, Aug. 14.—Two men ambushed Maitre Labori, counsel for Dreyfus, and one shot was fired, hitting Labori in the back. M. Labori fell in the roadway. He is still alive.

Maitre Labori left his house alone for the court about 6 o'clock this morning. His residence is situated in the suburb of the town about a quarter of an hour's walk from the Lycee, the route being along a solitary road beside the river Vilaine. He had reached a point half way on his journey when two men who had evidently been lying in wait for him rushed out of a narrow lane and one of them fired a single shot from a revolver.

The murderers were only a couple of yards behind their victim and the bullet struck Maitre Labori in the back. The wounded man uttered an agonized cry and fell flat on his face. The murderers immediately fled through the lane from which they emerged and both escaped. At 7.30 o'clock it was announced that the bullet had entered the stomach, that there was no outward bleeding, and that the physicians believe that M. Labori will die from the wound.

Only two or three laborers going to work saw the crime committed. The spot was well chosen, as the murderers could not be seen by Mr. Labori until they rushed out upon their victim, the entrance to the lane being hidden by bushes. Moreover, they were afforded an easy means of escape by passing back through the lane which led to the country.

One of the laborers named Patoux, who witnessed the shooting, said: "As I was passing along the road, I saw a tall man walking quickly in the direction of Rennes. He was on the tow path of the Vilaine. He was attired in a dark lounge suit and wore a bowler hat. It was M. Labori. Just as he reached the bridge crossing a stream falling into the Vilaine, two men about medium height and wearing dark suits and round, soft felt hats, emerged from a rural path entering the main road.

"One of them carried a heavy stick. They approached M. Labori from behind. Suddenly one drew a revolver and fired point blank at Labori. He was so near that it was quite impossible for him to miss. A sharp report was heard and M. Labori threw up his arms and crying 'Ho la la!' which is a common French exclamation, fell flat upon his face. I and one or two others who saw the deed ran up but the murderers had vanished down the lane. Help was immediately sent for and gendarmes quickly came and soon after Mme. Labori.

M. Labori, on falling, retained presence of mind enough to arrange his dark, morocco wallet in which he carried his papers, under his head for a pillow until his wife arrived, when he half raised himself and dropped his head in her lap.

A number of laborers who were unloading a barge of stones beside the river heard the shouts of "Murder!" "Stop him!" raised by the pursuers, and one of them placed himself in the way of the murderer, who covering him with a revolver shouted: "Let me pass. I have shot Dreyfus."

The man was so taken aback that he drew aside and allowed the assassin to proceed.

A LATER ACCOUNT.

RENNES Aug. 14. The following bulletin has been issued:

"Maitre Labori was shot from behind the ball penetrating the posterior region of the thorax on the right side at the height of the fifth or sixth dorsal vertebrae. The heavy flow of blood prevents for the moment exploration of the depth of the wound. The undersigned doctors hope that the ball is lodged in the muscles enveloping the vertebral column. They must, however, maintain today full reserve respecting the integrity of the lung and spinal cord."

The bulletin is signed by four doctors, Renaud, Reichs, Brissaud, and Vidal, and is timed at 8.20 o'clock this morning.

PEOPLE IN PANIC

Revolution in Puerto Plata Gaining Ground

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PUERTO PLATA, Aug. 14.—The people here are in wild panic. The revolution against the government is gaining ground. The situation is considered bad for the government. Forces of surgeons with drugs have gone from here to Monte Christi.

LATEST ENLISTMENTS

THREE MORE LOWELL MEN HAVE ENLISTED AT LAWRENCE.

At the recruiting office in Lawrence, Saturday Lieut. Grant stated that he would not be surprised to receive orders at any time, directing him to discontinue recruiting. He thinks the orders will be received before tomorrow anyway.

Among the latest enlistments are: Timothy O'Hare, 23 laborer, born and resides in Lowell.

Clinton Crowell, 22 operative, born at Hdye Park, Vt., resides at Lowell.

Frederick W. Lewis, 27, musician, of English birth, resides at Lawrence. He was principal musician of the 1st N. H. volunteers. He has seen service in India.

Frank D. O'Brien, 21, farmer, born in Gravesville, Wis., resides in Westford. Was with company C, 6th Massachusetts volunteers.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

GAMBLERS FINED

A Howard Street Party Also Fined

J. A. NASON CHANGED HIS NAME

A Big Grist of Drunks Disposed of

In the police court this morning, 30 drunks were arraigned before Judge Hadley. Six simple offenders were released on recommendation of Probation Officer Tuttle. John McNalb, Miles Mellen, John Hurley, Edward Reynolds, Michael Ketchum, James J. Campbell, Lawrence McAnney Alfred Dlyon, George Zeltus, Charles Kotsak and Joseph Rusecki were each fined $5. The following $6 each: Edward Davis, Sarah Davis, Richard J. Murphy, Cornelius B. Donovan, Edward F. Martel and Mary E. Buckley

James C. Cronin, James F. McGuirk and Daniel Coughlan were arrested on the Lawrence road in Dracut Saturday night, by Constable Vinal. They were charged with drunkenness, Cronin and Coughlin were each fined $10, and McGuirk was sentenced to jail for a term of four months. Patrick Kelly and David McGarr were also fined $10 apiece for drunkenness.

Mary E. Sullivan was placed on probation for six months, but her husband, Richard Sullivan, was not let off so easily. He was sent to the state farm at Bridgewater.

John F. Murphy, a third offender, was also sent to the state farm.

Wilbur E. Bickford, who claimed he came from the soldiers' home in Milwaukee, was fined $5 for drunkenness. Bickford said he is on a three months' furlough, and will have to report at the home in Milwaukee August 27. He came to Lowell a short time ago and purchased a boarding house in Second street. He later disposed of the boarding house. He got drunk Saturday night and he went into a house in Lawrence street and raised a row until Officer Keirnan arrived on the scene and placed Bickford under arrest.

Joseph Lavigne, Francis Lavigne and Severance Messor, charged with playing cards on the Lord's day, pleaded guilty and were fined each $10. Louis Bruns, Simon Strogoff, Samuel Richmond, Meyer Rubinstein and Benjamin Richmond were charged with being present at a game of cards on the Lord's Day. They were all four found guilty. Warshawsky Dunn, Bruns, Strogoff, Samuel Richmond and Benjamin Richmond were each fined $3. Rubinstein was fined $5, he having been before the court previously for playing cards on the Lord's Day.

Samuel Battrick was charged on two counts with larceny. He was charged with stealing a wagon valued at $11, the property of Simon Goldman, and also with stealing a horse, worth $125; the property of Meyer Rubenstein. E. Battrick pleaded guilty to the former charge, but not guilty to the latter. He was held in $200 on both charges till tomorrow for trial.

Joseph Intos, charged with being a stubborn child, was placed on probation.

The case of J. A. Nason receiving money under false pretences was called.

The defendant said Nason was not his proper name. He said his name was Charles Pembleton. The court continued his case until tomorrow the defendant being held in $500.

WITH THE POLICE

Thirty Drunks Taken in on Saturday

SUNDAY CARD PLAYERS ROUNDED UP

Liquor Taken From Middlesex Tavern

There were 30 drunks gathered in by the police during Saturday night and Sunday, while several were taken in on other complaints.

Lieutenant Brosnan and Officers Frank Fox and Con. Howard descended upon a tenement house occupied by Hebrews, 142 Howard street, last evening, breaking up a quiet game of cards. A woman who attempted to warn the card players was just a moment too late and the appearance of the officers caused a general stampede. Those arrested were Isaac Warshawsky, Charles Dunn, Benjamin Richmond and Meyer Rubenstein. One of the party stated that he had just come from Westford and had gone into the room to see one of the men. Several packs of cards were seized.

MIDDLESEX TAVERN RAIDED.

Inspectors Donaldson, Goodwin, and Maher and Officer O'Connell visited the old Middlesex Tavern in Middlesex Village and seized six cases of beer, three jugs of whiskey and a bag of empty beer bottles which they took to the station house.

Miss May Corcoran and Miss Josephine Dempsy will spend their vacation at Nantasket for two weeks.

Mr. William Barnaby of A. G. Pollard & Co.'s, is doing the beaches.

CONFESSES AGAIN

Esterhazy Declares He Wrote the Bordereau

TO BE USED AGAINST DREYFUS

Proofs of Guilt Existed Against Dreyfus

BUT THEY COULD NOT BE USED

As Certain Persons Would be Compromised

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Aug. 14 In the Evening News today Major Count Esterhazy again tells the "real truth" in regard to the Bordereau in the Dreyfus case, saying that he wrote it.

"The document, he alleges, was intended to serve as a substantial basis for an accusation against Dreyfus, who had been suspended a long time and against whom there had already existed a number of grave proofs of guilt, which, however, could not be used without compromising certain persons whom it was imperiously necessary to keep in the back-ground altogether.

GIRL DISAPPEARED

Went to Chicago to Go on the Stage

SHE WAS ADVISED TO GO HOME

May Have Lost a Million Dollar Fortune

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, Aug 14—Miss Bessie Colby a beautiful girl of 19, whose home is at Exeter, N. H. has mysteriously disappeared and probably lost a million dollar fortune that a relative intended to leave to her. She disappeared last Friday and since then the police have vainly tried to find her. She was without money, friends or knowledge of the city and the anxiety of her relatives is intense.

She left the home of a relative, John A. Colby at Windsor park, Friday morning, telling Mrs. Colby she would return in time to board the evening train for the east.

To a domestic she said: "I am going down town but am not going to leave Chicago. I am going to seek employment."

When night came a message was received, saying: "I am all right; I have secured employment. Don't worry."

TERRIBLE HEADER

WHEELMAN'S WILD RIDE DOWN THORNDIKE STREET HILL.

George Laporte, of Westford, had a bad fall from his bicycle on Middlesex street yesterday afternoon about 2.15 o'clock. He was coming down the Thorndike street hill at a rapid pace, and when his wheel struck the car tracks on Middlesex street he took a terrible header, striking the pavement on his head. He did not move for some time and was bleeding when picked up.

Alvin Peterson, aged 15 years, residing on New Fletcher street was brought to his home in the ambulance from Chelmsford yesterday. While jumping from a hay loft Friday, he received internal injuries and his condition was such that his removal was necessary.

ARRESTED IN FALL RIVER

Inspector Allen had another trip Sunday after a wayward Lowell man. Fall River was his destination and Samuel Battrick, a Hebrew was his victim. Samuel was brought back to Lowell and is booked for larceny. The allegation against him is that he entered the employ of a local Hebrew and was sent out with his employer's team. Instead of doing business he disposed of the outfit and departed. The team was subsequently recovered.

COLLECTION OF GARBAGE

The collection of garbage by the health department employes averages about 17 loads a day and sometimes runs as high as 19 loads a day.

Much time and labor are saved now by sending an extra team to meet the wagons filled with garbage at a certain point. This allows the regular men to continue with the work of collection, instead of compelling them to drive the load to the yard and then take out an empty wagon.

MARRIAGE INTENTIONS.

The latest marriage intentions recorded at the city clerk's office are as follows Joseph Nee to Rosedina Neault and Nathan Howarth to Sarah A. Dunkerly.

BISHOP ALLEN PREACHED.

Rt. Rev. Edward P. Allen, D. D., bishop of M[illegible], was the [illegible] at the 9 o'clock [illegible] at St. [illegible]'s church Sunday. He also preached a short sermon. Bishop Allen, as a boy, was a parishioner of St. Peter's and the people are always glad to welcome him.

HOWE FUNERAL

Was Very Largely Attended This Afternoon

SERVICES CONDUCTED BY REV. MR. BILLINGS

Singing by the Apollo Male Quartet

The funeral of the late Edward B. Howe took place this afternoon from 210 High street. Among the large attendance present were prominent business and professional men and members of Kilwinning Lodge of Masons and other fraternal organizations with which the deceased was formerly connected.

Services were impressively conducted in the Talbot Memorial Chapel, Lowell cemetery by Rev. C. T. Billings, pastor of the Unitarian church. The Apollo male quartette, Messrs. Burns, Sturtevant, Wirt and Foster, feelingly and effectively rendered favorite hymns of the departed one.

There were many beautiful floral tributes. The interment was in charge of Mr. J. B. Currier and the pall bearers were: Messrs L. A. Derby, Frank Weaver, Charles W. Eaton, James F. Savage, Frank K. Stearns and Arthur Murkland.

DOBBINS—The funeral of the late Rosanna Dobbins took place this forenoon from St. Peter's church and was very largely attended. A requiem mass was celebrated by Rev. W. George Mullen and the choir was under the direction of Mr. James E. Donnelly.

Mrs. Josephine R. McKennedy presided at the organ. The solos of the mass were rendered by Director Donnelly and Miss Louise McLaughlin. The interment was in the Catholic cemetery, under direction of Undertaker Rogers and the pall bearers were: Messrs Jas. Sheridan, Edward Black, John Barry, John Slavin, William Gaunt, and M. McKenna.

NERNEY—The funeral of Thomas N. Nerney, son of Owen and Nora Nerney, took place yesterday afternoon from 2 Seventh street. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery, Undertaker O'Donnell in charge. The attendance was very large, many being present from out of town. There were many beautiful and costly floral tributes.

WELCH—The funeral of Thomas Welch, who died in Chelsea Friday took place Saturday afternoon. The interment was in the Catholic cemetery under direction of Undertaker Rogers.

LAHIFF—The funeral of Ann Lahiff was held Saturday afternoon from the home of her parents 4 Varney avenue. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery. Undertaker O'Donnell in charge.

SWEENEY—The funeral of Bridget G. Sweeney took place yesterday afternoon from the home of her parents, Patrick and Mary, 5 Clark street. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery, Undertaker O'Donnell in charge.

FLYNN—The funeral of William Flynn, late overseer in the Lowell Machine shop took place yesterday afternoon from his late home, 997 Central street. Services were held at 3.30 o'clock in St. Peter's church. Rev. M. Ronan, pastor, read the burial service. The final absolution was given at the grave in the Catholic cemetery by Rev. Edward Saunders. The bearers were John Sullivan, Frank O'Neil, Edward W. Kelly, John McOwen, Patrick Shanley and Thomas Lee. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery. Undertaker Rogers in charge.

The deceased was very widely known and popular in the community, having formerly been a member of the Young Men's Catholic Library association, and was for a long time connected with the old St. Peter's church choir as a tenor singer.

BIRD—The funeral of Fanny M. Bird took place yesterday afternoon from the home of her parents, Henry E. and Mary A. Bird, 12 Maple street. Rev. Mr. Brown, acting pastor of the Blossom street church officiated. The interment was in the Edson cemetery under the direction of Undertaker C. M. Young.

COCKERILLE—The funeral of Henry Cushing Cockerille took place yesterday afternoon from his late home, 9 Shaffer street, Rev. George A. Howell acting pastor of the Eliot church officiating. The interment was in the Edson cemetery under the direction of Undertaker J. B. Currier.

DEATHS.

READY—Elizabeth Ready, aged 25 years and wife of William Ready died Sunday afternoon at her home in North Billerica. Besides a husband deceased is survived by her parents, one child and two brothers, Richard and Roland Conway of North Billerica. The funeral will take place tomorrow morning from her home in North Billerica.

CURRAN—Mrs. Ann Curran, aged 76 years, died last night at 171 Crosby street. The deceased is survived by one son, Bernard Curran.

CHILD'S BODY

FOUND UNDER AIKEN STREET BRIDGE TODAY.

The body of a female child was found floating under Aiken street bridge at 11 o'clock this morning by a boy named Joseph Peart. It was recovered and turned over to Undertaker Brooks. There is no clue to the parties guilty of placing the body in the river. It is not known how the child came to its death. It is supposed to have been alive when born.

IN PROVIDENCE, R. I.

Master Edward Heelon of 203 Pleasant street, has gone to spend a few weeks with his uncle, Mr. Edward F. Heelon, in Providence. During his stay he will visit Silver Spring, Narragansett Pier, Newport, R. I., and other summer resorts. He expects to captain a juvenile base ball team while there, as "Eddie" is quite a ball player.

Eye-sight by Absorption. Dr. Taylor.

Everybody Has a Desire to Dress Neat and Clean.

And no matter how careful we are sometimes get our clothing soiled and that makes us look shabby. It is not necessary to purchase a new suit of clothes on that account. Bring your suit to the

BAY STATE Dye Works

On Prescott Street,

and they will cleanse them for you, removing all stains and for a small cost will make them look as good as new. Remember the place

54 Prescott Street.

BAY STATE DYE WORKS.

FITS CURED

(From U. S. Journal of Medicine)

Prof. W. H. Peeke, who makes a specialty of Epilepsy has without doubt treated and cured more cases than any living Physician; his success is astonishing. We have heard of cases of 20 years' standing cured by him. He publishes a valuable work on this disease which he sends with a large bottle of his absolute cure, free to any sufferer who may send their P.O. and Express address. We advise anyone wishing a cure to address, Prof. W. H. PEEKE, F. D., 4 Cedar St., New York.



or Know Thyself Manual.

A 32 page pamphlet by a Humanitarian and eminent medical author.

This is a unique Vade Mecum of Medical Science for MEN ONLY, whether married, unmarried, or about to marry; young, old or middle-aged. Price [illegible] by mail, sealed; sent free for 30 days. Address the Peabody Medical Institute, No. 4 Bulfinch St., Boston, Mass., Chief Consulting Physician, graduate of Harvard Medical College, class 1864, Surgeon 5th Mass. Reg. Vols., the most eminent specialist in America, who ALWAYS CURES Where Others Fail. Consultation in person or by letter, 9 to 6; Sundays 10 to 1.

The fame the Peabody Medical Institute has attained has subjected it to a test which only a meritorious institution could undergo.—Boston Journal.

The Peabody Medical Institute has many imitators, but no equals.—Boston Herald.

FOR SALE.

A fine, well built double house, modern improvements, fine garden, lots of fruit trees, 8,000 square feet of land, excellent opportunities for more buildings, a first class investment. For sale on account of owner going away. Inquire at

96 South Whipple Street.

Boston & Maine Railroad

Corrected to June 26, 1899. Trains leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 5.44, 6.25, *6.42, *7.15, *8.50, *9.15, *10.[illegible] a m; 1.10, [illegible], 4.25, [illegible] p m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a m.

Trains leave Middlesex Street Station Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 5.45, 6.24, [illegible], w6.50, 7.01, *7.21, *7.25, [illegible] p m. SUNDAYS, 7.01, 7.25, 8.15, [illegible] a m; 12.05, 1.35, 4.25, 5.58, 8.45 p m.

For Lawrence and Haverhill, 6.28, w6.50, [illegible], 10.05, w10.50 a m; w12.05, [illegible] p m. SUNDAYS 8.15 a m, 12.35, 5.30, 8.45 p m.

For stations between Reading and Boston, western division, 6.50, 9.35, 10.50 a m; 12.05, [illegible] p m. SUNDAYS, [illegible] p m.

For Salem, Mass. w6.50, 9.35 a m; w12.05, 1.28, [illegible] p m.

For Newburyport, Amesbury and Portsmouth, [illegible] p m.

For Haverhill, [illegible] p m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a m; 12.35, 5.30, 7.25 p m.

For Salisbury, Newburyport, Hampton, North Hampton, Portsmouth and stations on York Harbor R. R., 2.50 p m., July 3 to Sept. 4 inclusive.

For Exeter and Dover 6.23, 6.50, z7.31, 8.50 a m; 12.05, 3.55, 6.15 p m. SUNDAYS, x8.15, 5.30 p m.

For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a m; 12.05, 3.55 p m.

For S. Berwick, N. H. Saco, Old Orchard, and Portland, 4.28, 6.50, z7.24, 8.50 a m; 12.05, 3.55, 6.15 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.

For Lewiston, Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 6.50, 8.50 a m; 12.05, 6.15 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.

For Bangor, Belfast, Skowhegan and Rockland, 8.50 a m; 6.15 p m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.

For St John's, N B, Halifax, N S, Montreal and Quebec, 6.50 a m; 5.35 p m (5.35 does not run Saturdays.) SUNDAYS, 5.30 p m.

For Eastport and St John, (via steamer from Portland) on Mondays, and Friday at 12.05 p m.

For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgwick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport, (via steamer Frank Jones from Portland,) Tuesday and Friday at 5.35 p m.

For Woburn, 6.58, 7.04, 7.24, *7.38, 11.02 a m; 1.41, 1.88, 3.45 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a m; 1.35, 5.58 p m.

For stations between Winchester and Boston, southern Division, [illegible] p m. SUNDAYS, [illegible] p m.

For Ayer Junction and Way-stations, 7.10 a m; 12.05, 5.53 and 5.52 p m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 p m.

For Amherst, Milford and Wilton, 9.12 a m; 1.00, [illegible], 7.40 p m. SUNDAYS, 2 p m.

For Greenfield, Peterboro, Bennington, Hillsboro and Keene, 9.59 a m and 5.40 p m. SUNDAYS to Hillsboro, 2 p m.

For Nashua, Manchester and Concord, [illegible] p m. SUNDAYS, [illegible] p m.

For Tilton, Lebanon and White River Junction, [illegible] p m.

For Warren, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, N. H., Claremont and Claremont Junction, [illegible] p m, Saturday only till August 26th inclusive.

For St Johnsbury, and Lyndonville, via Wells River, [illegible] p m.

For Montpelier, Essex Junction, Burlington, St Albans, St Johns and Montreal via the Central Vermont Line, [illegible] a m; *12.12, [illegible] p m.

For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line, [illegible] p m.

QUEBEC EXPRESS, via Plymouth and Sherbrooke, [illegible] p m.

Reference: *Express. †Daily. w Via Western Division. ‡Wednesdays and Saturdays only. z Via Medford. x Via Wilmington Junction. s To Exeter only.

D. J. FLANDERS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent. D. C. TAFT, Gen Agt, Lowell.

BLOOD POISON

Primary, Secondary and Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guarantee. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills and no charge if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide, potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous patches in mouth, sore throat, pimples, copper colored spots, ulcers on any part of the body, hair or eyebrows falling out, it is this secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guarantee. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 1653 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill.

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Largest Most Complete Sulphur Bathing Establishment in the United States.

SHARON HOUSE, Open June 1 To Oct. 1

B. P. Sharp & Sons, Prop's. Pamphlets on application.

Hammocks

All sizes and styles. 50c. to $6.00 each. Hammocks, hooks, ropes, etc.

Ice Cream Freezers

The White Mountain; in all sizes. 1 to 25 quarts.

Ice Cracks, Picks, Lemon Squeezers.

BARTLETT & DOW

216 CENTRAL STREET.

Peter J. Brady, Grocer.

NEW STORE:

Cor. Gorham and South Highland Streets.

Choice Teas, Coffees, and Spices

Try our New Brands of Flour, the Best in the City, "The King Arthur," "Crown of Gold," and "Banquet."

Roachsault

Perfect Remedy for

Ants, Cockroaches, Water-Bugs, etc.

Has No Equal.

Clean, Odorless, Harmless, No trouble to use.

W. T. S. Bartlett

The Up-Town Hardware Store,

653 MERRIMACK STREET.

We have just received Samples of Suitings for the Fall and Winter Trade, and in our judgment, they are the finest looking goods that have ever come to the city.

Call at A. M. BERTRAND,

The Fashionable Tailor,

24 MIDDLE STREET.

No trouble to show goods.

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Gas Light Company

Office, 2 Shattuck St. Cor. Middle

SEWELL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; E. E. RAYMOND, Clerk.

DIRECTORS—Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cumnock, George R. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, Edward N. Burke.

Price of Gas with the discount off for prompt payment, is

$1.00 ONE THOUSAND FEET.

First class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. Coke Hole, screened and delivered at $4.50 per chaldron, $2.50 per half chaldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

PETER H. SAVAGE.

Undertaker and Funeral Director

169 WORTHEN STREET.

Telephone connection 464-3. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

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BAKERS,

Are working night and day to supply the demand for their celebrated Cream Bread and Cake It is admitted by everybody that has used it, to be the best on the market. Watson's bakery supplies can be had at almost any well regulated grocery store. Call for Watson's and take no other.

PETER WATSON'S Home Made Bakeries,

52 to 60 Charles St.,

46 Lawrence St.

THE

STANDARD BOTTLING CO.

Is doing the largest business that they have ever done since they have been in business. There is one good reason for this, and that is that their

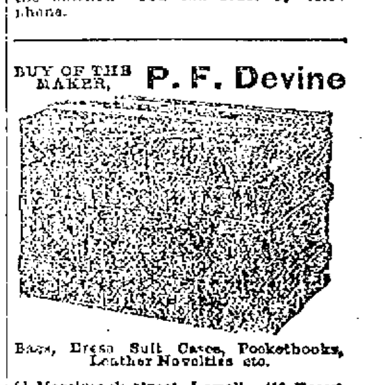
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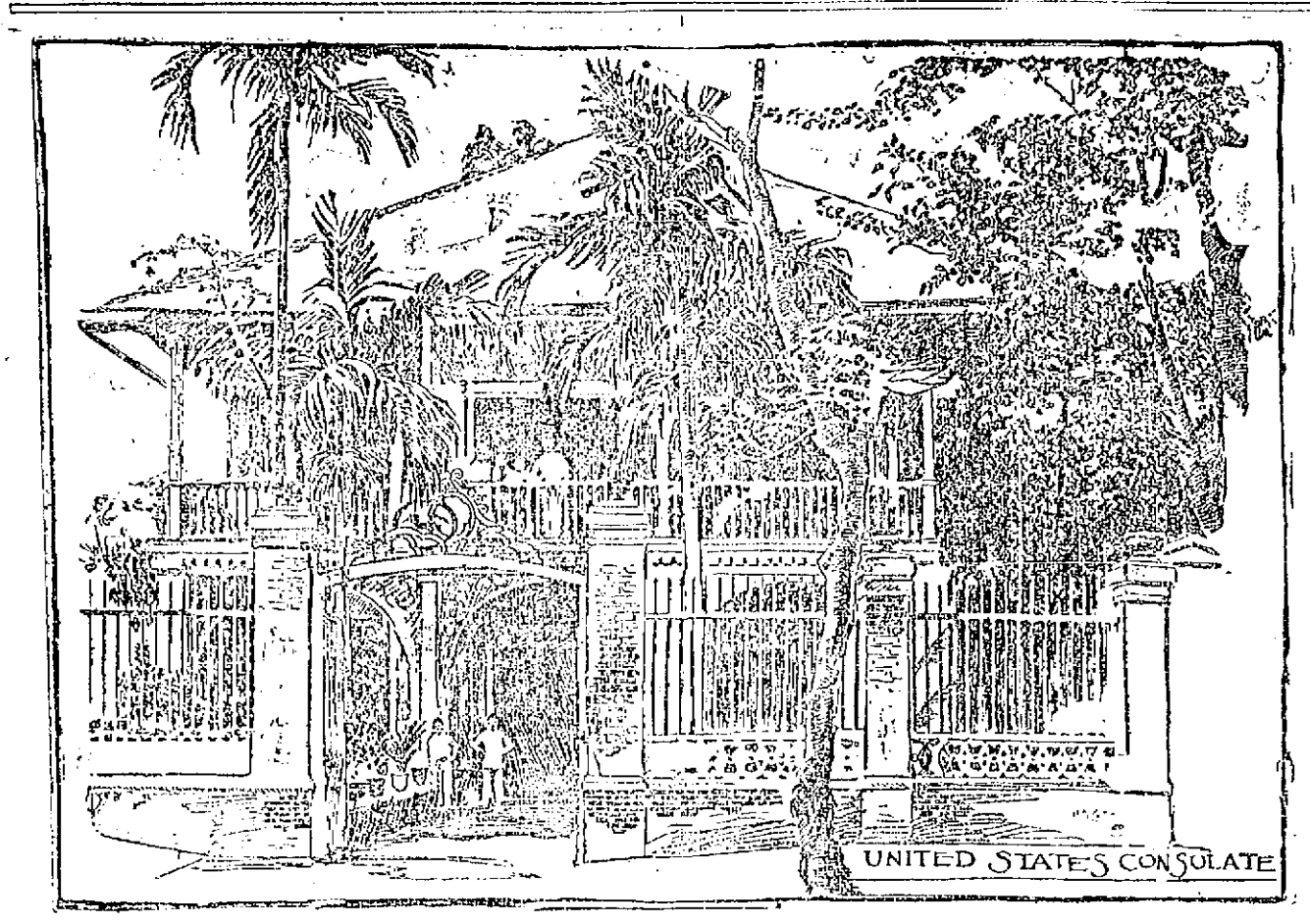
are the correct thing to have in the house when the weather is so warm. Just order a case, and see if you will not say that it is the best investment you have made this summer. The Standard Bottling goods are the best on the market. You can order by telephone.

BUY OF THE MAKER, P. F. Devine



Bags, Dress Suit Cases, Pocketbooks, Leather Novelties etc.

64 Merrimack street, Lowell. 410 Essex Street, Lawrence.



A POST IN THE PHILIPPINES IS A PLEASANT ONE, FOR THE HOUSES ARE VINE-CLAD AND GREAT TROPICAL TREES REAR THEIR HEADS OVER THE HOUSE TOPS, GIVING SHADE AND BEAUTY.

WITH THE FILIPINOS IN THE PHILIPPINES.

Our Correspondent Describes the Condition of the Islands and Suggests Speedy Termination of the Revolution.

When the United States accepted the Philippines as one of its new colonial possessions it annexed a veritable hornet's nest that will continue to cause trouble for the government until every revolutionist has been thoroughly thrashed, individually as well as collectively.

For generations the natives of the Philippines have been in a state of revolt. They have formulated rebellions that have been nothing more than revolts against a particularly unpopular Governor, and they have inaugurated revolutions against the government as a whole.

In fact, it might be said that the history of the islands has proved that the people absolutely will not be controlled, and no one who has met them in their own land can feel surprised that such a condition of affairs has existed, for it cannot be denied that as a rule they are the least intelligent of our new colonists.

Of course there are intelligent and well-educated Filipinos, men and women who would compare favorably with many more civilized races, but they do not compose the mass and life of the inhabitants of the islands, who are savages pure and simple.

They may wear American clothing and may affect European airs, but they cannot conceal the savagery that is the controlling characteristic in their make up. Such people had rather fight than be at peace, for to fight means a long excursion for them—an excursion during which they will be provided with food and plenty of excitement, and occasional fatalities have no more effect upon them than upon any other savage people.

While it is true that there are men connected with the revolutionary cause who have intelligence enough to formulate a certain form of government, there are comparatively few such men, and the past has shown that even they are most corruptible. To place the government in their hands, therefore, would be to leave the islands at the mercy of a lot of half-breeds, and we should be kept busy in putting down the revolutions that they would certainly start among themselves.

The actual fact is that it will be years before they are competent to govern themselves, and the government is wise in attempting to keep control of the islands as long as it is determined to own them.

THE WAR.

What is needed, however, is a more aggressive policy on the part of the military officials in charge of affairs here, for a revolution that exists in the mountains and forest jungles is just as much to be dreaded as if it were being carried on in the streets of Manila.

A few months ago the natives of the Philippines had a great deal of respect for the American Government. They had seen Admiral Dewey destroy the Spanish fleet and the defenses in a few hours. They knew that other naval and military commanders had been just as successful in other parts of the world, and it required considerable nerve to put themselves in opposition to such a power.

That they have succeeded so well in their conflict against us, however, has given them new courage, and the longer we put off the extermination of the revolutionary army the more difficult it will be to conquer them at last. Our mistake has been in not sending a sufficient force to put down the rebellion in a few weeks, for the opinion that now prevails is that we are a very much over-estimated nation.

What we must do—if expansion is to be our policy, wise or otherwise—is to inaugurate a new system of warfare that will result in the complete downfall of Aguinaldo and his party, for the only way in which we can have peace on the islands is to overwhelm the native leaders with defeat and drive them from the country.

If they are permitted to remain we shall simply have a series of revolutions that will keep us in hot water all the time, but if they are disposed of, quiet may at last be obtained.

While this may not agree with the opinions of some American people, it is the truth of the matter, and it would be better for us to withdraw entirely and leave the islanders to work out their own destruction than to adopt any other course.

The natives of the Philippines are composed of two distinct classes, the annexationists and the independents. To the former belong the well-to-do people of the islands, who realize that their lives and property would be safe only under such a government as the United States would give them. To the latter belong the shiftless natives, who have nothing to lose and everything to gain by self-government. Of course there are exceptions, but they are very rarely found. The former class represents the intelligence of the islands, the latter the ignorance.

A more good-natured, credulous, lazy individual than the pure-blooded Tagal it would be difficult to imagine. Long years of oppression have left their stamp upon him until to-day he has no desire for prosperity, and is satisfied with a manner of existence that even a Chinaman would scorn.

If left to himself he would be harmless enough, but he is so simple minded that he can easily be imposed upon by the half-breed men, who believe that independence would enable them to gain control of affairs, a condition that would result in considerable financial profit to themselves. Of course these classes only exist in the cities and towns of the islands. In the interior are the savages that constitute such a large part of the revolutionary army—savages who have not learned to wear clothing, and who do not know what they are fighting about.

Manila as a city is a surprise to Americans who see it for the first time. For some reason they have learned to expect a semi-barbarous condition, and they are astonished to see the large commercial buildings, the magnificent residences, the well-paved and well-kept streets and the beautiful drives that have made Manila a comfortable and rather pleasant place of abode.

What makes the city more picturesque, however, is that here are blended the civilization of the West—Europe of the sixteenth century and the Asia of today. There are the cathedrals, the monasteries and the convents, the religious processions, the pageants of old Spain, and by their side the modern buildings of the great commercial houses. It is said that before the arrival of the American soldiers dirt and filth predominated everywhere, but these conditions have now been largely overcome, and whatever may be said of General Otis as a military commander—and many uphold him—he is certainly an able sanitary official.

His work in this respect will be confined to the streets, however, for the people have no need for any instruction on this point. He they ever so careless about their streets, they themselves are models of cleanliness. Every morning they bathe thoroughly, and if the tubs in which they perform their ablutions are used as receptacles for food later in the day, it must be said that they have been carefully cleansed in the mean time.

The popular native attire is not only comfortable, but clean and picturesque. It consists of a white suit of thin material, and shoes are never worn. In front of each house, however lowly, a bowl of water and a bunch of hemp are always found, and here the people always stop to wash their feet before crossing the threshold.

THEIR DRESS.

The mode of attire adopted by the Europeans is just as thoroughly in keeping with the requirements of the country, the men wearing white duck suits, without collar, and thin silk underwear, white pith helmet and canvas shoes the year round. The Spaniards, who still remain, and the Mestizo, or half-breed-native, go in for more gorgeous raiment.

As a rule the Filipino women are attractive, and many of them are really beautiful. They love jewelry, and are fond of display, and while never wearing hats or gloves, their clothing is often of the finest texture, beautifully embroidered and trimmed with the most magnificent lace. The better class of women wear shoes, but this is a luxury that is practically unknown among the poorer classes.

From a business point of view things in Manila have long been at a standstill. The trouble is that the native merchants have been unable to grasp the situation. The large business houses have recovered from the effects of the blockade, and are doing their best to bring the smaller dealers to their senses. The latter, however, have devoted their time to long discussions as to the advisability of going out of business, and their fears have not been assuaged by the fact that the more ignorant of the Chinese and Spanish merchants have done nothing but talk of going home ever since the war ended.

Of late, however, there has been an influx of hustlers from the United States, and they are going ahead to make money in a manner that is simply astounding to the old shop keepers whose antiquated methods of doing business seem ridiculous to one who is familiar with American habits of trade.

In the past it has been their practice to send an inventory of their stock to Spain twice a year. There the inventory has been gone over and the articles that seemed to be needed have been sent back.

If in a few weeks any particular article has been sold out the merchant has not sent for a new supply, but has waited patiently for the semi-annual stock-taking. The newly arrived American has not been bound by an such rules. He has felt the pulse of the market just as he has been in the habit of doing, and then has cabled for the goods that could not be obtained in other stores. As the result he is making money, and the other merchants are dazed by this exhibition of enterprise.

I suppose that in time the American merchant and his clerk will be just as lazy as others who have been doing business here for years, but at present he is industrious enough. He devotes his entire day to his business and hurries about the streets on foot just as if he were still in the United States.

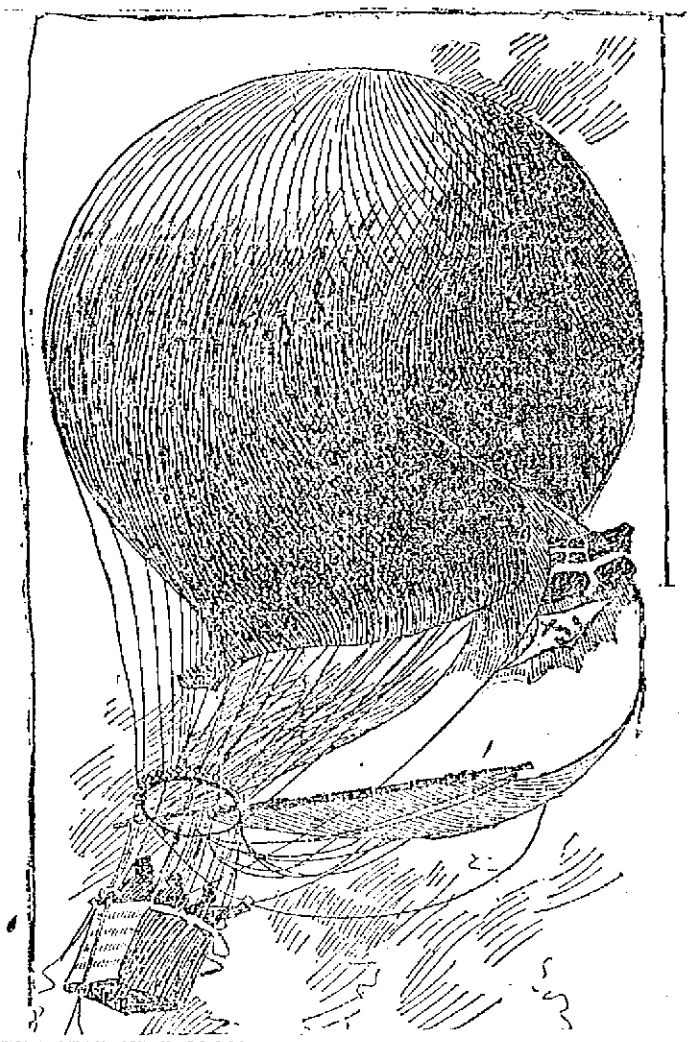
The foreign and native merchants, however, provide a striking example of the laziness that is inspired by the climate. They never walk a step outside of their offices. Generally their carriage stands at the door, but if not they call one of the cabs, of which there are so many in every street. The hours that are devoted to business are also a matter for surprise to the hustler who has been used to American ways. In Manila men go to their work at daylight and remain until noon, when they rest for two or three hours, returning to work till five o'clock. It has always been the practice to give each employee one year's vacation out of each seven as a "home leave." Besides this he is entitled to one month's vacation each year, to a good holiday each month, and no one in Manila would think of working on a Sunday or a saint's day.

As the result there have been about 130 days in each year on which the people have done no work, and while American competition may compel a change in this method of procedure, it is predicted that, instead, the Americans themselves will soon come to accept the conditions that have prevailed for so long, and that after they have become acclimated they will be no more anxious to perform mental or manual labor than the natives themselves.

While the wages for ordinary labor in Manila are very low, comparatively large salaries are paid to persons who hold good positions in the mercantile houses. The ordinary salaries range from $2,500 to $5,000 a year, and each employee is also provided with lodgings, a mess allowance sufficient to meet ordinary living expenses, medical attendance and all traveling charges.

To the American business men whom I have interviewed the outlook in Manila seems very bright. There is a good market here and plenty of money, and modern goods have never been introduced.

GEORGE ALFRED EDWARDS.



THE STEVENS BALLOON AS IT WILL APPEAR WHEN CARRYING PASSENGERS FROM ONE SECTION OF THE GROUNDS TO ANOTHER.

BALLOON FOR THE PARIS EXPOSITION.

Leo Stevens, the Great Aeronaut Describes the Wonderful Passenger Air Ship.

If the concession can be obtained from the Paris Exposition, I propose to establish there, with my assistant, La Strange, the host—in fact, the only aerial road that has ever been successfully operated between two long distance points.

The great difficulty in managing the grounds of the Paris Exposition will be, I am told, the transportation of the people. The grounds lie on opposite sides of the Seine, and boats and bridges will be packed at all hours. Many persons desiring to visit the old side of the river will be prevented on account of the stream of people pouring across the bridges. In this way valuable traffic will be prevented from passing over.

The mode of aerial transit which I have in mind is entirely novel. It is that of an electric balloon run on cables from a power house.

The balloon, which is fastened to an endless cable by powerful rings, is run up from the power house and is drawn across the cable by means of a taking cable operated by compressed air. There will be three balloons, each to have a capacity of 1,000,000 cubic feet of hydrogen gas, which will carry twelve to fifteen passengers each. These run along through the passenger stations, where they are pulled down by a windlass, which is operated in a manner similar to the ferryboat windlass, which is understood by all. It occupies about seven weeks for the building of each balloon.

THE TRIP.

After the car is filled with passengers the balloon which supports it rises again by means of the windlass, and soon as it has reached the cable it starts along the aerial roadway to its destination. It can travel very rapidly, nothing as swift as a balloon being known—not even cars or boat. The balloon can cross the Seine or it can run the full length of the Exposition grounds to the stations. It is likely that stations will be placed at the four corners of the grounds and the balloons sent along the aerial line from one station to another, stopping at each until it has gone entirely around the grounds. Owing to the inexpensive method of operation the cost of transportation will be very small.

The method of getting up a balloon in these days is entirely different from former methods. In old days they made a balloon of silk and coated it with a varnish. Even the Andre balloon was made in this crude way, and it was found, of course, to lose a certain amount of air all the time.

But the balloons which I am making for the Exposition are of cloth, which is cut into segments, as many segments being cut as are required for the balloon, which is about seventy feet in height. The pieces are dipped in a solution of boiled rubber, which is scarcely thicker than oil. The rubber is so offensive when it is being boiled that I have been obliged to remove my factory to New Jersey in order to operate my works properly. Another reason for the removal of the rubber is its high degree of explosiveness when going through the boiling process, this fact barring it from all city limits.

After the segments are dipped in rubber they are cooled, becoming hard, yet not too hard to be appliable. They are now sewed together, and after they are all fitted nicely in shape the balloon is inflated with hydrogen gas and is tied to the ground.

The hydrogen gas which will be used is a very powerful material, and has five times the lifting power of illuminating gas. After the balloon is inflated with this wonderful fluid, it is coated with a solution of rubber and oil, which is put on with a big, soft brush. The oil immediately hardens and becomes a part of the balloon.

It is impossible for gas to escape from the balloon, and the only time it will ever fall comes after the air within has, to use a common expression, "grown heavy," which will not occur short of three or four weeks.

The car which will be attached to the balloon is made of rattan, and looks like an immense basket, with a cover to protect the passengers in case of rain. It always hangs in a perfectly horizontal position below the balloon, and is as safe as a rocking chair. The netting will be made of No. 2 gray linen tape, which will be sewed instead of tied, thus making a flat seam and abolishing knots.

The mode of propelling the balloon along the wire is most interesting. It was proposed at first to pull the balloon along by means of a cable which could be attached to it and gradually hauled in. But this seemed rather crude, and robbed ballooning of its element of sport and scientific construction. Therefore we have decided to fix sails to the balloon, and are, in fact, now operating several of them in this way.

A sail containing perhaps 800 yards of linen drill, which is the best sail cloth for ballooning, is fitted to the side of the balloon upon a sort of revolving mast, which swings around the balloon as required, and the handling of the sail is the same as on a yacht.

After the balloon runs up the cable and reaches its line high in midair, the sail is swung around to catch the air, and whiz! away goes the balloon skimming along the right direction. It is decidedly in the air, yet it cannot get off the track, owing to the great ring which holds it to the cable. The general elevation is to be 1,000 feet in the air, affording a bird's eye view of some thirty miles of magnificent country.

Balloonists have long been at work trying to perfect something of this kind, but up to date this is the very best aerial rapid transit that has been invented.

LEO. STEVENS.



THE NATIVES OF THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS GREATLY RESEMBLE THE NATIVE CUBANS, OF WHOM THE GREAT ARTIST, FREDERIC REMINGTON, DRAWS THIS STRIKING AND CHARACTERISTIC LIFE SKETCH.

EMERALDS DONE

Were Walloped to Pieces by South Ends

IN TWO GAMES PLAYED SATURDAY

South Ends are Now Champions

HAVING WON THE ENTIRE SERIES

Unions Will Challenge the Winners

The gradual degeneracy of the famous old "Acre," which popularly speaking includes the vicinity of the North common, was never so strongly felt as it was on Saturday when the Emeralds the erstwhile crack ball team of the North End of the city, the successors to the great Columbians of almost a decade back, went up against their great rivals, the South Ends and were trimmed up with disgusting ease.

An old time North common rooter who had laid his money on the Emeralds as a matter of principle sitting beside me in the grand stand, left the grounds during the second game with the sadly expressive it indegant remark "Well, the Acre has gone to —— entirely when the Acre lads can't get one game out of two from the South Ends."

You'd have to agree with him if you were there for the Acre lads couldn't play ball well enough to get a show on a juvenile team and from start to finish they entirely forgot that time honored injunction to all good Acre lads about "sticking together," and they played like men on nine different teams. Maurice Dineen has vowed that he'll never, never be seen upon the Northcommon while the Walla Walla wonder has gone out to Long Sought For to weep alone over the degeneracy of his pupils.

"But what can you expect?" says Teddy Fitz, mournfully, "In Suffolk street and Doyle's alley where once the gang talked nothing but base ball you now find a swarthy crowd who don't know a base ball from an onion poultice. What can you expect?"

They were the third and fourth games in the series of five out of seven between the South Ends and Emeralds for a $100 purse and the championship of the city and the South Ends by winning both won the series, the money and the championship. An immense crowd went up to the Fair Grounds to see them and it was only in the second game when the South Ends walloped their rivals all over the field that they lost their gameness and left the grounds.

The first game was something after the style of a ball game. What I saw of the second game beggared description. I have never seen any kind of a sport that it resembled.

It was in the fourth inning of the second game that the Emeralds were finally throw down and even Dr. Henotte the king base ball crank of the city got up and went out and when the doctor quits its time for every self-respecting rooter to make his escape.

The umpire this time was all right. His name is Ryan and he hails from Haverhill. He looks like a tragedian but he isn't and what he lacks in size he makes up in lung power and the cranks are all stuck on him.

In the first game the Emeralds were whitewashed and if it were not for Dan Murphy they would have been shut out without a hit. Bacon, the South End pitcher made them feel like a plugged quarter which is less than "30 cents," and a pitcher named Schneider from Bacon's town had charge of the interment.

Clancey pitched for the Emeralds. He was wild and when he did get the ball over the plate it was hit hard. He gave 12 bases on balls and was touched up for eight hits, one of which was a triple by Roche.

The features of the first game was the phenomenal fielding of Qauley in left field for the South Ends, a phenomenal one- hand catch by Jack Roche in the eighth inning and the fielding of Flanagan. The score:

SOUTH ENDS.

Reagan ss	5	1	2	2	0	5	1
Perry, 2b	3	1	0	0	2	4	1
Flanagan 1b	1	0	0	0	12	0	0
Farley c	4	2	1	1	6	0	1
Thorne, rf	4	2	0	0	0	0	0
Roche, m	4	1	1	3	3	1	0
Slines, 3b	3	1	1	1	1	0	0
Qualey, lf	4	0	1	1	2	0	1
Bacon p	3	1	2	2	0	5	2
Totals	31	9	8	10	27	15	6

EMERALDS.

Connors, lf	4	0	0	0	2	0	0
Balcomb, 1b	3	0	0	0	6	0	0
Den Murphy, 3b	4	0	0	0	1	2	1
O'Brien, ss	4	0	0	0	0	0	1
Clancey, p	4	0	0	0	0	3	1
Dan Murphy, c	3	0	1	1	9	0	1
Mulvaney, rf	4	0	0	0	1	0	0
Donovan, 2b	2	0	0	0	1	3	1
Kane, cf	3	0	0	0	2	0	0
Totals	32	0	1	1	*22	8	5

* Flanagan and Perry out for interfering with players.

South Ends .... 5 0 1 0 0 2 1 0 *—9
Emeralds .... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Earned runs—South Ends 4. Three-base hit—Roche. Stolen bases—Flanagan 2, Reagan, Bacon, Perry, Slines, Qualey, Din Murphy. Base on balls, by Clancey 12, by Bacon 1. Hit by pitched ball—Farley, Perry, Dan Murphy. Struck out—By Bacon 5, by Clancey 7. Passed balls—Murphy. Time, 2h. 25m. Umpire—James Ryan.

THE SECOND GAME.

The second game wound up in darkness in the eighth inning with the score 16 to 4 in favor of the South Ends. A pitcher named Schneider was given a trial by the South Ends, and he was invincible. He hails from Natick, Bacon's town, and was recommended by Bacon. He had fine control of the ball and allowed the Emeralds only six scattered hits, all of which were singles. Besides he struck out ten men. Billy Connors was on the rubber for the Emeralds and he was batted hard. His support was ragged as may be seen by consulting the error column. The longest hit of the afternoon was made in this game a home run by big Ed. Flanagan, who sent the ball clear to the race track in the fourth inning.

It's now up to the Unions to get in the game again and trim the South Ends. The crowd is hot for base ball and the season is by no means over.

SOUTH ENDS

Reagan, ss	6	1	0	0	1	0	1
Perry, 2b	6	2	2	5	2	1	0
Flanagan, 1b	5	2	2	6	6	0	0
Farley, c	5	2	3	6	10	0	1
Thorne, rf	5	2	2	2	0	0	0
Roche, cf	3	2	0	0	2	0	0
Slines, 3b	4	2	0	0	2	1	1
Qualey, lf	3	2	0	0	1	0	0
Schneider p	5	1	1	3	0	2	0
Totals	42	16	10	22	24	4	2

EMERALDS.

Balcomb, 1b	4	0	0	0	7	1	4
O'Brien ss	4	0	0	0	2	4	2
Din Murphy, 3b	4	1	2	2	0	1	3
Dan Murphy c	4	1	0	0	6	0	1
Mulvaney rf	3	1	1	1	0	0	0
Donovan, 2b	4	0	0	0	1	1	2
Connors p	3	1	1	1	2	2	1
Kane cf	3	0	2	2	2	1	0
Clancey lf	3	0	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	32	4	6	6	21	9	13

South Ends .... 6 0 1 7 1 0 1 *—16
Emeralds .... 0 1 0 0 0 3 0 0—4

Earned runs—South Ends 6, Emeralds 2. Two base hits—Flanagan, Farley, Perry. Three base hits Perry, Farley, Schneider. Home run—Flanagan. Stolen bases—Slines, Reagan, Din Murphy 2, Connors, Dan Murphy, Mulvaney. Bases on balls—By Connors 4, by Schneider. Hit by pitched ball—Qualey. Struck out—By Schneider 10, Connors 5. Passed balls Murphy 3, Farley. Wild pitches—Schneider, Connors. Umpire James Ryan. Attendance, 1000.

MERRIMACKS 25, ATLANTICS 21.

The Merrimacks defeated the Atlantics on Fels' field in Dracut Saturday afternoon by a score of 25 to 12. The score:

MERRIMACKS.

Reddy lf 3b	2	3	0	0	1	0	0
Sullivan, 2b	4	5	4	4	2	2	1
Flynn ss	6	5	2	2	2	2	1
Hansbury 3b	5	3	1	4	0	1	1
Fitz c	6	2	1	1	13	1	1
Moran, p	4	2	1	1	0	1	1
Morris 1b	4	0	1	1	8	0	1
Keith cf	5	1	3	8	1	0	0
Kelly rf	3	4	1	1	0	0	0
Totals	39	25	14	22	27	7	6

ATLANTICS.

W. Riley lf	3	1	1	1	2	0	0
M. Murphy 2b	3 1	1	1	4	3	9	3
Duffy p	5	0	0	1	1	2	1
Willis, 1b	5	2	2	3	9	0	1
T. Murphy ss	6	0	0	0	2	1	1
Gleason 3b	5	2	2	2	1	1	1
Harrington cf	4	2	2	2	0	0	0
M. Riley c	4	1	2	2	5	0	0
Kerry rf	4	3	2	2	2	0	0
Totals	39	12	13	17	24	4	7



M. PAUL DEROULEDE, Arrested for Conspiring against the French government.

MORTUARY REPORT

REPORT OF DEATHS FOR THE WEEK ENDING AUGUST 12, 1899.

3. Benjamin M. Blake, 46, intestinal obstruction.
4. Mary A. McCabe, 71, general debility.
Owen Quinn, 61, pneumonia.
Bridget Myers, 28, rheumatism.
Daniel O'Brien, 7 mos., diarrhoea.
5. Ann Sykes, 57, carcinoma.
Ida Elms, 16, peritonitis.
Emma Lamontagne, 2, diphtheria.
6. Emelie Careful, 46, heart disease.
Ethel Sims, 2, spinal meningitis.
Robert A. Luce, 1, chol. infantum.
Rosalia Duval, 10 mos., debility.
Margaret S. Lavigne, 6 mos., meningitis.
Katie V. Gargan, 5 mos. marasmus.
Laura Cossete, 4 mos., chol. infantum.
Marie B. Ouellette, 1 mo., debility.
Alice Cloutier, 18 days, convulsions.
7. Bridget Casey, 55, disease of heart.
Mary E. Hilton, 54, colitis.
Edward Hussey, 40, tuberculosis.
Winnie Molloy, 1, gastro-enteritis.
Vlasier Ducharme, 5 mos., cholera infantum.
Frederick Morrison, 5 mos., cholera infantum.
Ernest W. Cairns, 4 mos., chol. inf.
7. George Farrell, 3 mos., entero colitis.
Diana M. Frye, 63, disease of kidneys.
8. Patrick Shaughnessy, 29, pulm. phthisis.
Lizzie Lizotte, 1 mo., debility.
John Sullivan, three days, debility.
9. Susan Riley, 26, peritonitis.
Esther Mitchell, 1, gastro enteritis.
Mary A. Anderson, 5 mos., chol. inft.
10. Charles G. Day, 55, cer. hemorrhage.
Henry C. Cockerille, 54, suffocation by gas.
Delia Ancoin, 32, puerperal fever.
Anna Picauso, 4 mos., gastro enteritis.
John A. Johnston, 3 mos., enteritis.
John Pembriand, 1 day, debility.
11. Annie Lahiff, 7 mos., chol. inft.
Joseph N. Eno, 7 mos., cap. bronchitis.
Olevine Duchesne, 6 mos., enteritis.
Fannie M. Bird, 2 mos. chol. infl.

GIRARD P. DADMAN, City Clerk.

MORTALITY OF LOWELL

FOR THE WEEK ENDING AUG. 12, 1899.

Population 88,641; total deaths, 46; deaths under five, 28; infectious diseases 1; acute lung diseases 2.

Death rate for the week ending August 12, 1899, 26.20 against 35.19 and 22.87 for previous two weeks.

Infectious diseases reported for the week ending Aug. 12, 1899.

Scarlet fever 6; diphtheria 1.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Herbert E. Grover of Young's hairdressing rooms, with his family is at the Addine, Old Orchard.



CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

FOR GENUINE BARGAINS IN

Household Furniture

YOU SHOULD CALL AT

PETER DAVEY'S, on Market St.,

He is selling the best and most economical Refrigerators and Ice Chests; the Crescent has no superior for a cold blast. Also a full line of Baby Carriages will be closed out at almost Cost Prices.

Call and examine before purchasing.

PETER DAVEY,

134 Market Street - - - Opposite Palmer

TELEPHONE. RESIDENCE—458-2. STORE—314-2.

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE

Nerve tonic—Blood Maker. Send for descriptive pamphlet. Sold by druggists everywhere. 50 cents per box, six for $2.50.

DR. WILLIAMS' MED. CO., Schenectady, N. Y.

For Women.

Dr. Tolman's Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women; have never had a single failure; longest cases relieved in 2 to 5 days without fail; no other remedy will do this; no pain, no danger, no interference with work; by mail or at office $2. write for further particulars. All letters truthfully answered. DR. E. M. TOLMAN CO., 170 Tremont St., Boston.

it's neglect of throat and bronchial troubles that leads to death-dealing disease.

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

No wonder Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar is praised by its users. Its curative effects are like magic. Sold by druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

DR. WALKER DENTIST

$100 Reward $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

$19.60
TAX RATE FOR 1899.

Our rates same as usual on all Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry of all description, Silver and Silver plated ware, Gold and Gold filled Spectacles, etc., etc.

J. D. Grant

64 Merrimack Street.

Grand Clearance Sale

AT J. DRAIN'S, 111 GORHAM ST.

Our entire stock marked down about one half in order to reduce our enormous stock.

This is a genuine clearance sale, no humbug nor no bluff but the goods must go, we must have the money and we must have the room, and in order to accomplish this we will sacrifice our entire stock at about one half. Great opportunity, don't miss it.

Come Everybody to the Great Clearance Sale.

J. DRAIN 111 GORHAM ST.

A. G. POLLARD & CO.

MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

MID-SUMMER SALE OF COTTONS.

We Are Stocked Very Heavily This Time For Our

Semi-Annual Sale of Cotton

With the Following Good Values.

BLEACHED.

Yard wide, good strong cotton. Remnants 1 to 5 yards, **4c yard**

Yard wide, fine and soft, No. 1 remnants 1 to 6 yards, Dwight C, soft finish, heavier thread, both at **5c yard**

Dwight Anchor, 4-4 extra good cotton, 1 to 4 1-4 yards, worth 9c, **6¾ cents**

Dwight Anchor, 42 and 45 in., pillow casing, 1 to 5 yards, worth 11c and 12 1-2c, **8½ cents**

Yard wide, fine Cambric, equal to Lonsdale, worth 12 1-2c, at **8 cents**

Dwight sheetings, 9-4 and 10-4 wide, 2 to 15 yards, worth 25c and 27c, at **17 cents**

UNBLEACHED.

Brown cotton 30 inch wide, 2 qualities, **3 cents**

Yard wide, standard cotton, firm and heavy, remnants 1 to 15 yards **4 cents**

Yard wide, finer quality, 2 to 15 yards, **5 cents**

40 in. wide, Andros Coggin cotton, 1 to 10 yards, **5½ cents**

40 in. wide, Dwight C, very firm and fine, **6½ cents**

8-4 Sheeting, **14 cents**

9-4 Sheeting, **15 cents**

10-4 Sheeting, **16 cents**

We have also remnants of all the odd widths such as 50 in., 54 in., 61 in., and 98 in. at low prices. BASEMENT.

A. G. Pollard & Co.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE Cheap for cash, a Chickering square piano, in good condition. For particulars address C. S. P., Sun office.

FOR SALE—Democrat wagon, horse and buggy. Call at Kappler's blacksmith shop, 115 Gorham st.

FOR SALE—Union bakery, 152 Church street, sickness only cause. Come and make your own price.

RARE CHANCE—Hotel Sedwick for sale or to let, 35 rooms, in perfect order, present occupant 35 years. Apply to Chase & Lord, Real Estate Brokers, Newburyport, Mass.

BARBER SHOP on Bridge street must be sold, regardless of cost, terms easy. Apply to Joseph A. Legare, 64 Central st., room 6.

COTTAGES FOR SALE—Cottage of seven rooms, $1200; Cottage of seven rooms, $1500; Cottage of seven rooms, set tubs, bath room and furnace, 6250 feet of land, $2500; Cottage of nine rooms, $1800. If you want a house for within fifteen minutes' walk from Centralville bridge for $75, come and see me at 1125 Bridge street. Telephone 853-4.

FOR SALE—Pool room and cigar store for sale at 189 Middlesex street.

FOR SALE—Best fitted and cleanest restaurant in Lawrence; first class; location beats all others, and is paying good money. Price reasonable. Anyone that wants a good business and make money this is the one. Address or apply to C. W. Howard, 521 Essex street.

FOR SALE—The entire outfit for preparing fried fish and chipped potatoes. We are going out of the business for good reasons and offer the outfit at a bargain. For full particulars apply to J. W. Robinson, 113 Tenney street, Methuen, Mass.

WAGONS—Inspection invited to my select stock of Concords, democrats, square wagons, panel side wagons, and an assortment of second hand phaetons, Stanhope buggies, wagons in good condition, all of which I will sell at bargains. J. P. Libby, 69 Robbins street.

FOR SALE—A first-class cobbler's shop, including all kinds of tools, lasts, machines, etc. Apply at 111 Pleasant street.

MUST SELL my upright piano, stool, scarf, and 150 sheets of music; would prefer cash, but will sell on instalments. Address P. O. Box 497.

FOR SALE—Lot of land on Highland avenue 5000 feet, by Lewis D. Gamb, 951 Gorham street.

FOR SALE—Ten R·I·P·A·N·S for 5 cents at druggists. One gives relief.

FOR SALE—On Jewett street, 6-room house and pantry; small lot of land. Price $1600. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—On July street, 7-room cottage house, all modern improvements, large lot of land. Price $2250. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—Near Courthouse, 6-room house, good size lot of land. Price $1100. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—Near Central street, 2-tenement house, 6 rooms to each tenement. Price $1800. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—One of the best boarding and lodging houses in Lowell; must be sold on account of sickness. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—Near Chelmsford street, cottage house of 7 rooms, large barn. Price $1750. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. A. MICHAUD, Grocer, 172 E. Merrimack street, has one of the best and most reliable cures ever discovered for chills of all kinds, catarrh, hay fever, fever and ague, etc., all persons suffering from any of these diseases should call or adress the above.

LAST WEEK in town. Satisfaction guaranteed to all who consult the Gypsy Fortune Teller, card reader, clairvoyant and palmist, 7 Merrimack street, Suite 7.

DRESSMAKING—Misses Sheeran and Cummings wish to inform their friends and the public that they have opened dress making apartments at 30 West 4th street. Work well done. Satisfaction guaranteed.

WE WILL EITHER buy or store second-hand furniture at No. 50 Charles street. When we buy we pay the highest price and make a specialty of antique pieces. Will be on premises every day from 2 to 6 p.m. E. O'Hare, attorney.

LOOK HERE.

New and second-hand carpets, rugs, furniture and bicycles sold at less than half price at W. Evans, 473 Gorham st. Electric motor, $7.00.

RUBBER STAMPS—At wholesale prices, 1 inch one-line stamps 17c; 1 1-2 inch 19c; 2 2c; pads 25c; 35c and pads 10c; 50c. Linen markers 35c; business stamps 15c. per line. J. M. Fellows, 157 Merrimack street.

CALL at 162 Merrimack street to buy or sell second hand furniture. Telephone 1096-5.

WATER CLOSETS and bath tubs from $5.00 up. All first class plumbing at lowest prices. J. H. Barry, 125 Market street.

MADAME ALVARDE

The popular card reader of Boston, has returned to this city for a short time only, where she can be consulted on business affairs, love, etc., lost articles found, names called. The Madame, born in a vail, has since earliest recollections, been gifted with power to reveal the past, present and future. Call and be convinced. Fees, Ladies, 25c.; gents, 50c. Hours, 10 a. m. to 9 p. m., at 149 Church street.

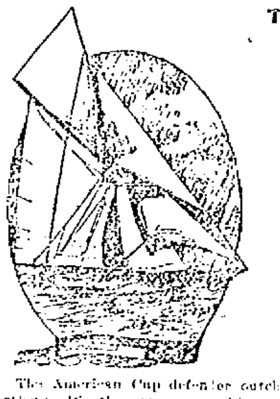
Madam Stewart,

New York's Most Celebrated Life Reader and Palmist,

—Wall street's great success. Come and be advised on all matters of business, speculation, investments, love, law, travels and all perplexities of life. The past is recalled to assure that you are receiving honest, straightforward truths. If considering a reading consult the best. As the madam has no equal in her profession, all are invited to call and investigate. Perfect satisfaction or no pay.

Room 43, Bon Marche Bldg.

THE COLUMBIA



The American Cup defender outclasses all others. It's the same way with our coal. A ton of it will prove this to you.

D. T. SULLIVAN,

Coal, Wood, Lime, Etc.

984 Gorham St.

Branch Office, 227 Central street.

Telephone 713-2.

J. F. ROGERS, UNDERTAKER.

OFFICE—816 Central Street.
RESIDENCE—29 Cedar Street.
Telephone connection. Hacks furnished for all occasions.

CONSUMPTION

TO THE EDITOR—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy free to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and post office address. Respectfully, T. A. Slocum, M. C., No. 183 Pearl Street, New York.

WANTED.

PROF. DOUGLASS, Astrologer, reads the nativity and gives advise on all business affairs. By mail or in person. Parties corresponding should state age in full. 103 Merrimack street, Bascom Block, Room 10.

WANTED by a gentleman and wife, 2 rooms and board with a private family in Belvidere. Address D. Hinckley, Locks & Canals office, 43 Broadway.

CALL AT GONZALES, the Cutler, 138 Gorham street, if you want a first-class razor or strap. He has the new Xavier razor which excels all others. Razors concaved and honed.

A SNAP—Fine business opportunity for active young man with about $100. No agents. Address or call, E. W., 83 West Third st.

WANTED—Elderly lady to take care of house, good pay. Mrs. A. Davis, 59 Olive st.

WANTED—First-class Carriage Blacksmith at F. A. Mackenzie's, 593 Broadway, steady work for the right man.

WANTED—Girl for folding and finishing; experienced. Greenwood & Payton Hosiery.

WANTED—Any lady having two or three hours spare time a day can make $5 weekly working for us at home; nothing to sell. Send self-addressed envelope for free sample. Manhattan E. M. Co., 191 Beekman street, N. Y.

THOS. DON, 158 Merrimack street, over Shanley's, wants and furnishes reliable help.

WANTED—Hoisting engineers. Apply at Norcross Bros., cor. Huntington Ave. and Massachusetts Ave., Boston, Mass.

WANTED—1000 up-to-date people to carry our Aluminum Card Cases. Only 50c for 100 cards and beautifully engraved case. Call at room 1, 59 Central st. Agents wanted in every factory and mill in Lowell. Open evenings.

WANTED—Lady agents for medicine company. Salary and expenses at the start. No experience necessary. Call in person at once at 31 First street.

WANTED—Names of ruptured people. We cure rupture free to introduce our method. Dr. Spelrs, 81 Main street, Westbrook, Me.

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter—A young man, competent stenographer and typewriter desires employment. Best of references. Address X., Sun office.

WANTED—Room with power for light manufacturing, about 20x30. Address P. O. Box 978, city.

WANTED—A second hand refrigerator or ice chest. Address H., Sun office.

WANTED—First class paper hangers and painters. 356 Gorham street.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c in stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

LOST AND FOUND.

DOG STOLEN—If the party who stole the white bull terrier from 9 Riverbank, Lakeview avenue will return same to the owner, no question will be asked. If not returned within three days proceedings will be taken.

LOST—A pocketbook containing a sum of money, between Moore street and the Fair Grounds Saturday night. Reward at 49 Fay street.

LOST—A gold Greek letter pin, with name on back. Reward at 263 Pawtucket street.

FOUND—The best place in Lowell for ladies to buy hats, bonnets, ribbons, etc. at moderate prices is at No. 167 Merrimack street, Mde. Maxime Lapine, formerly 587 Moody street. Call in and ask prices.

LOST—A valuable diamond shirt stud this forenoon, either on the electrics or on the street. Finder will be rewarded by returning same to owner, J. P. Dugdale, 49 Marlboro street.

TO LET.

TO RENT—5-room tenement and stable, 131 Powell street; keys at store, next door.

TO LET—Some first class tenements in all parts of the city. Apply A. G. Beharrell, Room 9, Bon Marche Block.

TO LET—Nice furnished and unfurnished rooms at 512 Central street.

TO LET—A tenement of 5 rooms on Fayette street; rent reasonable. Apply at 818 High street.

TO LET—First floor, 25x50, with basement, very central location; good place for carriage or repair shop, plumber, hay and grain. Also a large basement on Dutton street, near freight depot. Apply at 468 Central street.

TO LET—Two first-class tenements near Shaw Hosiery. Price $12 and $9. Apply A. G. Beharrell, Room 9 Bon Marche Block.

TO LET—A convenient 4-room tenement. Inquire at 74 Chestnut street.

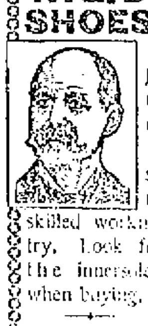
TO LET—Rooms with or without board, one large front room on first floor with gas, furnished or unfurnished. Price low. 298 Fayette street.

WANTED.

Pattern Makers.
Open Shop.
Steady Work Guaranteed.

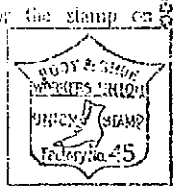
Write or apply, 42 Centre Street, Lynn, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES BEST IN THE WORLD



For 15 years the leader in men's fine footwear at a popular price.

W. L. Douglas shoes are Union made, by the best skilled workmen in this country. Look for the stamp on the innerside when buying.



We are the exclusive agents for

LOWELL

J. D. HALEY, 98 Gorham St.

STOCKS AND BONDS

E. C. Stanwood & Co.

BANKERS.

121 Devonshire St.

BOSTON, MASS.

Investment Bonds.

LISTS SENT ON APPLICATION.

During July

Are you looking for BARGAINS in DIAMONDS, JEWELRY, SILEVR WARE, CLOCKS, etc.

Come direct to

LEGAULT & CO.,

RELIABLE JEWELERS.

70 Central St., cor Prescott.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE SUN ON SALE IN BOSTON.
The five o'clock edition of The Sun is on sale at the news stand in the Union Station, Boston.

AT SUGAR AGAIN.
You may not think that we are selling sugar cheap because we are not advertising it. Take a little trouble and find out. Dickson Bros., The Big Tea Dealers, 63 Merrimack street.

V. A. MARET,
Merchant-Tailor, Dyeing, Cleansing, Repairing, Pressing, etc. Goods called for and returned. 43 Chelmsford street, Lowell.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAFTS.
Sold on the Cunard, Dominion, White Star, American, Anchor, Allan, French and German lines to and from Boston, New York, Queenstown and Liverpool. Drafts issued for any amount on all parts of Ireland at Murphy's agency, 18 Appleton street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Try Horne's coal.

F. A. M. Tobin, Printery, 'Phone, 5-13-2.

BURN WILSON'S COAL.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred cigars.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's. Telephone, 314-4.

A regular meeting of the board of health will be held tomorrow afternoon.

The health department has built two new garbage carts at the yard on Broadway.

SPANISH WAR VETERANS.

At their last weekly meeting in the upper hall in the Memorial building, the Spanish-American war veterans adopted a constitution and by-laws and transacted much other important business.

They expect soon to move into permanent quarters of their own but in the meantime will meet in the upper hall in Memorial building where they will have the privilege of smoking, a privilege not allowed in the main hall.

Their next meeting will be held this evening Aug. 14, and will be the last meeting at which participants will have an opportunity to become charter member, the fee being one dollar ($1.00). All applicants are notified to bring their discharge papers for examination by the standing committee.

PERSONAL.

Misses Helen Craig, May Scanlon, Margaret Ford, Mary E. Wood, Misses Ellen and Katherine Doyle, Misses Josephine and Bridget Connor, Miss Mary McGirr and Miss Anna Holland have returned from Crescent and Lynn beaches after a two weeks' vacation.

William Gordon has gone to St. Albans, Vt., for a month's vacation.

B. C. Day has returned from Underhill, Vt.

George Parks is at Ocean Park, Me.

F. E. Snow has returned from Salem Willows, Mass.

F. W. Davis, paymaster and foreman at E. Hapgood and Sons, is spending a few days at Salem.

Mrs. R. D. Taylor and Miss Minnie Clifford will spend the remainder of this month at East Vassalboro, Me.

Rev. Philip J. Garrigan, D. D., of Washington, his niece, Miss Alice T. Lee of this city and Rev. D. F. Feehan of Fitchburg, are at the Cataract House, Niagara Falls.

Perry Thompson and family are at Winter Island.

Miss Swain, head saleslady in charge of the glove department at A. G. Pollard and Co.'s left yesterday for Nantucket for a two weeks' vacation.

Misses Hettie and Hattie Drewett are rusticating at Crescent beach for one week.

Bert and Gordon Foster of Pleasant street started this morning on a tandem for a month's vacation at their former home in Canada.

W. W. O. Corain sails today from Boston to join his wife and daughter in Penbrooke, Me. Mr. Corain will join a fishing party in charge of Rev. Allison Currier.

Among the people registered at the Atlantic House, Salem Point, are R. M. Staples and family, and Mrs. Olive Leach and Miss H. Wheeler and Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Colburn.

Epping, N. H., will be the address of L. F. Yeoman of Plain street for the next few days.

Thomas Kennedy of the Wm. Kittredge Co. will take a part of his vacation in New York and vicinity.

Miss Nettie Studley and Miss Nellie Fairweather have returned from a two weeks' stay at Old Orchard.

Among the list of passengers on the steamer New York for Southampton, London and Paris appears the name of Elizabeth S. Hawes, formerly of Lowell, now of Cleveland.

Mrs. H. S. Eastman of Cleveland, Ohio, is visiting her sister, Mrs. George H. Frye of Second street.

Mr. and Mrs. Spillane of Lynn are spending their honeymoon at the residence of the bride's sister, Mrs. E. J. Mason, 112 Marshall road. Mrs. Spillane was formerly Miss Ella Jones of this city.

Mrs. E. M. Brainard and daughter Blanche Hazel Brainard, have returned from a delightful trip through Vermont. They were registered at the Montpelier House, Montpelier, and Hotel Burlington, Burlington, for eleven days.

Miss Louise Lavine has resigned her position after a brief stay at Nahant.

Mr. Joseph Nolan is stopping at the Bay View hotel at Nahant beach.

Miss Ray Kelly of Nantasket beach has recovered from her recent illness.

Mr. Roy Proctor formerly of this city now holds a responsible position with one of the large shoe houses in Lynn.

Miss May O'Brien is at Gloucester.

Miss Katharine Bushnell and Miss Cullen are at Juniper Point.

Miss Minnie Bushnell will soon leave for New York.

Mr. P. Murray of Kinsman street is camping at Concord, Mass.

Mr. William J. Culliran has returned from Jefferson, N. H., after a very pleasant vacation.

Mr. Thomas Cuff of the Belvidere Pharmacy will leave next week for Salisbury beach where he will join the Y.M.C.I. who are occupying a cottage there.

Dr. Coburn DENTIST 81 KIRK ST.

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.



MAJOR M. G. PERKINS, Who Celebrated his 80th Birthday Saturday.

AN OCTOGENARIAN

Major Gilbert Perkins Celebrates His 80th Brithday

ENJOYABLE RECEPTION MARKED OCCASION

Was Presented Many Beautiful Gifts

Major Gilbert Perkins an old and distinguished resident of this city, observed his 80th birthday, Saturday at his home on Liberty street, where between hours of 1 and 7 p. m. he received the personal congratulations of many friends, including his brethren of Grand Canton Pawtucket who in full uniform did honor to their venerable host. He was assisted in receiving in the parlor [illegible] by his wife, his daughter, Mrs. Ella P. Judkins, and his nephew, Mr. William C. Perkins of Boston and his wife, while Hadley's orchestra played on the floor above. The D. L. Page company served supper for 500 people.

Mr. Perkins received over 100 letters from friends in different sections of the country. He was also the recipient of many rich and beautiful gifts, prominent among which were: A veteran Patriarch's Militant charm of solid gold from Canton Pawtucket; gold headed cane appropriately inscribed from the Middlesex North Agricultural society; a beautiful natural birchwood arm chair from Passaconaway Tribe of Red Men, and a morocco bound autograph album from the Highland Congregational church, containing the following inscription:

Mr. Maj. Gilbert Perkins:

Dear Friend and Neighbor: Within this volume are inscribed the names of friends who desire not only to show some recognition of your 80th birthday, but also to provide some tangible assurance of the high esteem in which you are held by them. Your friends appreciate the sturdy manhood and erectness of the character which you have exhibited all those years and many of them are not unmindful of your generosity in giving that sweet-toned bell that tolls the hour for worship from the steeple of the Highland Congregational church. Its tuneful tones are ever turning men's thoughts to higher and more divine things. Your friends all join in praising God for vouchsafing to you such a vigorous, hearty old age and their earnest prayers are that you and your estimable may be blessed with many more years of enriching life and gracious and endearing fellowship."

This inscription is followed by the names of the officers of the church and of the members of the congregation.

The president, vice president, secretary pro tem, treasurer and trustees of the Middlesex North Agricultural society, were all present. The presentation speech was made by the treasurer, Mr. S. Drewett.

The speech in behalf of the Passaconaway Tribe of Red Men was made by Past Sachem John L. Stevens. Col. John C. Burnett of the Patriarchs Militant presented the charm.

Major Perkins was visibly affected but thanked his friends in neat remarks.

Among the out-of-town people present were Rev. Mr. Haynes of Chester, Mr. David C. Perkins, brother of Major Perkins of Potton, P. Q., and Mr. and Mrs. John Swasey of Juniper Point, most of the prominent people of the city, and all of Mr. Perkins' immediate neighbors called during the afternoon and paid their respects to their old and much-loved friend.

Major Gilbert Perkins was born in Potton, P. Q., Aug. 12, 1819. He is descended from old colonial families on both his father's and mother's side. The origin of the family being at Upton Court, Berkshire, England.

Major Gilbert Perkins came to Lowell in September, 1852. After leaving the public schools he entered business and for a period of thirty years engaged in manufacturing but for a number of years he has been a real estate broker. He is a justice of the peace and his first commission was issued by Governor Bullock in 1867. Mr. Perkins has been married three times. First to Nancy Haynes in 1843; second to Harriet E. Smith in 1857 and third to Caroline J. Simpson in 1881. He has had the following children: Rollin, born in Troy, Vt.; Ella, born in Lowell; Edward C. Carrie L. and Arthur C. Mr. Perkins has traveled extensively in this country and Europe and acquired a fund of interesting and instructive information.

Originally a Whig, Mr. Perkins is now a republican in politics and served in the common council in 1861 and 1862. He is an attendant of the Highland Congregational church; a member of the Lowell board of trade; Middlesex North Agricultural society; Old Residents' association, and the Lawrence [illegible] club. Fraternally he is a member of Veritas lodge, I.O.O.F., Monomake Encampment; Grand Canton Pawtucket, Patriarchs Militant; Passaconaway Tribe of Red Men and of the Knights of Pythias.

FOR LABOR DAY

Trades and Labor Council Arranging Events

COMMITTEES REPORTED PROGRESS YESTERDAY

Speakers to be Procured for Labor Demonstration

There was a meeting of the Trades and Labor council Sunday afternoon in Building Laborers' hall in Middle street.

A delegation of the Iron Moulders' union was admitted. A check for $10 was received from the Harvard Brewing company to help pay the expenses of the Labor Day parade and the council extended a vote of thanks to the company.

The matter in regard to the affiliating with the state federation of labor came up and it was voted to lay the same you want an oil cloth for the kitchen or

Chief marshal John J. Mahoney gave notice that he desired a meeting of the aids next Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock in Building Laborers' hall in Middle

A committee of three was appointed to secure Labor speakers for the labor rally that will take place on the common Labor Day evening.

At a meeting of the Labor Day committee Timothy J. Reagan was authorized to receive entries for the various sports to be held on the South common.

General Manager Convery was authorized to take charge of and let the booth privileges.

Albert H. Ham, treasurer of the council, was elected treasurer of the Labor Day committee.

The sports on the common will start at 1.30 o'clock with a ball game between two good amateur teams.

PRIVATE SHEEHAN

Now in an Hospital In San Francisco

Mrs. John Coarsey of Swift street, sister of Mr. George B. Sheehan received word yesterday from San Francisco stating that after the hospital ship "Philip" landed, Private Sheehan was immediately removed to a San Francisco hospital where he is now undergoing a painful operation caused by injuries received at Manila.

Mr. Sheehan is well known by the military men of Lowell and has been a resident of Lowell for nearly twenty-five years. Having a great desire for States regular army four years before army life he enlisted in the United the war with Spain broke out and was sent to Manila. He was in Manila when Dewey destroyed the Spanish fleet and he took part in most of the battles with the insurgents until wounded and sent to a hospital. His friends entertain the hope that he will recover from his injuries now that he is on American soil and sure to get the best of care.

An Epicure's Idea.
Pineapple Jelly made with
KEYSTONE
Silver White
GELATINE
Recipes with every box.
If your grocer cannot supply you, send us his name and we will send you a sample package free, with recipes by the leading cooks of the country. A full size box mailed for 15 cents.
MICHIGAN CARBON WORKS, Detroit, Mich.
The largest makers of gelatine in the world.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

After Stock Sale Still On

AT THE BON MARCHE.

SPECIAL SLAUGHTER SALE OF COLORED SILKS

All our 39c. and 49c. Satin Brocades, 49c. Bengalines, 39c. Fancy Plaid Silks, some 2700 yards, to go now at the ridiculous price of

25c. a yard

Sale to commence Thursday A. M., at 9 o'clock sharp. No samples. Quantity limited.

All our 75c. Figured Taffetas, 59c. Fancy Figured Foulards, 75c. Brocade and Plain Taffetas, Fine Jap. Fancies, to go out quick at the nominal figure of

37c. a yard

Sale to commence Thursday morning at 9 o'clock sharp. Not more than 2 patterns to a customer.

See Window Display Thursday.

TREMENDOUS UPHEAVAL IN SHOE DEPT. CLOSING OUT THE MEN'S SHOES ROOT AND BRANCH.

This is no bluff closing out scheme, but a genuine going-out, cleaning up sale of all Men's Shoes. Every pair, also odds and ends of Women's Shoes to be thrown in to make things hum. We will not quote prices here, suffice to say $4 and $5 for $1 and so on. Not all reduced so much as this, BUT ALL REDUCED to prices unprecedented. See window display Tuesday. See window display.

Remember the Day! Thursday, Aug. 17, at 9 o'clock a. m.

AT THE BON MARCHE

GOSSIP OF LONDON

Emperor William to Decorate Victoria's Yacht

British Admiralty is Constructing a New and Wonderful Warship—Hotel Wants Guests to Dine Only in Evening Dress—Sir Ellis Bartlett Going to Live in Turkey

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Aug. 11.—Bright, warm weather still prevails throughout England. The wells and springs are beginning to run dry and a serious state of things is expected unless it rains soon. Doubtless, owing to the fine weather, the holiday traffic continues to be the largest known. The railroads to the north were specially crowded during the last few days with those who were bound to the grouse moors.

The Prince of Wales started for Marienbad Thursday, to which place a large number of Americans and English are already following.

Mr. John Hays Hammond, the American engineer has been seriously ill ever since he returned from South Africa a few weeks ago. He is at Dinard at present and will be taken to Carlsbad as soon as he can be moved.

Truth says, F. W. Harkis of Chicago, who poses as "Chancellor of the National University of Chicago," and whose methods were exposed a few years ago, has broken out again, from 151 Troop street, Chicago, offering degrees to numskulls and others in Europe for 20 pounds. Mr. Harkins in a letter, says:

"This university has proved a boon to non-resident scholars in the past, but this may not continue long. Our council expect to pass a rule soon that will require at least a year of resident work for all graduates, thus barring out all who cannot attend a year here in Chicago."

EMPEROR WILLIAM'S DESIRE.

Emperor William has expressed a desire to furnish three sea-scapes painted by himself for the decoration of Queen Victoria's new yacht, which is nearing completion. His Majesty's enthusiasm as a painter of marine subjects is well known. The Imperial yacht, Hohenzollern, is adorned with a series of imperial works, which include representations of Great British naval victories.

The directors of the new Carlton hotel have aroused a hornets' nest by an attempt to compel diners at the Table d'Hote to don evening dress. Several well known club men have been refused admittance and protests are appearing in the newspapers. It is pointed out that it is obvious there must be many occasions when it is impossible to dress for dinner, and there is general approval of the expressed intention of some of the victims of the regulation to carry the matter into the courts, as hotels under their license, have no right whatever, to refuse to accommodate any well-behaved person who is willing to pay.

GOING TO TURKEY.

His fellow-commoners have started a story that Sir Ellis Ashmeade Bartlett, who was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., and who is a conservative member for the Ecclesall division of Sheffield, contemplates residing in Turkey and donning the Fez. Probably the story originated from the fact that he has just obtained concessions for an electric traction road from Smyrna to Salonica. It is understood some Americans will be interested in these concessions. Commenting on the subject, the Constantinople Palace Organ, Ikdam, says Mr. Bartlett has been one of the most distinguished well-wishers of the Osmanlis for twenty years and that all his speeches have testified to his sound, impartial judgment and his friendship for them.

NEW WARSHIPS.

At the moment Emperor William was telling Congressman Foss that the best peace conference is a strong navy, plans had just passed the British Admiralty for an entirely new class of warships. Great interest is taken in the new vessel, which was designed by Sir William White, Director of Naval Construction, who has given a representative of the Associated Press the following particulars:

"We believe she will be the greatest triumph in naval architecture, both for speed and fighting. She will cost, ready for sea, about a million and a quarter, her speed will be a knot in excess of any British battleship, and her guns, turrets, torpedo tubes nets and booms will embody ideas which experience and experiment have proven far beyond anything yet attempted in this or any other country. Her guns will be generally of smaller calibre than those of the Bulwark, now building. She will be the longest and broadest warship ever laid down in a government dock yard, while her draught will be shallow. Her breadth is designed to attain the maximum steadiness under fire, and from her new steer gear very excellent results are certain. Forward will be circular tops mounted with rapid fire guns. Her total armament will be be fifty-two guns. The detail as to their calibre for the present must be kept secret. Six torpedo tubes will complete her equipment. Her protection of Harveyized steel will be less than on the ships now building. The Spanish-American war directed our attention to coal capacity and nothing will be wanting in that respect. Her displacement will be 13,000 tons. The new vessel, which will be laid down in November, at Devenport, immediately after the Bulwark is off the slip, should be ready within a year. She will be the nearest approach yet attained to a perfect combination of the fighting capacity of a battleship with the mobility of a cruiser of that type advocated by one of the highest naval authorities in the world, Captain Mahan."

J. D. Foote will spend the next two weeks at Rye beach, N. H.

SORE FEET
Caused by corns, bunions, or callouses, quickly cured by using WAKEFIELD'S FIR BALSAM SALVE. Price, 15c.
Goodale's Drug Store, cor. Central and Jackson Streets

WE MAKE SUITS
To Suit men who will not be Suited with Suits which are not all right.
LOUIS ALEXANDER
THE TAILOR
65 Central Street.
Paul O. Kablo, Assistant.

LIVERITA
THE UP-TO-DATE
LITTLE LIVER PILL
CURES
Biliousness, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Sick-Headache and Liver Complaint.
SUGAR COATED.
100 PILLS 25 CTS.
Sold by all druggists or sent by mail.
Liverita Medical Co., Chicago
For sale by Ellingwood & Co., Druggists, Lowell, Mass.

Cook, Taylor & Co., Central St. Store,

WILL CONTINUE THE

Boom in Bargains This Week

Money in the Till is Better than

Summer Goods

On the shelves.

We need every inch of space for fall goods, so if you want midsummer merchandise at cut prices, remember we cut deep and always show a clean, fresh stock for you to pick from.

This week will close out lots of Wrappers, Shirt Waists, Infants' Bonnets, Children's Hats, Misses' Dresses, Ladies' Neckwear, Summer Knit Underwear and Hosiery.

On Thursday next at 8 o'clock a. m., we expect to show nearly 100 dozen all new styles fall and winter Wrappers and reliance House Dresses which have been made to our special order during the past two months. The shapes, colors, combination combined with perfect fit and low prices will attract the attention of every lady in town.

SPECIAL DRIVES.

Little Girls' Printed Duck Dresses made to sell at 50c, now 25c each.

Men's 10c quality Fast Black Brown and Tan Hose, 5 pairs for 25c.

Men's 12 1-2c and 15c Fast Black and Tan Hose in seconds, 4 pairs for 25c.

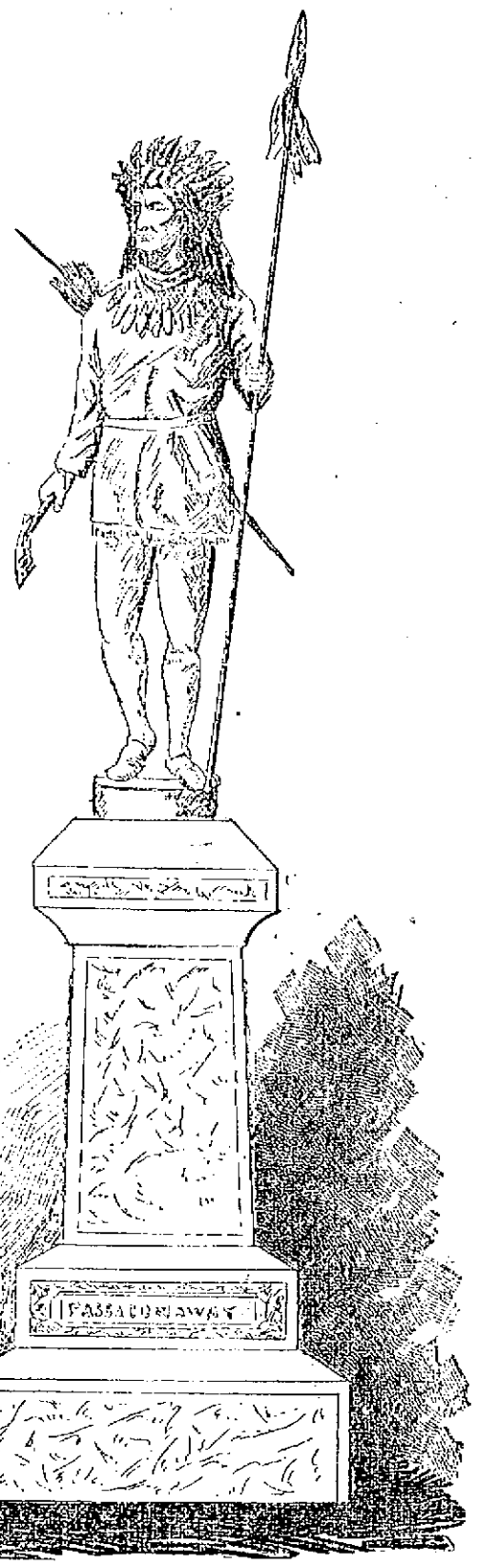
50 dozen Little Children's 12 1-2c quality Lisle Thread Vests in seconds; only 5c each.

THE TESTIMONY of the news agents and newsboys of Lowell is that they sell from three to five times as many Suns as they sell of any other local paper. You know why.

THE LOWELL SUN

JUST ASK THEM.
Ask the newsdealers and newsboys what paper they sell the most of. Ask the freight men and truckmen what office receives the most paper in rolls. Ask the ink manufacturer what office uses the most newspaper ink. Ask the people what paper is the most widely read in Lowell, and all will cry out "THE SUN."

22ND YEAR. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY, AUGUST 14, 1899. 8 PAGES 1 CENT



Sketch of the Red Men's Monument to be Erected in the Edson cemetery Next Saturday.

At sunset next Saturday evening the Edson cemetery on Gorham street will be the scene of a very impressive public event, for as the twilight settles over the city the members of Passaconaway Tribe of Red Men, the flourishing local branch of one of the most prosperous of fraternal orders, will assemble at their burial lot in the cemetery, and with beautiful exercises will unveil a monument to be dedicated to the memory of their brethren gone before.

Passaconaway Tribe is too well and favorably known in Lowell to need an introduction but on account of its custom of doing good without ostentation, but few were aware of the coming event while not many knew that it possessed one of the best located burial lots in Lowell. The lot is 40 feet by 20 feet and is situated in the Elysian [illegible] at the corner of Oberlin and Second avenues, convenient to the entrance, thus overlooking Gorham street and in the opinion of Supt. Clark one of the finest locations in the cemetery.

The history of the lot begins with a pathetic little incident, which testifies to the nobility of the order and it was this:

Up to 1896 Passaconaway tribe was without a burial lot, never having had occasion to procure one. On July 22, 1896, the mangled body of an unknown was found beside the railroad tracks near this city, the unfortunate having been killed by a train. The body was taken to Lowell but no one could identify it.

There was little in the clothing by which the body might be identified except a Red Men's badge. This bore no name but it attracted the attention of members of Passaconaway tribe and after an investigation revealed the fact that the deceased was a member in good standing in a distant city but without funds. The local tribe immediately took charge of the remains and purchasing the five Lexington lots interred the body of their unfortunate and unknown brother with all the honors of the order as on Saturday next when the monument shall be unveiled a modest shaft of granite inscribed "P. H. Eselton, died July 22, 1896, aged 26 years," will mark the final resting place of one who was saved the indignity of a grave in the Potter's Field by a little emblem of the order of Red Men. There is but one other grave in the Red Men's lot, that of the late Dr. Warren H. Woodman, over whose remains will also be erected a granite marker bearing the inscription, "Warren H. Woodman, died Jan. 29, 1897, aged 42 [illegible]." The four corners of the lot are marked with stones of polished granite inscribed, respectively "I. O. R. M."

The monument which will be in position on Saturday is the design and handiwork of Gumb Bros., the well known firm of monumental and statuary workers and is now nearly completed at their works on Gorham street. It is undoubtedly one of the grandest pieces of cemetery work ever seen in Lowell. It consists of an Indian chieftain in full trappings standing upon a pedestal. The latter is of rustic design done in Rockport granite and is 10 1-2 feet high. On the plint over the lower base is the single word, "Passaconaway," cut in rustic letters. The figure of the Indian is done in bronze and is really a wonderful piece of work. From the tip of the spear to the pedestal measures 11 1-2 feet making the monument in its entirety 25 feet high.

The figure is that of a chief as is betokened by the headfeathers, standing at a proudly erect poise the right hand holding a tomahawk ready for action and the left an immense spear. Across the right shoulder is slung a huge arrow case from which the feathered ends of the darts protrude while a long bow rests over the arrow case. The canvas clothing and beaded moccasins are truly represented while the face is the conception of a master. When placed in position the figure of the Indian will face the street and undoubtedly as it stands silent guard over the last camping grounds will strikingly impress the hundreds who shall gaze upon it in the future.

The contract was awarded to Gumb Brothers, two months ago and on Thursday there will begin the work of putting the monument in position. It will cost in the vicinity of $1000. The committee in charge of the monument and its dedicatory exercises consists of Messrs. Aaron Thompson, John L. Stevens and Milo Clifford.

TO PORTO RICO

GARDNER W. PEARSON WILL RETURN TO HIS NEW HEADQUARTERS.

Gardner W. Pearson of this city and Porto Rico, will start on August 23 for San Juan, Porto Rico, where his flourishing cigar factory is located.

Upon his arrival he will begin the importation of cigars to this country. He has not heard from his agent, Mr. Cook, since the hurricane struck the island, but he is confident that his establishment escaped the fury of the elements as San Juan is reported to have escaped substantially, the real force of the storm being confined to Ponce and the surrounding country.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. He Said You Have Always Bought

HE GOT ONE YEAR

Pembleton Goes to the House of Correction

MR. REAGAN WAS FINED $100

Thomas Cahill Not Guilty and Discharged

Six drunks appeared before Judge Hadley in the police court this morning.

James Lance, William F. Warren, Mary J. Bailey and Margaret Warren were fined $5 each. Joseph Ward was taxed $6.

Mary Landry pleaded guilty of drunkenness. She was arrested at Lakeview yesterday by Officer Peter Donahue. Officer Donahue testified that she acted very disorderly. The court imposed a fine of $10.

C. Garfield Baker was charged with removing stone said to belong to William H. Fuller. The defendant pleaded not guilty and requested a continuance of his case. He was held in $200 until August 24th.

Samuel Battrick, charged on two counts of larceny, pleaded guilty and the court ordered him in $300 on each count for the superior court.

Charles Pembleton was charged with obtaining money under false pretences. He was charged on five counts and pleaded guilty to each. The court sentenced him to jail for one year. The defendant asked the court to transfer the sentence to the house of correction because he would be near relatives. The court subsequently withdrew the sentence and ordered him to the house of correction for a similar term.

Daniel Wood and Lucas C. Copp, charged with illegally keeping liquor, were held in $300 each for trial next Tuesday.

John J. Reagan was charged with illegally keeping liquor. He pleaded guilty and the court imposed a fine of $100, which was paid.

Joseph Sansconel, charged with assault and battery on Martin T. Lynch, was held in $200 until August 18 for trial. The defendant was represented by Lawyer Fay.

The case of Thomas Cahill who is alleged to have stolen a pipe from Patrick's store in Prescott street last Friday night was called for disposal. The evidence was put in Saturday by the government, but the court reserved its decision until today until something was learned of the defendant's character.

There was no evidence that Cahill stole the pipe. No doubt he was in the store and ran, but when he was arrested, the pipe was not to be found in his possession. Cahill claimed as his reason for running that he was afraid of being placed under arrest anyway. He admitted he was in the store. He said the other person with him was Frank Gormley. Cahill claimed that Gormley wanted to purchase a pipe and he handled the pipes laid on the counter by Mr. Marsh. The defendant said he didn't handle any of the pipes. He didn't know whether Gormley took the pipe, although he thought he didn't. Cahill said he never smoked a pipe in his life.

The court was satisfied that Cahill was innocent and accordingly found him not guilty and ordered his discharge.

D. L. Page, who has charge of the Lakeview pavilion, was charged with violating the lobster law. He pleaded guilty on a technicality.

George J. Jerrard, state deputy fish and game commissioner, visited the Lakeview pavilion last Friday. The commissioner found two short lobsters. The law requires that lobsters shall be 10 1-2 inches long. The two lobsters in question were only 10 inches in length. The lobsters were therefore 1-2 inch too short.

The court imposed a fine of $10, which was paid.

Mrs. John J. Donahoe and her daughters, Annie, Kittie and Loretta of Agawam street, have gone to Lynn and Crescent beaches.

Eye-sight by Absorption. Dr. Taylor.

A Pleasant Tonic.

Invaluable in Diarrhoea, Dysentery and a superior, rich Cordial for Weak, Debilitated Stomachs.

Perhaps there is no pleasanter remedy on the market today, that is so effective in its medicinal qualities, than

Dows' Blackberry Wine.

It is made of the juice of high-bush blackberries. It is what is known as a mild astringent and invigorator.

Pints, 50c. Quarts, 75c.

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389 Central St.

WE DO NOT EXPECT

a rushing business for the next month, but you can never have a better time to look over our finely selected stock of goods and we can take better care of you now than when the busy season commences. Call at 23 Palmer street.

Gorman & Sullivan, Fashionable Tailors.

LABORI IMPROVING

The Doctors Now Hopeful of His Recovery

Anarchists Threaten Vengeance—Labori Declares a New Forgery Discovered in the Dossier—Excitement But Little Abated

By Associated Press to The Sun.

RENNES, Aug. 15.—Maitre Labori, counsel for Captain Dreyfus, who was shot from ambush here yesterday while on his way from his residence to attend the court martial, after a night of terrible agony, is somewhat better this morning. The attending doctors, however, are still unable to sound the wound.

M. Labori's assailant has not yet been arrested.

ANARCHISTS VOW VENGEANCE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PARIS, Aug. 15.—The anarchist organ, Le Journal du Peuple, says that in retaliance for the outrages upon M. Labori, the anarchists will hold General Mercier and Mm. Drumont, Rochefort and Judet as hostages and personally responsible for anything done against the anarchists.

NEW FORGERY DISCOVERED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PARIS, Aug. 15.—The Matin today makes the announcement that Maitre Labori, after he was shot yesterday, and as the outcome of his injury appeared doubtful, declared that he wished to make known the fact that M. Chamoin, who has charge of the secret documents in the Dreyfus case, had discovered a new forgery in the dossier. Excitement over the shooting of Labori has but slightly abated and trouble is liable to come at any moment.

LABORI IMPROVING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

RENNES, Aug. 15.—M. Labori is now doing so well that the doctors consider him out of danger. He lies on his back, unable to move, but life is returning to the leg which was thought yesterday to be paralyzed. He has no fever and continues to discuss the trial. His wife has remained at his bedside peacefully ever since he was wounded. Naturally she is much relieved at the optimistic reports of the doctors who hope to see the distinguished lawyer on his feet before the trial is over.

A TRIPLE TRAGEDY

Vermont Man Shoots His Wife, Mother and Another

Went Gunning for Others Without Success—Middlebury Shocked by the Awful Tragedy—The Murderer Still at Large

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MIDDLEBURY, Vt., Aug. 15.—Last evening, a man named Eastwood hired a team here and went to East Middlebury, a short distance from here to the residence of his wife, who lived with her mother there, and shot his wife and her mother, killing both.

He then rapidly drove back to this town, went to the residence of Frank Fenn, driver of a team for Marshall & Co., and deliberately shot him through the head. He next fired at the murdered man's wife but did not kill her, the bullet grazing her head. He then went to the residence of E. D. Brown, brother of his wife, and tried to find Mr. Brown, evidently with the intention of shooting him. Eastwood has not been seen or heard of here since. A watch is being kept here for him. An officer boarded the sleeper here tonight going south but did not see any one he suspected until a few minutes before the train arrived at Brandon. This man was outside the door of one of the vestibule cars when Conductor Amblo saw him and shouted to him to come inside. The man began to cry and the conductor tried to drag him in, but he refused to come. Mr. Amblo then called the officer, who threatened to shoot the man if he did not come in. Just as the train was slowing up at Brandon, the conductor made another effort to drag the man in and in the scuffle which followed, the man would have fallen off the train if the conductor had not held to his wrists. Just as the train stopped, the man broke away jumping from the car and fled. Conductor Amblo describes the man as a large person, wearing a brown coat, light trousers and a calico shirt. His hat was blown off during the scuffle.

FUNERALS.

SAWYER—The funeral of Oliver Sawyer took place yesterday morning from his late home, 12 Ward street. Services were held at St. Jean Baptiste church at 8 o'clock, Rev. Fr. Arsyot, O. M. I., officiating. Interment was in St. Joseph's cemetery under the direction of Undertaker Joseph Albert.

DEATHS.

PARKER—Charles H. Parker, an old resident of Billerica Centre, died at his home last evening, aged 79 years, 2 months, 25 days. He is survived by two sons and two daughters, F. A. Parker of Chicago, C. W. Parker of Billerica and Mrs. H. N. Reed and Mrs. F. A. Morey of Billerica. Deceased was clerk of the Unitarian society of the village for 42 years, was chaplain of Billerica lodge I. O. O. F., and for 30 years was postmaster at the Centre.

HIGSON—John Higson died last evening at his home in North Billerica, aged 30 years, 7 months, 24 days. Deceased was the son of Joseph and Ellen Higson.

COREY—Patrick M., aged 4 months, child of Patrick and Lizzie Corey, died Sunday night at the home of his parents, 20 Linden street. The funeral took place yesterday afternoon. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery under the direction of Undertaker McDermott.

GLINNEN—Francis J. Glinnen, aged 4 months, child of James and Emma Glinnen, died Sunday night at the home of his parents, 25 Front street. The funeral took place yesterday afternoon from the home of his parents. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery under the direction of Undertaker McEvoy.

SULLIVAN—William Sullivan, aged 2 months, 3 days, son of Jeremiah and Katherine Sullivan, died this morning at the home of the parents, 250 Adams street. Funeral tomorrow afternoon.

McCOY—Martha McCoy, aged 76 years, 2 months and 26 days, died this morning at 49 Gates street. The funeral will take place Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock and the interment will be in the North Chelmsford cemetery.

On Thursday afternoon a picked team will play the dentists of the Tewksbury almshouse at the almshouse grounds. A good game will undoubtedly be played. Jack Sullivan and Dan Murphy of the Knights of Columbus team will be the battery for the picked team, while Mealiffe and Rooney will be in the points for the dentists.

GRAND FAIR Agricultural Park READING and WAKEFIELD
4 Days
SEPT. MIDDLESEX EAST
27-30. AGRICULTURAL ASS'N.

J. F. O'DONNELL, UNDERTAKER.

SECURITY
COMBINED
When You
RENT A DEPOSIT BOX,
$5.00 Per Annum
AT THE
TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK



MISS DAISY E. FRENCH, Who Observed Her Birthday Yesterday. (See Page Seven.)

KERWIN LAID LOW

Knocked Out by Mathews in 16th Round

HE TOOK TERRIBLE PUNISHMENT

Another Youngster Knocked Out by O'Brien

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Aug. 15.—Matty Matthews, the Brooklyn lightweight, will never win an easier fight than the one last night when he knocked out George Kerwin the Chicago mystery. The fight should have been stopped by the referee many rounds before the 16th in which the knockout was landed.

Kirwin persisted in holding for five rounds and his knowledge of fighting is absolutely nothing. Matthews beat and banged him at will throughout the fight and at the end was without a scratch.

There was half a minute of sparring when the men came to the centre of the ring, Matthews showing up quick and agile, while the "mystery" was clumsy and slow.

At last Kirwin made a wild rush with arms wide apart, and as his left struck the top of Matthews' head, the latter's right went straight across the jaw. It staggered him but he came back with desperate swings and stood Matty off until the end.

Kirwin's endurance was wonderful. Matty sent right swings one after another against his jaw and stomach, only to have the "mystery" stagger back for more. In the 14th Kirwin held and refused to let go. He should have been disqualified a score of times but the referee was lenient and let him stay. Again and again he fell from blows or weakness and seemed to be trying to lose by holding.

In the 16th came a terrific right on the jaw sent the "mystery" down and out. His seconds then very thoughtfully threw up the sponge, an act that would have been done by seconds with any sense long before.

O'BRIEN'S VICTORY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BUFFALO, Aug. 15.—It took Dick O'Brien of Lewiston, Me., one round and 50 seconds of the second to take the measure of Al Weinig of Buffalo in what was scheduled to be a 20-round contest before the Olympic club last night.

Honors were even in the first round. In attempting to force matters in the second, Weinig received a straight left on the jaw. In his fall his face struck one of the posts, completing a knockout.

Putnam & Son

It's a Little Early

Perhaps, to talk about a Top Coat, but the cool nights make one almost necessary for comfort. It's a good thing to take with you on the electrics, or for driving. Should be glad to show you what we have. Sold quite a few last week. New shades in Covert Cloths at

$3.95, $4.90, $6.98, $8.98 and up to $24.50

Don't you need a new pair of Trousers to wear with the old coat and vest, until time for your fall suit? We've some splendid values for very little money.

Fancy Worsted Trousers, well made, excellent styles, sold everywhere at $2.50,

Our Price $1.98

Fancy Worsted Trousers, first class in regard to finish and style, would be cheap at $3.50,

Our Price $2.98

Men's Fine Fancy Worsted Trousers, very choice patterns, splendidly made,

Our Price $3.75

Finest Fancy Worsted Trousers, Rogers, Peet & Co.'s make, better than a great deal of the custom work,

Our Price $4.98

These Trousers have sold for $5.50, $6.00, and $6.50.

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